

Department of Justice

FBI - CENTRAL RECORDS CENTER

LA - LOS ANGELES

Class / Case #	Sub	Vol.	Serial #
0056 156		15	3002 3095

8/11/1199769



RRP003HAFA

NOT FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE

DO NOT DESTROY

DO NOT DESTROY
FBI - LA
DO NOT DESTROY
FBI - LA
DO NOT DESTROY
FBI - LA

BUREAU

of

RESERVE FOR
COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS
INVESTIGATION

Bureau File Number **62-587**

DO NOT DESTROY - ~~27~~ 27A
PENDING LITIGATION 277 167
129, 198, 167, 396, 277B
See also Nos. 67 210
217 219 279 104 115

Vol. 15

Volume Number

Serials

56-156

Ser. 3002-3095

C

A. D. Richardson 6-5-68

REF
9-6-72

56

156

SERS.
3002
THRU
3095

Vol. 15

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 9/29/70

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 9/24/70, Detective BEN HETHERINGTON, Pasadena, California Police Department, telephonically advised he had received information reflecting that a Palestinian-Arab group, the name of which was not known to him, was scheduled to meet in Pasadena on 9/27/70. HETHERINGTON stated that he understood the purpose of the meeting was to raise funds for the Palestinian-Arabs. He was requested, on a confidential basis, to determine whether or not any members of the SIRHAN family would be in attendance at the meeting. He explained he had contacted MARY SIRHAN and ADELE SIRHAN on 9/23/70, and they had assured him they were not aware of any pending meeting nor did they plan to attend any such gathering.

On 9/25/70, HETHERINGTON again telephonically advised that he had received information from the Sierra Madre Police Department indicating that SAIDALLAH BISHARA SIRHAN, a brother of convicted killer SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN, had been arrested on 9/23/70, by the Sierra Madre Police Department and charged with suspicion of possession of marijuana. HETHERINGTON explained he was obtaining a copy of the Sierra Madre Police Department arrest reports, a copy of which he subsequently furnished and which are attached hereto.

In connection with the foregoing arrest, HETHERINGTON advised that SAIDALLAH BISHARA SIRHAN was charged with violation of Sections 11530 (Possession of Marijuana) and 11910 (Possession of Dangerous Drugs) of the California Health and Safety Code. SIRHAN was arraigned on 9/23/70, in Division 2, Pasadena Municipal Court. A preliminary hearing was set for 10/2/70, in Division 1 of the same court.

RJL/AMP
(1)

56-156-3002

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
SEP 30 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

For Richard Long

Adverse Bu via Ltr



LA 56-156

According to HETHERINGTON, no charges were filed against RAYMOND ALOYSIOUS HORAN and MICHAEL JOHN GRIFFIN, both of whom were present in SIRHAN's car at the time of the arrest.

CRIME REPORT

SIERRA MADRE POLICE DEPARTMENT

55 West Sierra Madre Boulevard
Sierra Madre, California 91024
(213) 355-1414

I. CASE NO.

70-3744

1966

2. CODE SECTION H&S 11530 H&S, 11910		3. CRIME Susp. poss. of Marijuana		4. CLASSIFICATION F- NARCOTIC LAWS		5. REPORT AREA 8	
6. DATE AND TIME OCCURRED - DAY 9-23-70 12:45AM Wed.		7. DATE AND TIME REPORTED 9-23-70 12:45AM		8. LOCATION OF OCCURRENCE Lima & Sierra Madre Blvd.			
9. VICTIM'S NAME LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE (FIRM IF BUSINESS) State of California				10. RESIDENCE ADDRESS		11. RES. PHONE	
12. OCCUPATION		13. RACE - SEX		14. AGE		15. DOB	
16. BUSINESS ADDRESS (SCHOOL IF JUVENILE)				17. BUS. PHONE			
CODES FOR BOXES 20 AND 30 V=VICTIM W=WITNESS P=PARENT RP=REPORTING PARTY DC=DISCOVERED CRIME						18. CHECK IF MORE NAMES IN SUPPLEMENT	
19. NAME - LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE HERNANDEZ, Arthur Michael				20. CODE D/C		21. RESIDENCE ADDRESS	
23. OCCUPATION Police Officer		24. RACE - SEX		25. AGE		26. DOB	
27. BUSINESS ADDRESS (SCHOOL IF JUVENILE) C/O SMPD				28. BUSINESS PHONE			
29. NAME - LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE BROOKS, Lynette Ann				30. CODE W		31. RESIDENCE ADDRESS	
33. OCCUPATION Police Dispatcher		34. RACE - SEX		35. AGE		36. DOB	
37. BUSINESS ADDRESS (SCHOOL IF JUVENILE) C/O SMPD				38. BUSINESS PHONE			

MODUS OPERANDI (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

39. DESCRIBE CHARACTERISTICS OF PREMISES AND AREA WHERE OFFENSE OCCURRED Two laned city street in a business district.							
40. DESCRIBE BRIEFLY HOW OFFENSE WAS COMMITTED U/S while attempting to stop the suspect vehicle, for a traffic violation, observes Susp.#1 throw out a plastic bag, containing a grn. leafy substance, resembling marijuana.							
41. DESCRIBE WEAPON, INSTRUMENT, EQUIPMENT, TRICK, DEVICE OR FORCE USED D.N.A.							
42. MOTIVE - TYPE OF PROPERTY TAKEN OR OTHER REASON FOR OFFENSE Possession of Marijuana							
43. ESTIMATED LOSS VALUE AND/OR EXTENT OF INJURIES - MINOR, MAJOR D.N.A.							
44. WHAT DID SUSPECT/S SAY - NOTE PECULIARITIES Refer to body of report.							
45. VICTIM'S ACTIVITY JUST PRIOR TO AND/OR DURING OFFENSE D.N.A.							
46. TRADEMARK - OTHER DISTINCTIVE ACTION OF SUSPECT/S While conducting a search of Susp.#1 person at the station, more contraband is found.							
47. VEHICLE USED - LICENSE NO. - ID NO. - YEAR - MAKE - MODEL - COLORS (OTHER IDENTIFYING CHARACTERISTICS) 1960 Studebaker 2 dr. white JXS 961							
48. SUSPECT NO. 1 (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE) SIRHAN, Saidallah Bishara		49. RACE - SEX Arab-M		50. AGE 38		51. HT. 5'10	
				52. WT. 133		53. HAIR blk	
				54. EYES brn		55. ID NO. OR DOB 7-14-32	
						56. ARRESTED YES ☒ NO ☐	
57. ADDRESS, CLOTHING AND OTHER IDENTIFYING MARKS OR CHARACTERISTICS 1659 N. Lake #7, Pasadena, Calif.							
58. SUSPECT NO. 2 (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE) HORAN, Raymond Aloysious		59. RACE - SEX Cauc M		60. AGE 23		61. HT. 6'	
				62. WT. 170		63. HAIR brn	
				64. EYES blu		65. ID NO. OR DOB 2-9-47	
						66. ARRESTED YES ☒ NO ☐	
67. ADDRESS, CLOTHING AND OTHER IDENTIFYING MARKS OR CHARACTERISTICS 3064 Ridgeview Dr., Altadena, Calif.						68. CHECK IF MORE NAMES IN SUPPLEMENT ☒	

REPORTING OFFICER A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32		RECORDING OFFICER A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32		TYPED BY Brooks		DATE AND TIME 9-23-70 7:25AM		ROUTED BY RRO	
FURTHER ACTION ☐ YES ☐ NO		COPIES TO: ☒ DETECTIVE ☐ CII ☐ JUVENILE ☐ PATROL ☐ DIST. ATTY ☐ OTHER ☐ SO./P.D. ☐ OTHER		REVIEWED BY 2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176					
DATE 9-23-70									

CONTINUATION REPORT

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

CONFIDENTIAL

INCIDENT CLASSIFICATION

F-NARCOTICS LAWS

CASE NO.

70-3744

REPORT:

the Police Unit's spotlight into the rear window of the vehicle, and the vehicle suddenly veered towards the north curb of Sierra Madre Blvd, and the undersigned observed a piece of paper to be thrown out of one of the windows, on the right side of the vehicle. Undersigned was unable to observe which subject had thrown the object, as the undersigned was radioing the license number and the location of the traffic stop, and had caught a glimpse of the object as it was exiting the window. The vehicle then veered back to its normal path and at this time the undersigned observed the driver of the vehicle to be moving about in his seat, and then for a plastic bag to come flying out of the left front window, (driver's side), and land in the west/bound lane of Sierra Madre Blvd., adjacent to the white dividing line in front of the west driveway entrance to Sierra Madre Hospital.

The undersigned at this point effected the Police Units siren, and was able to stop the vehicle at Lima and Sierra Madre Blvd. Undersigned approached the vehicle on the driver's side and contacted the driver (Susp. #1), and asked him what he had thrown out of the window, and suspect replied that he had not thrown anything out of the window, and did not know what the undersigned was talking about. Suspect #3 who was seated on the right front seat, also stated that he knew nothing of an object being thrown out of the window. Suspect #2, was observed lying down on the rear seat, with his head resting against the pass-

LB

SK

SIGNATURE DATE
A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32 9-23-70

Gonzalez #32

PAGE

2

SIERRA MADRE POLICE DEPARTMENT

CONTINUATION REPORT

INCIDENT CLASSIFICATION	CASE NO.
F-NARCOTICS LAWS	70-3744
REPORT:	
enger side. Suspect #2, appeared to have just awakened and appeared to be un-certain about the incident. Undersigned requested the suspect's to alight from the vehicle, to which they complied. Undersigned at this time was assisted by Sgt. Kolb, who held the suspects while the undersigned returned to retrieve the objects observed thrown from the suspect vehicle. Undersigned returned to the exact location where the plastic bag had landed, and upon retrieving it found it to contain a green leafy substance resembling marijuana. The paper observed thrown further down the road, was ascertained to be an empty cigarette package. Undersigned rechecked the area, where the plastic bag was found, and was unable to observe another such bag or anything resembling a plastic bag. Undersigned returned to the location, where the suspects were being held, and advised them that they were being placed under arrest for violation of Section 11530 of the Health and Safety Code, suspicion of possession of Marijuana. Suspects were patted down for weapons, handcuffed, and placed in the Police Unit. A search of the vehicle was conducted, and failed to produce any further contraband. The vehicle was impounded by Sgt. Kolb, and stored at Clark's Towing, 15 N. Auburn, Sierra Madre. The suspects were transported to Sierra Madre Police Dept., where they were booked and incarcerated, for violation of 11530,	
FIRST RRO	INDEX
FINAL RRO	F-U
OFFICER'S SIGNATURE	
DATE	
A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32	
9-23-70	
SMPD FORM 2A (USED FOR TYPING)	
PAGE 3	

SIERRA MADRE POLICE DEPARTMENT

CONTINUATION REPORT

INCIDENT CLASSIFICATION F-NARCOTIC LAWS	CASE NO. 70-3744
REPORT: of the Health & Safety Code, suspicion of possession of marijuana. While the undersigned was removing the personal belongings from Suspect #1, and while unrolling his left shirt sleeve, which could conceal a weapon, the undersigned observed a tin foil wrapper to fall out of the sleeve and fall onto the floor. Undersigned retrieved the object and upon opening the wrapper, observed five (5) blue/green capsules, containing a white powdery substance. The capsules and substance resembling dangerous drugs. The suspect denied any knowledge of the capsules, and stated that the undersigned had found them on the floor. Undersigned was advised by Dispatcher Brooks, that she had observed the tin foil wrapper fall from the suspects left shirt sleeve, as the undersigned was un rolling it. Due to these facts, the additional charge of 11910 of the Health & Safety Code was alleged against suspect #1. Suspect #1, was also issued citation #LL09737 for violation of 24601V.C., (B/O lic. plate light) The suspects were incarcerated, pending arraignment or release on a writ. The contraband was marked, tagged and placed into evidence, property tag # 4020. Person's to be subpoenaed to court to testify: Officer A.M. Hernandez #32 Dispatcher Lynette Ann Brooks #30	
FIRST RRO INDEX FINAL RRO F-U	OFFICER'S SIGNATURE DATE A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32 9-23-70
SMPD FORM 2A (USED FOR TYPING) PAGE 4	

STATE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION AND INVESTIGATION
P. O. Box 1859, Sacramento, California

ARREST REPORT—NARCOTICS

Sierra Madre Police Department
Reporting Department

Crime 11530, 11910 of the Health & Safety Code		Date of crime report 9-23-70		Crime report number 70-3744	
Where Arrested Lime & Sierra Madre Bl.		Beat west	How arrested ☒ On view ☐ Warrant		Date of arrest; time 9/23/70 12:50AM
Surname SIRHAN, Saidallah		1st Name Bishara		Initial	
Local ident. number		CII number		Booking number 70-216	
Social Security No.		Driver's license number		Employed ☐ Yes ☒ No	
Address (residence) 1659 N. Lake #7, Pasadena, California		Citizen of USA ☐ Yes ☒ No		Occupation Machinist	
Race Arab	Sex M	Age 38	Date of birth 7-14-32	Hair blk.	Eyes brn.
Height 5'10	Weight 133	Birthplace Jerusalem, Pakistan			
Prior department record ☐ Narcotic ☐ Other crime ☒ None		Narcotic use status ☐ Addict (opiates) ☐ User (opiates) ☐ User Marihuana ☐ User dangerous drugs ☒ No known use			
Drug involved ☐ Heroin ☐ Morphine ☐ Demerol ☐ Amphetamine ☐ Barbiturate ☒ Marihuana ☒ Other (specify) unk. dangerous drug		How used (this arrest) ☐ Oral ☒ Inhale ☐ Hypo			
Narcotic sores (marks) Right arm None		Left arm None		Other areas None	
Nalline test ☐ Yes ☒ No		Date			
Vehicle used Model 1960		Make Studebaker		Body type 2 door	
License number JXS 761		State Calif.		Motor number 60V11186	
Registered owner Suspect		Legal owner Unknown		Place of storage Clark's Towing	
Codefendants? If so, name(s) and booking number(s) GRIFFIN, Michael John #70-217, HORAN, Raymond Aloysious 70-218					

The above suspect were in the above vehicle which the undersigned attempted to stop for a traffic violation. While attempting to stop the vehicle, a plastic bag containing a green leafy substance resembling marijuana, was thrown from the vehicle. Suspect were arrested and during inventory of suspect SIRHAN'S property additional contraband was found.

REFER TO CRIME REPORT

Booking charge 11530, 11910 Health & Safety Code		Filing charge 11530, 11910 Health & Safety Code	
Immediate departmental disposition (Do not delay submission of report for result of trial—use CII Form No. CR-2 for final disposition).			
Arresting officer A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32		Reporting officer A.M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32	

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL									
VEHICLE REPORT			TYPE (CHECK ONE) ☒ IMPOUNDED ☐ RECOVERED ☐ RELEASED		Use Reverse Side for Stolen or Embezzled Vehicles.				
REPORTING DEPT. SIERRA MADRE P.D.			AREA/DIVISION 8		DATE 9-23-70		FILE NO. 70-3744		
DESCRIPTION OF VEHICLE									
YEAR 1960	MAKE STUDEBAKER	BODY TYPE 2 DR	LICENSE NO. (S) F JX5 961 B JX5 961		YEAR 70	STATE CALIF	COLOR (COMBINATION) WHITE		
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NO. (VIN) 60V11186		VIN CHECK WITH REG. ☒ YES ☐ NO	VIN APPEAR ALTERED ☐ YES ☒ NO		ENGINE NO. 60V11186		SPEEDOMETER READING 76642.4		
REGISTERED OWNER SAIDALLAH B. SIRHAN HARRIET M. THOMPSON			ADDRESS 37731659 N. LAKE PASA				PHONE 797-8381		
LEGAL OWNER SAME			ADDRESS —				PHONE —		
DRIVER OR LAST PERSON IN POSSESSION SAIDALLAH B. SIRHAN			ADDRESS 1659 N. LAKE PASADENA				PHONE 797-8381		
CIRCUMSTANCES									
NAME OF GARAGE CLARKS GARAGE			ADDRESS 15 N. AUBURN				PHONE 355-1755		
REQUIRED NOTICES SENT TO REGISTERED AND LEGAL OWNERS AND GARAGE (SEC. 22852 VC) ☐ YES ☐ NO			IF NO IS CHECKED, INDICATE REASONS						
TOWED FROM (LOC.) LIMA AND SIERRA MADRE BLVD						TIME AND DATE TOWED 1:10A 9-23-70			
PERSON REPORTING OCCURRENCE OFFICER HERNANDEZ			ADDRESS SMPD		PHONE 355-1414		TIME AND DATE REPORTED 12:59AM 9-23-70		
CONDITION OF VEHICLE FAIR			DRIVEABLE ☒ YES ☐ NO		WRECKED ☐ YES ☒ NO		STRIPPED ☐ YES ☒ NO		
VEH. RETURNED TO OWNER DNA		IF STOLEN, NAME OF REPORTING AGENCY —			TELETYPE NO. (RECOVERY) —		DATE OF TELETYPE —		
REMARKS (IF ARREST IS MADE, GIVE FULL NAMES, CHARGES, WHERE BOOKED) SIRHAN, SAIDALLAH BISHARA 11536, 11910H95 SMPD HOLMAN, RAYMOND ALEYSIOUS " " " " GRIFFIN, MICHAEL JOHN " " " "									
VEHICLE INVENTORY									
	YES	NO		YES	NO	CONDITION		LIST PROPERTY	TOOLS OTHER ITEMS
CUSHION (FRONT)	X		SPOTLIGHT(S)		X	L.F. TIRE		BOX OF TOOLS	
CUSHION (REAR)	X		FOGLIGHT(S)		X	R.F. TIRE		2 BOOKS	
REAR VIEW MIRROR	X		BUMPER (FRONT)	X		R.R. TIRE		MISC JUNK	
SIDE VIEW MIRROR	X		BUMPER (REAR)	X		L.R. TIRE			
CIGAR LIGHTER		X	MOTOR	X		SPARE TIRE			
RADIO	X		BATTERY	X		WHEELS			
CLOCK		X	AIR CONDITIONER		X	FENDERS			
HEATER	X		HUB CAPS	X		BODY, HOOD			
KEYS	X		FENDER PANTS		X	TOP			
REGISTRATION	X		TRANSMISSION	X		GRILL			
WINDSHIELD WIPER	X		JACK	X		UPHOLSTERY			
OFFICER ORDERING VEH. STORED (SIGNATURE) Richard D. Kelt			I.D. NO. 21		GARAGE PRINCIPAL OR AGENT STORING VEH. (SIGNATURE) X [Signature]			TIME AND DATE 9-23-70 110 AM	
APPRAISING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE (SEC. 22704 VC)			I.D. NO.		APPRAISED VALUE			TIME AND DATE OF APPRAISAL	
IMPOUND RELEASE NOTIFICATION									
TO			ADDRESS				DATE		
RELEASE VEHICLE TO			ADDRESS						
SIGNATURE OF CLERK OR OFFICER RELEASING					CERTIFICATION: I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that I am legally authorized and entitled to take possession of above described vehicle.				
NOTE: This form is furnished by the Highway Patrol to all peace officers. When completed, mail immediately to: California Highway Patrol, P.O. Box 898, Sacramento, California.					SIGNATURE OF OWNER OR LEGAL OWNER OR AGENT OF OWNER X Saidallah B Sirhan				

SIERRA MADRE POLICE DEPARTMENT

SIERRA MADRE, CALIFORNIA

BOOKING SHEET

NAME SIRHAN, Saidallah Bishara		TEL. NO. 797-8381		CASE NO. 70-3744		BOOKING NO. Arr. #202 BK #70-216	
A.K.A.				DATE 9-23-70		TIME 12:59/AM	
ADDRESS 1659 North Lake Ave., Apt. 7				CITY & STATE Pasadena, California			
SEX Male	COLOR Arab	AGE 38	DATE BORN 7-14-32	BIRTHPLACE Jerusalem, Pakistan	CITIZENSHIP no		
HEIGHT 5'10	WEIGHT 133	BUILD med.	HAIR blk.	EYES brn	COMPLEX. dark	MARITAL STATUS single	
MARKS & SCARS None				CLOTHING blk. shoes, blu. pants, whi shirt			
SEL. SER. BOARD NO.	CITY AND STATE		OPERATOR/CHAUFFEUR LIC. NO. K62508		SOCIAL SECURITY NO.		
OCCUPATION un-employed		EMPLOYED YES NO	EMPLOYED BY				
IN EMERGENCY NOTIFY Sheriff Sirhan			RELATIONSHIP brother	ADDRESS 1659 N. Lake Ave. Apt. 7		PHONE 797-8381	
RECORD OF PRISONER'S PROPERTY							
PROPERTY BOX NO. Paper Bag# A	CASH \$53.80	AUTOMOBILE—MAKE, MODEL, LIC. NO. 60 Studebaker JXS 761		LOCATION OF AUTOMOBILE Clark's Towing			
OTHER PROPERTY							

one black belt	1 bobbie pin	one bottle nasal spray
one black wallet, with misc. papers	one red ink pen	one book matches
one pkg. Viceroy Cigarettes	one screw driver	
one aligator clip		

ARREST AND BOOKING DATA

CHARGE P.C. 836.3 H&S 11530 & 11910			ARRESTED BY Arthur M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32		
LOCATION OF ARREST Sierra Madre Blvd. & Lima			ASSISTED BY Leonard D. Kolb, Sgt. #21		
COMPLAINANT—OTHER THAN ARRESTING OFFICER		ADDRESS—STREET, CITY		TELEPHONE	
DATE TO APPEAR	RE-SET FOR	COURT	BAIL SET \$	SEARCHED BY Hernandez	BOOKED BY Brooks

FOR USE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

NO WANTS AWWS

PRINTED BY Hernandez

PHOTO BY Hernandez

APPROVED

DATE

Leonard D. Kolb 9/23/70

A.M. Hernandez

SIGNATURE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

SIERRA MADRE POLICE DEPARTMENT

SIERRA MADRE, CALIFORNIA

BOOKING SHEET

NAME <u>GRIFFIN, Michael John</u>		TEL. NO. 797-2012		CASE NO. 70-3744		BOOKING NO. Arr. #203 BK #70-217	
A.K.A.				DATE 9-23-70		TIME 12:59/AM	
ADDRESS 3064 Ridgeview Dr.				CITY & STATE Altadena, California			
SEX Male	COLOR Cauc	AGE 20	DATE BORN 11-1-49	BIRTHPLACE Hollywood, Calif.		CITIZENSHIP USA	
HEIGHT 5'11	WEIGHT 150	BUILD med.	HAIR blonde	EYES blue	COMPLEX. ruddy	MARITAL STATUS single	
MARKS & SCARS scar rt. cheek				CLOTHING brn. cowboy boots blue jeans, blu & yellow stripe shirt			
SEL. SER. BOARD NO. 91	CITY AND STATE Pasadena		OPERATOR/CHAUFFEUR LIC. NO. unknown		SOCIAL SECURITY NO. [REDACTED]		
OCCUPATION Rangler		EMPLOYED YES X	HO	EMPLOYED BY Grant Iverson Riding Stables			
IN EMERGENCY NOTIFY Ronald Griffin			RELATIONSHIP brother	ADDRESS (Griffin Lumber) 485 N. Lima, SM		PHONE	

RECORD OF PRISONER'S PROPERTY

PROPERTY BOX NO. Paper Seak #B	CASH \$10.00	AUTOMOBILE—MAKE, MODEL, LIC. NO. --	LOCATION OF AUTOMOBILE --
OTHER PROPERTY one blue belt one pkg. Old Gold Cigarettes one yellow gold pocket watch, with brn. leather one key ring, with 6 keys, & one yellow metal hook			

ARREST AND BOOKING DATA

CHARGE P.C. 836.3 H&S 11530			ARRESTED BY Arthur M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32		
LOCATION OF ARREST Sierra Madre Blvd. & Lima			ASSISTED BY Leonard D. Kolb, Sgt. #21		
COMPLAINANT—OTHER THAN ARRESTING OFFICER			ADDRESS—STREET, CITY TELEPHONE		
DATE TO APPEAR	RE-SET FOR	COURT	BAIL SET \$	SEARCHED BY Hernandez	BOOKED BY Brooks

FOR USE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

NO WANTS AWWs

PRINTED BY Hernandez

PHOTO BY Hernandez

APPROVED

DATE

SMFD 26 9-68-1M

SIGNATURE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

SIERRA MADRE POLICE DEPARTMENT

SIERRA MADRE, CALIFORNIA

BOOKING SHEET

NAME HORAN, Raymond Aloysious A.K.A.		TEL. NO. 797-2012		CASE NO. 70-3744		BOOKING NO. Arr. #204 70-218	
ADDRESS 3064 Ridgeview Dr.				CITY & STATE Altadena, California		DATE 9-23-70	
SEX Male		COLOR cauc		AGE 23		DATE BORN Feb. 9, 1947	
BIRTHPLACE Newport, Rd. Island		CITIZENSHIP USA		HEIGHT 6'0		WEIGHT 170	
BUILD med.		HAIR brown		EYES blue		COMPLEX. ruddy	
MARKS & SCARS none		CLOTHING brn. cowboy boots blu. levis, blu levi shirt,		MARITAL STATUS single			
SEL. SER. BOARD NO. unknown		CITY AND STATE Newport, RI		OPERATOR/CHAUFFEUR LIC. NO. unknown		SOCIAL SECURITY NO. unknown	
OCCUPATION Steele Worker		EMPLOYED YES ☒ NO ☐		EMPLOYED BY Empire Steel Buildings			
IN EMERGENCY NOTIFY Margaret Horan		RELATIONSHIP mother		ADDRESS Newport, 41 Mergon Rd. RI		PHONE VI-71466 Area C. 401	
RECORD OF PRISONER'S PROPERTY							
PROPERTY BOX NO. Paper Sack #C		CASH \$11.10		AUTOMOBILE—MAKE, MODEL, LIC. NO. ---		LOCATION OF AUTOMOBILE ---	
OTHER PROPERTY one blk. comb one brn. belt							

ARREST AND BOOKING DATA

CHARGE LAPD Warr. #5246100 vc 40508 , 21461 P.C. 836.3 H&S 11530				ARRESTED BY Arthur M. Hernandez, Ptm. #32			
LOCATION OF ARREST Sierra Madre Blvd. & Lima				ASSISTED BY Leonard D. Kolb, Sgt. #21			
COMPLAINANT—OTHER THAN ARRESTING OFFICER				ADDRESS—STREET, CITY TELEPHONE			
DATE TO APPEAR		RE-SET FOR		COURT		BAIL SET Warr. only \$15.00	
						SEARCHED BY Hernandez	
						BOOKED BY Brooks	

FOR USE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

PRINTED BY Hernandez

PHOTO BY Hernandez

APPROVED

DATE

Leonard D. Kolb 9/23/70

SIGNATURE OF ARRESTING OFFICER

SMPD 26 9-68-1M

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 9/29/70

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re memorandum of SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.,
dated 9/22/70, in Los Angeles.

On 9/23/70, PETE NOYES, KNXT - TV (CBS affiliate)
6121 Sunset Boulevard, Los Angeles, had delivered to the
Los Angeles Office a Xerox copy of the letter he had
received which was mentioned in referenced memorandum.
The Xerox copy of the envelope reflects the letter was
postmarked from Washington, D.C., during the "AM" of
9/18/70. It is addressed to:

"cc; Peter Noyes/
~~KNXT-TV~~
6715 Sunset Blvd.
Hollywood, calif.
90023"

The Xerox copy of the envelope and letter are
attached hereto.

On 9/29/70, NOYES again telephonically contacted
the writer to determine whether or not the above described
letter had been received. He was told that the letter
was received, but that it contained no threats of reference
to threats to him. NOYES stated he was aware of that but
that the mere receipt of the letter and some telephone
calls he has received have been a source of concern to him
and his family.

NOYES was advised that he has learned that an
investigator for the Senate Judiciary Subcommittee was
recently in Los Angeles and that he, NOYES, was contacted.
It was suggested to NOYES that he refrain from making any
further references or inquiries concerning the SIRHAN
investigation in the interest of "National Security." NOYES
was advised that the original of the letter mentioned
above was turned over to JOHN HOWARD of the Los Angeles County
District Attorney's Office. 56-156-3003

RJL/AMP
(1)

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SEP 30 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Richard





ALWAYS
ZIP CODE

cc: Peter Moyes/
6715 Sunset Blvd.
Hollywood, Calif.
90028

Mr. Nielsen

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[Signature]

rob;t. corli:
box 487,
;wash./d.c.

#confidential: eastland

mlkrfk vitrio....code 4y

United States Senate

MEMORANDUM

Patwe.....
FJ code peter noyes
J.R. braden fensterwald cia
noyes & lapd FCC CBS/knxt holly.
check eugene braden dispatch
george thomson lluo code newcomb photos/
charach/ch; plus lomer & issac/young/d.a.
birch lord m. hall /blavatsky/; fbi/clark;
j. ch; ch; code 8908 linder CII/Sacramento
john christian walt-er carr./fresno/freep/la
; fop fbi/noyes/politics of position
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; rfk/bob liod/braden/houghton/lapd out-fin
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pants/sirh./lnoyes ; photos/.....diner
to doctor xiclop & ; hall...christian/
turner/faura/noyes under monitor/sub-
committee to whitelaw/b. bayh? muskike
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 9/29/70

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 9/18/70, Mr. SID TRAPP, Los Angeles District Attorney's Office, contacted the writer and advised as follows:

He was instructed by Deputy, Los Angeles County District Attorney, JOHN HOWARD, to contact the writer relative to captioned investigation.

TRAPP explained that SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN, the convicted killer of the late ROBERT F. KENNEDY, is currently appealing his conviction. In connection therewith, one TED CHARACK has recently been making public statements concerning the assassination. HOWARD is of the opinion that CHARACK's conduct might possibly jeopardize prosecution's opposition to SIRHAN's appeal.

In addition to CHARACK, the District Attorney's Office is interested in obtaining information regarding THAINE CEASAR, a security guard who was present at the Ambassador Hotel the night KENNEDY was killed.

TRAPP was advised that a review of the Kensalt file would be conducted, at which time a determination could be made as to what information, if any, is available for his agency's use.

SUGGESTED LEAD

(1) Review the Kensalt file and determine information contained therein, which has previously been made available to the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office.

(2) Recontact SID TRAPP when the indicies are reviewed so that his office may be furnished with information necessary in opposing the appeal of SIRHAN.

RJL/pls
(1)

*regies to
Shooter over people
in Sicily*
See 56-156 E
TOP sheet of Caesar
APP 6/16/68
Vol 2

56-156-3004

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

H.A. Richards



SAC, LOS ANGELES (17-1090)

9/30/70

SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

On 9/14/70, captioned individual was contacted at which time he furnished the following information on an extremely confidential basis.

He received a telephone call on 9/7/70, from Attorney LUKE MC KISSACK who represents SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN in SIRHAN's appeal from a death penalty. MC KISSACK advised that he had heard about the Palestinian-Arabs having hijacked several aircraft and holding passengers thereon as hostages.

MC KISSACK was of the opinion that arrangements could be made to prevail upon the Palestinian-Arab representatives to include in their request the release of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN. MC KISSACK telephonically contacted an aide of California Governor RONALD REAGAN to determine if a demand had been made. MC KISSACK was referred to the United States State Department after having tried to contact the President of the United States. MC KISSACK was told by a representative of the United States State Department that the United States Government did have a note but that SIRHAN was not on the list of demands. The person with whom MC KISSACK spoke at the United States State Department was alleged to have told MC KISSACK that demands had been made on the United States Government, but he would not elaborate.

MC KISSACK then attempted to place a telephone call to Aman, Jordan, to speak to guerrilla representatives there. He was told he could not place an overseas telephone call until 9/11/70, at the very earliest. [REDACTED] is of the opinion that the United States State Department

1 - 56-156

RJL/AMP
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP 6 BJA/112

C.N. 255 315
2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

56-156-3005

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representative with whom MC KISSACK spoke is a Mr. KING. On that occasion MC KISSACK told [REDACTED] that in the event the Arab guerrillas had not requested SIRHAN's release he, MC KISSACK, intended to attempt to prevail upon them to do so. MC KISSACK had also contacted a man by the name of O'BRIAN at San Quentin Penitentiary. O'BRIAN told MC KISSACK he was aware of the activities of the Arab guerrillas with respect to the hostages they had taken. O'BRIAN stated to MC KISSACK that penitentiary authorities were ready to release SIRHAN at such time as they were authorized to do so by the proper authorities. [REDACTED] advised that the foregoing sounded probable to him since during the entire SIRHAN trial SIRHAN frequently commented to [REDACTED] that some day there would be a possibility of a "prisoner repatriation" which would result in SIRHAN's release.

MARY SIRHAN was then contacted and a decision made for MC KISSACK, [REDACTED] MARY SIRHAN and her son, ADELE SIRHAN, to go to Aman, Jordan.

[REDACTED] explained that during the trial of SIRHAN he, [REDACTED], contacted many Arab individuals in Los Angeles and is certain that SIRHAN is considered a hero to the Arab nation. Posters of SIRHAN were distributed quite extensively among the Arab nations following the assassination of ROBERT F. KENNEDY, and efforts were even made to try to pass SIRHAN off as an Arab Commando which he never was, in fact.

In attempting to finance a possible trip to Jordan, MC KISSACK contacted one BOB DORNAN, a local television commentator. DORNAN was all for attempting to finance the trip; however, in talking with his producer in San Francisco, the producer would not go along with it. MC KISSACK was experiencing some financial difficulties because of his representation of the Black Panther Party members for which he has received very little money.

Information previously furnished by [REDACTED] regarding the proposed trip to Jordan has been made the subject of teletype communications. Those communications are as follows:

NR 001 LA CODE

255AM URGENT 9-8-70 RJM

TO DIRECTOR (62-587)

NEW YORK

FROM LOS ANGELES (56-156) (3P)

KENSALT

[REDACTED] (PROTECT IDENTITY) INVESTIGATOR FOR ATTORNEY LUKE MCKISSACK, CONFIDENTIALLY ADVISED NINE SEVEN LAST HE ATTENDED MEETING WITH MCKISSACK, MARY SIRHAN AND MUNIR SIRHAN, MOTHER AND BROTHER, RESPECTIVELY, OF CONVICTED KILLER OF LATE SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY, SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN. AT MEETING TENTATIVE PLANS WERE FOR MCKISSACK, MARY SIRHAN AND OTHER BROTHER ADELE SIRHAN TO LEAVE LA EIGHT FORTY-FIVE A.M. NINE EIGHT INSTANT VIA TWA WITH ULTIMATE DESTINATION AMAN, JORDAN OR BEIRUT, LEBANON. ACCORDING TO [REDACTED], ATTORNEY GEORGE SHIBLEY, ALSO REPRESENTING SIRHAN, IS CURRENTLY AT STRAND HOTEL, BEIRUT, LEBANON.

STATED PURPOSE OF TRIP WAS FOR MARY SIRHAN TO SPEAK TO ARAB GUERRILLA ELEMENTS IN AMAN, JORDAN, AND OSTENSIBLY PLEAD FOR LIVES OF INDIVIDUALS BEING HELD BY GUERRILLA ELEMENTS AFTER THEIR REMOVAL FROM HIJACKED AIRCRAFT. [REDACTED] WAS OF OPINION HOWEVER THAT REAL PURPOSE OF TRIP IS TO ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE ARAB GUERRILLAS TO MAKE

END PAGE ONE

LA 56-156

PAGE TWO

REQUEST OF U.S. GOVERNMENT FOR RELEASE OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN.

ON INSTANT DATE TWA PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICER BOB MCKAY TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED LA, FBI AND FURNISHED AIR TRAVEL ITINERARY FOR M. SIRHAN, L. MCKISSACK, AND [REDACTED]. ABOVE INDIVIDUALS TO DEPART LA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AT EIGHT FORTY-FIVE A.M. NINE EIGHT INSTANT ON TWA FLIGHT ONE HUNDRED ARRIVING JFK, NY AT FOUR FIFTY-FIVE P.M. (NY TIME) NINE EIGHT INSTANT. CONNECTING WITH TWA FLIGHT EIGHT EIGHT ZERO DEPARTING NY AT SIX TWENTY P.M. NINE EIGHT INSTANT AND ARRIVING ATHENS, GREECE AT NINE FORTY A.M. (ATHENS TIME) NINE NINE NEXT. ABOVE INDIVIDUALS TO SUBSEQUENTLY DEPART ATHENS, GREECE ON ROYAL JORDAN AIRWAYS FLIGHT ONE ZERO ONE WITH FINAL DESTINATION OF AMAN, JORDAN.

[REDACTED] RECONTACTED LA, FBI AFTER SECOND MEETING AT MARY SIRHAN RESIDENCE AT WHICH TIME PLANS WERE MADE FOR MCKISSACK, MARY SIRHAN AND [REDACTED] TO DEPART LA AS SET FORTH ABOVE. ABOVE FLIGHT ARRANGEMENTS WERE MADE BY [REDACTED] UPON INSTRUCTIONS FROM MCKISSACK. HOWEVER MCKISSACK PLANS TO DEVIATE FROM FLIGHT SCHEDULE AND GO TO BEIRUT, LEBANON TO CONTACT REPRESENTATIVES OF PALESTINE LIBERATION FRONT. PLANS FOR SUCH A MEETING PRESUMABLY TO BE MADE BY ATTORNEY GEORGE SHIBLEY TO WHOM MCKISSACK WILL TELETYPE INSTRUCTIONS.

END PAGE TWO

LA 56-156

PAGE THREE

IN ADDITION ADELE SIRHAN WILL DEPART LA ON AMERICAN AIRLINES FLIGHT TWO SIX TWO DEPARTING ONE TWENTY-FIVE A.M. THIS DATE ARRIVING LA GUARDIA AIRPORT TWELVE FORTY-NINE P.M. THIS DATE. ADELE SIRHAN WILL ATTEMPT TO CLEAR UP HIS PASSPORT DIFFICULTIES IN NYC. IF SUCCESSFUL HE WILL JOIN MCKISSACK AND PARTY ON TWO FLIGHT EIGHT EIGHT ZERO.

ADMINISTRATIVE

FOREGOING BEING FURNISHED TO BUREAU IN EVENT BUREAU MAY DESIRE TO FURNISH FOREGOING TO U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT AND CIA.

NEW YORK WILL EFFECT COVERAGE OF TWA FLIGHT ONE HUNDRED ARRIVING JFK NINE EIGHT INSTANT AT FOUR FIFTY-FIVE P.M. AND DEPARTURE OF MCKISSACK AND PARTY FROM JFK ON FLIGHT EIGHT EIGHT ZERO AT SIX TWENTY P.M. NINE EIGHT INSTANT FOR ATHENS, GREECE.

IT SHOULD BE BORNE IN MIND MCKISSACK IS ALSO ATTORNEY FOR BLACK PANTHER PARTY AND MAYBE IN TOUCH WITH ANGELA YVONNE DAVIS, CURRENTLY A TOP TEN FUGITIVE.

IDENTITY OF [REDACTED] SHOULD UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES BE MADE KNOWN OUTSIDE THE BUREAU. INFORMATION PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY HIM HAS BEEN PROVEN TO BE HIGHLY RELIABLE.

END

REM FBI WASH DC CLR

NR005 NY PLAIN

1135 AM IMMEDIATE 9-9-70 JLW

TO DIRECTOR

56-156

ATT. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

WASHINGTON FIELD

LOS ANGELES

FROM NEW YORK 2P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, INTERNAL SECURITY - MIDDLE EAST.

ON NINE NINE SEVENTY, AT EIGHT AM, MARSHALL BAKER, SALES REPRESENTATIVE, INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, JFK AIRPORT, ADVISED THAT LUKE MC KISSICK MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR A PRESS CONFERENCE TO BE HELD AT THE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL FROM TEN AM TO ELEVEN AM ON NINE NINE SEVENTY. THIRTY MEMBERS OF THE PRESS WERE ANTICIPATED BY MC KISSICK. WING ROOM A WAS DESIGNATED BY BAKER FOR THE CONFERENCE.

MC KISSICK, [REDACTED], MRS. SIRHAN AND ADEL SIRHAN ARRIVED AT PRESS CONFERENCE AT TEN ZERO EIGHT AM. ABOUT FORTY MEMBERS OF THE PRESS ARE PRESENT.

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

MC KISSICK OPENED UP THE CONFERENCE ABOUT TEN TEN AM STATING HE IS THE SPOKESMAN FOR MARY B. SIRHAN AND THE SIRHAN FAMILY. THE BASIC REASON THAT THEY WANTED TO GO WAS TO "SAVE LIVES", THEY WISH TO PERSUADE ARAB GUERRILLAS THAT THE TAKING OF HUMAN LIVES IS NOT BENEFICIAL TO ANYONE.

MCKISSICK ADVISED THAT DESPITE REPEATED ATTEMPTS TO CONTACT FRED B. SMITH, THE GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE WHO CANCELLED HIS PASSPORT, HE HAS NOT BEEN SUCCESSFUL.

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION PUT FORTH BY A NEWS REPORTER CONCERNING WHETHER OR NOT THE PURPOSE OF MRS. SIRHAN'S TRIP TO THE MIDDLE EAST WAS TO TRADE HER SON'S LIFE FOR THE LIVES OF THE HOSTAGES, MRS. SIRHAN REPLIED THAT THIS WAS NOT TRUE, THAT ALL HUMAN LIFE IS PRECIOUS TO HER. REPORTERS IN ATTENDANCE AT THE CONFENCE HAVE ASKED SEVERAL TIMES ABOUT THE EXACT PURPOSE OF THE SIRHAN FAMILY TRIP TO THE MIDDLE EAST AND EACH TIME THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED BY MR. MC KISSICK THAT THE SOLE PURPOSE OF THEIR TRIP WAS TO SAVE THE LIVES OF THE HOSTAGES. MR. MC KISSICK POINTED OUT THAT ONE OF THE KEY FACTORS WAS THE TIME ELEMENT.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

AT THE OPENING OF THE PRESS CONFERENCE, LUKE MC KISSICK EXPRESSED DISAPPOINTMENT AT THE PRESS COVERAGE HE HAD RECEIVED ON HIS PREVIOUS PRESS CONFERENCE ON NINE EIGHT SEVENTY. HE STATED THAT HE WAS DISAPPOINTED AT SECRETARY OF STATE ROGER'S COMMENT CONCERNING THE EFFORTS OF THE UNITED STATES TO SECURE THE RELEASE OF HOSTAGES IN JORDAN. HE STATED THAT HIS AND MRS. SIRHAN'S PRIME CONSIDERATION IN THEIR EFFORTS IS TO SAVE LIVES.

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION CONCERNING WHY THE ARABS SHOULD LISTEN TO MRS. SIRHAN, MC KISSICK STATED THAT HE BELIEVES THAT SHE COULD BE PERSUASIVE WITH THEM. HE ADDED THAT HE DOES NOT KNOW IF THE RELEASE OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN IS PRESENTLY ON THE LIST OF DEMANDS BEING MADE BY THE ARABS. HE DOES KNOW THAT IT WAS AT ONE TIME A DEMAND, BUT HE DOES NOT KNOWN IF IT CONTINUES TO BE ONE. HE AGAIN STATED THAT SIRHAN SIRHAN IS A HERO IN THE ARAB WORLD AND THAT MRS. SIRHAN WOULD BE LISTENED TO FOR THAT REASON AND WOULD BE ABLE TO SPEAK OUT AGAINST VIOLENCE.

MC KISSICK THEN STATED IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION THAT MRS. SIRHAN HAS A VALID JORDANIAN PASSPORT, BUT IS BEING PROHIBITED FROM LEAVING THE UNITED STATES BY GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION CONCERNING WHY THE ARAB GUERRILLAS ARE HOLDING HOSTAGES, MRS. SIRHAN ANSWERED THAT THEY ARE PERSECUTED PEOPLE, THAT THEIR LIVES ARE LESS THAN HUMAN AND THAT THEY ARE FORCED TO TAKE THESE MEASURES EVEN IF THEY DO NOT WISH TO DO SO.

WHEN ASKED WHY THE ARAB GUERRILLAS WOULD REQUEST THE RELEASE OF SIRHAN SIRHAN, MRS. SIRHAN ANSWERED THAT HE IS A PALESTINIAN. SHE DID NOT ELABORATE.

IN RESPONSE TO THE QUESTION IS THERE ANY OTHER REASON WHY THE PASSPORTS OF THE PARTY WERE REVOKED, MC KISSICK ANSWERED THAT IT WAS HIS OPINION THAT MRS. SIRHAN MIGHT "UP-STAGE" THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN THE INTERNATIONAL SCENE AND THAT THE EGO OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS MIGHT BE HURT. HE CONTINUED THAT MRS. SIRHAN AND HE WOULD HAVE NO PROBLEM TALKING TO THE GUERRILLAS, WHERE THE STATE DEPARTMENT APPEARS TO HAVE PROBLEMS IN THIS DIRECTION.

HE STATED THAT IF THIS IS THE REASONING OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT IT IS NOT LEGITIMATE.

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

MC KISSICK STATED HE DOES NOT INTEND TO ENTER NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE US STATE DEPARTMENT CONCERNING THE RESTORING OF HIS PASSPORT SINCE HE BELIEVES SUCH NEGOTIATIONS WOULD BE FRUITLESS.

MC KISSICK THEN ALUDED TO FRED SMITH, THE STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL UPON WHOSE AUTHORITY HIS AND MICHAEL [REDACTED] PASSPORTS WERE REVOKED. HE STATED THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS IN HIDING, AND THAT HE WAS UNABLE TO REACH SMITH OR ANY OTHER RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL BY TELEPHONE AT THE TIME OF THE PASSPORT REVOCATION. HE WISHES TO DEBATE SMITH OR ANOTHER OFFICIAL IN A PUBLIC FORUM.

CONCERNING HIS PRESENT PLANS, MC KISSICK STATED THAT HE, [REDACTED] AND THE SIRHANS PLAN TO STAY IN NEW YORK THIS EVENING. THEY HOPE TO GET ON A TV TALK SHOW IN ORDER TO EXPRESS THEIR OPINIONS FREELY WITHOUT THE PRESSURE OF A PRESS CONFERENCE. MC KISSICK OPENLY INVITED STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS TO BE PRESENT TO GET THEIR SIDE BUT COMMENTED THAT HE DOUBTED THAT THEY WOULD ACCEPT HIS INVITATION. HE COMMENTED THAT HE HAS NOT BEEN INVITED TO APPEAR ON ANY TV SHOW AS YET BUT POINTED OUT THAT HE HAS BEEN IN VIRTUAL SECLUSION SINCE ARRIVING IN NEW YORK.

END PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

MC KISSICK INDICATED THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD REVOKED HIS PASSPORT BY POWER AND NOT BY RIGHT DESPITE THE CURRENT USAGE OF THE THEME OF LAW AND ORDER. HE STATED THAT THE "ONUS" IS ON THE STATE DEPARTMENT SHOULD LIVES BE LOST. AN AMERICAN LADEY IN LOS ANGELES CALLED MRS. SIRHAN AND OFFERED TO PAY MRS. SIRHAN'S FARE. MC KISSICK DID NOT FURTHER ELABORATE ON THIS STATEMENT. HE FURTHER INDICATED, HOWEVER, THAT CERTAIN NEWS MEDIA IN LOS ANGELES HAD TOLD HIM THAT THEY WOULD BE INTERESTED IN FINANCING MRS. SIRHAN'S TRIP TO THE MIDDLE EAST.

MC KISSICK STATED THAT HE HAS TRIED REPEATEDLY TO CONTACT MR. GEORGE SHIBLEY (PHONETIC) IN BEIRUT WITHOUT SUCCESS. MRS. SIRHAN WAS AGAIN ASKED IF IN FACT THE PURPOSE OF HER TRIP WAS NOT TO OBTAIN AMNESTY FOR HOR SON. MRS. SIRHAN INDICATED THAT ANY MOTHER IN HER POSITION WOULD WANT TO GAIN FREEDOM FOR HER SON.

WHEN ASKED BY THE NEWS MEDIA IF SHE BELIEVED THE GUERRILLAS WOULD KILL THE HOSTAGES, SHE REPLIED, "I AM SORRY, I HOPE NOT."

NEWS MEDIA ASKED MR. MC KISSICK IF HE OR THE SIRHAN FAMILY HAD BEEN IN TOUCH WITH ANY OF THE FAMILIES OF THE HOSTAGES. HE REPLIED THAT THERE HAD BEEN NO COMMUNICATION ON THAT LEVEL.

END PAGE SIX

PAGE SEVEN

WHEN MC KISSICK WAS ASKED IF HE OR THE SIRHAN FAMILY HAD BEEN IN TOUCH WITH THE ARAB GUERRILLAS, HE ADVISED THAT THE SIRHAN FAMILY IN JORDAN HAD FRIENDS AMONG THE GUERRILLAS.

CONCERNING THE FINANCING OF THE TRIP, MC KISSICK STATED THAT HE IS FINANCING HIS OWN TRAVEL, THAT THE SIRHANS ARE TRAVELING ON HIS CREDIT CARD. HE HAS HOPES OF SOLICITING THE AID OF THE BROADCASTING NETWORKS IN HOPES THAT THEY WILL SUBSIDIZE THIS TRAVEL IN RETURN FOR FIRST HAND COVERAGE.

MC KISSICK STATED THAT HIS PARTY WAS "YANKED" INTO A ROOM AT THE AIRPORT YESTERDAY AND THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS KEEPING MRS. SIRHAN FROM JORDAN "BY POWER, NOT BY RIGHT". HE STATED AS HER ATTORNEY, HE HAS COUNSELED HER NOT TO GO TO JORDAN BECAUSE SHE MIGHT BE DENIED THE RIGHT TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES, SINCE SHE IS NOT A CITIZEN.

MC KISSICK STATED THAT THE GUERRILLAS WILL PROBABLY NOT BOW TO THE POWER OF THE UNITED STATES, BECAUSE THEIR EGO MIGHT BE SHATTERED, BUT THAT THEY MIGHT LISTEN TO THE APPEAL OF MRS. SIRHAN.

END PAGE SEVEN

PAGE EIGHT

AT TEN FORTYTHREE AM DR. MEHDY (PHONETIC) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ACTION COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN-ARAB RELATIONS ENTERED THE PRESS CONFERENCE AND EMBRACED MRS. SIRHAN AND ADEL SIRHAN. HE THEN RESPONDED TO QUESTIONS FROM THE PRESS.

MEHDI STATED THAT HIS ORGANIZATION HAS OFFERED ITS SERVICES TO THE WHITE HOUSE AND THE ARAB GUERRILLA ORGANIZATIONS. HE STATED THAT HE WOULD ASK THE RELEASE OF THE PRISONERS IN RETURN FOR A PROMISE FROM THE UNITED STATES TO SUPPLY NO FURTHER PHANTOM JETS TO ISRAEL. HE STATED THAT THE HIJACK IS, COMPARATIVELY SPEAKING, A HUMANE ACT WHEN COMPARED TO THE ASSAULT OF ISRAEL ON THE ARABS.

PRESS CONFERENCE TERMINATED AT TEN FIFTYFIVE AM.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE NEW YORK TEL SEPTEMBER EIGHT, SEVENTY.

END:

Q

DLK

FBI LOS ANGELES

CU CLR

NR012 NY PLAIN

341 PM IMMEDIATE 9-9-70 JLW

TO DIRECTOR

ATT. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

WASHINGTON FIELD

LOS ANGELES

FROM NEW YORK 3P

56-156

f

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, INTERNAL SECURITY - MIDDLE EAST.

SHORTLY BEFORE NOON, INSTANT DATE, ADEL SIRHAN,
MARY SIRHAN, LUKE MC KISSACK, [REDACTED], DR.
MOHAMED T. MEHDI AND TWO YOUNG UNIDENTIFIED MALES, ARABIC
APPEARANCE, DEPARTED INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, JFK, IN LATE
MODEL CHEVROLET, NEW YORK LICENSE THREE EIGHT ZERO THREE KB.
PARTY TRAVELED TO ONE FOUR NINE - THREE FIVE DELAWARE
AVENUE, FLUSHING, NEW YORK, WHERE ALL ENTERED.

ABOVE ADDRESS IS RESIDENCE OF DR. MEHDI, A REPRESENTATIVE
OF THE ACTION COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN - ARAB RELATIONS,
AND RECORDS OF NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES
REFLECT ABOVE LICENSE IS REGISTERED TO MESBAH MELBEM,
DOB FIVE FIVE THIRTY FOUR, RESIDING FOUR THREE SEVEN
THIRD STREET, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK, FOR A NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT
END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

CHEVROLET, MAROON SEDAN.

WHILE AT THE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, AFTER PRESS CONFERENCE, DR. MEHDI INDICATED TO PRESS MEN STILL IN LOBBY OF HOTEL THAT HE SHOULD BE CONTACTED AT HIS OFFICE, FOUR FOUR ONE LEXINGTON AVENUE, NYC, RELATIVE TO ANY FURTHER INTERVIEWS WITH SIRHANS. ALSO MC KISSACK INDICATED AFTER NEWS CONFERENCE HE WAS ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN TELEVISION APPEARANCES FOR MRS. SIRHAN TO DEMONSTRATE HER CONCERN FOR HOSTAGES HELD BY ARAB GUERRILLAS. [REDACTED] STATED AFTER NEWS CONFERENCE THAT HE HAD ATTEMPTED TO ESTABLISH CONTACT WITH JORDAN, BUT WAS ADVISED BY AMERICAN TELEPHONE THAT FIRST AVAILABLE LINE WOULD BE ON FRIDAY, NINE ELEVEN SEVENTY.

DURING PRESS CONFERENCE, ONE THEODORE CHARACH CREATED DISTURBANCE ENTERING PRESS CONFERENCE AND WAS QUIETED BY OTHER MEMBERS OF THE PRESS. CHARACH IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS PRESIDENT OF TELE-COMMUNICATIONS, INCORPORATED. CHARACH STATED OUTSIDE PRESS CONFERENCE THAT HE IS RESIDING UNIVERSITY CLUB, ROOM FOUR ZERO ONE, NYC, AND PLANS TO HOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE IN CONNECTION WITH THE SENATOR ROBERT KENNEDY ASSASSINATION. HE STATED TO MEMBERS OF THE PRESS THAT HE HAS BEEN IN TOUCH WITH KENNEDY FAMILY ATTORNEYS AND HIS OWN ATTORNEY CONCERNING THE DESIRABILITY OF SUCH A PRESS CONFERENCE.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

CHARACH APPEARED DRESSED IN AN UNKEMPT, DISHEVELED FASHION.

ADMINISTRATIVE

FISUR CONTINUING AT NEW YORK AND BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED.

NEW YORK INDICES NEGATIVE REGARDING MESBAH MELBEM, THEODORE CHARACH AND TELE-COMMUNICATIONS, INCORPORATED.

FISUR AGENTS WERE OF OPINION THAT FROM HIS ACTIONS, CHARACH APPEARED TO BE MENTALLY UNSTABLE.

END

TU DCB FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

NR 019 LA CODE

9-50 PM NITEL 9-9-70 KH

TO DIRECTOR ATTN---DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

NEW YORK

FROM LOS ANGELES 56-156 (P) 1 P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, IS - MIDDLE EAST.

SOURCE, RELIABLE IN PAST, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED LA TODAY FROM NY. ADVISED MARY AND ADEL SIRHAN WILL REMAIN AT RESIDENCE OF DR. MOHAMED T. MEHDI, FLUSHING, NY, TONIGHT. TENTATIVE PLANS CALL FOR THEM TO RETURN TO LA SEPTEMBER TEN NEXT. HOWEVER, MC KISSACK RECEIVED TELEGRAM FROM ATTORNEY GEORGE SHIBLEY, CURRENTLY IN BEIRUT, INSTRUCTING MC KISSACK TO REMAIN IN NY. SOURCE ADVISED MC KISSACK EXPECTING TELEPHONE CALL FROM SHIBLEY TONIGHT.

ADMINISTRATIVE---

RENYTELS TO BUREAU INSTANT DATE AND LATEL CALL TO NY INSTANT DATE.

SOURCE IS MICHAEL [REDACTED] WHO REQUESTED HE BE PUT IN TOUCH WITH NY AGENT TO BETTER AND EXPEDITIOUSLY FURNISH APPROPRIATE COVERAGE MC KISSACK'S ACTIVITIES.

LA IN RETELCALL ADVISED NY OF FOREGOING AND SOURCE'S DESIRE TO CONTACT NY AGENT.

NY ESTABLISH CONTACT WITH [REDACTED] [REDACTED].

END

NR008 NY CODE

303PM IMMEDIATE 9-10-70 JLW

TO DIRECTOR

ATT. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

LOS ANGELES

WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM NEW YORK IP

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, IS - MIDDLE EAST.

CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE, RELIABLE IN THE PAST, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT ATTORNEY LUKE MC KISSACK PLANNED TO ATTEND BLACK PANTHER TWENTY-ONE TRIAL PROCEEDINGS TO BE HELD IN NEW YORK CITY TODAY AND THEN MC KISSACK WILL CONFER WITH SIRHANS IN LATE AFTERNOON TO DECIDE FUTURE PLANS OF SIRHANS. SOURCE ADVISED THAT TO HIS KNOWLEDGE MC KISSACK HAS NOT RECEIVED ANY TYPE OF COMMUNICATION FROM LEBANON. ACCORDING TO SOURCE ATTORNEY [REDACTED] WILL VISIT HIS PUBLISHER, BANTAM BOOKS, IN NEW YORK CITY.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE NEW YORK TEL, NINE NINE SEVENTY.

CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE IS MICHAEL MC COWAN, WHO WILL MAINTAIN CONTACT WITH NEW YORK OFFICE.

END

GLD FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

NR006 NY CODE

437 AM TO DIRECTOR 4-11-70 NITEL

ATTN. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

WASHINGTON FIELD

LOS ANGELES

FROM NEW YORK

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, INTERNAL SECURITY, MIDDLE EAST

A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED ON SEPTEMBER TEN INSTANT AT ELEVEN FIFTY PM. THAT ATTORNEY LUKE MC KISSACK INTENDS TO FILE SUIT IN FEDERAL COURT NEW YORK ON SEPTEMBER ELEVEN, NINETEEN SEVENTY, IN CONNECTION WITH RESTORATION OF HIS PASSPORT AND REMOVAL OF THE BAN ON TRAVEL BY THE SIRHANS.

MRS MARY SIRHAN AND ADEL SIRHAN CONTINUE TO STAY AT THE HOME OF DOCTOR MOHAMED MEHDI.

SOURCE INDICATES THAT THE SIRHANS PLAN TO REMAIN IN NEW YORK THROUGH SEPTEMBER ELEVEN.

ADMINISTRATIVE

SOURCE IS ATTORNEY [REDACTED] [REDACTED].

NEW YORK OFFICE IS CONTINUING COVERAGE. NEW YORK FILE ONE ZERO FIVE DASH ONE ONE ZERO TWO EIGHT FOUR.

END

RJM

FBI LOS ANGELES

NR017 NY CODE

444PM IMMEDIATE 9-10-70 JLW

TO DIRECTOR

ATT. DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

LOS ANGELES

WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM NEW YORK 2P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN; IS - MIDDLE EAST

A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE RELIABLE IN PAST ADVISED THREE FORTYFIVE PM THIS DATE THAT ATTORNEY LUKE MC KISSACK ADVISED HIM THAT RADIO CAIRO HAD ANNOUNCED THAT ONE OF THE PROBLEMS WHICH WAS INTERFERING WITH NEGOTIATIONS FOR THE RELEASE OF HOSTAGES OF RECENTLY HIJACKED AIRCRAFT BY ARAB GUERRILLAS WAS THE FAILURE OF THE UNITED STATES TO ALLOW MRS. MARY SIRHAN TO TRAVEL OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES. MC KISSACK TOLD SOURCE THAT BECAUSE OF THIS INFORMATION, HE WAS CONTACTING UNIDENTIFIED AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION ATTORNEYS CONCERNING RESTORATION OF HIS PASSPORT AND TRAVEL OF ADEL AND MARY SIRHAN TO THE MIDDLE EAST. SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK DID NOT CLARIFY HOW HE HAD RECEIVED THE INFORMATION ALLEGEDLY BROADCAST BY RADIO CAIRO AND SOURCE DID NOT

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

KNOW IF MC KISSACK RECEIVED THIS INFORMATION FROM AN OVERSEAS SOURCE OR FROM AMERICAN NEWS MEDIA. SOURCE WAS UNABLE TO FURNISH ANY FURTHER INFORMATION RELATIVE TO TRAVEL PLANS OF SIRHANS.

ADMINISTRATIVE

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] [REDACTED], WHO HAS ADVISED THAT HIS BUSINESS IN NEW YORK IS FINISHED AND HE PLANS RETURN TO LOS ANGELES IN NEAR FUTURE. NEW YORK HAS REQUESTED [REDACTED] [REDACTED] TO ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN TRAVEL PLANS OF SIRHANS PRIOR TO HIS DEPARTURE.

NEW YORK FILE IS ONE ZERO FIVE - ONE ONE ZERO TWO EIGHT FOUR.

END

TU DCB FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

NR030 NY CODE

800PM ----- IMMEDIATE ----- 9-10-70 RPM

TO DIRECTOR

ATT DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

WASHINGTON FIELD

LOS ANGELES

FROM NEW YORK 3P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, INTERNAL SECURITY, MIDDLE EAST

AT SIX FORTY PM THIS DATE, A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED THAT LUKE MC KISSACK, ATTORNEY FOR MRS. MARY SIRHAN, WAS AT THAT TIME AT THE OFFICES OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION IN NEW YORK CITY, MC KISSACK WAS MEETING WITH NEL WOLF AND BARRY SEGAR, ATTORNEYS FOR THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, TO PREPARE TO BRING SUIT IN FEDERAL COURT, NEW YORK, ON SEPT. ELEVEN, NEXT FOR THE RESTORATION OF HIS PASSPORT AND THAT OF MICHAEL

██████████ AND TO COMPELL THE LIFTING OF THE BAN ON FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MRS. MARY SIRHAN AND ADEL SIRHAN.

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK THEN PLANS TO GO TO THE APARTMENT OF ACTRESS JANE FONDA FOR UNSPECIFIED PURPOSES.

SOURCE SAID THAT DOCTOR MOHAMED T. MENDI OF THE ACTION COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN ARAB RELATIONS IS PRESENTLY ATTEMPTING TO VERIFY AN ALLEGED CAIRO RADIO REPORT THAT THE TRAVEL BAN ON MRS. SIRHAN IS ONE OF THE FACTORS WHICH IS PREVENTING TALKS ON THE RELEASE OF HIJACKED AIRLINE PASSENGERS.

SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK AND MENDI ARE CONSIDERING HOLDING A PRESS CONFERENCE ON SEPTEMBER ELEVEN NEXT TO DISCUSS NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN THE AFFAIR.

SOURCE SAID THAT MC KISSACK EXPECTS TO BE IN NEW YORK FOR SEVERAL MORE DAYS. NO INFORMATION WAS AVAILABLE TO SOURCE ON THE TRAVEL PLANS OF THE SIRHANS.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

ADMINISTRATIVE.....

RENYTELS INSTANT DATE.

SOURCE OF THE INFORMATION IS [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED].

NYO INDICES CONTAIN REFERENCES TO MELVIN L. WOLF,
LEGAL DIRECTOR, AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, ONE FIVE
SIX FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH MEL
WOLF. NYO INDICES NEGATIVE ON SEGAR, HOWEVER, SOURCE ADVISED
THAT HE IS A FORMER PROFESSOR AT UCLA LAW SCHOOL, LOS ANGELES.
NYO CONTINUING COVERAGE OF SIRHANS.

NEW YORK FILE ONE ZERO FIVE - ONE ONE ZERO TWO EIGHT FOUR.

END

NEE FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

NR017 NY CODE

120 PM IMMEDIATE 9-11-70 JAM

TO DIRECTOR

WASHINGTON FIELD

ATT DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

LOS ANGELES

FROM NEW YORK 105-110234 3P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN, INTERNAL SECURITY-MIDDLE EAST

ON SEPTEMBER ELEVEN SEVENTY, AT ELEVEN FIFTY AM,
A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION
IN THE PAST ADVISED THAT ATTORNEY LUKE MC KISSACK WAS
AWAITING WORD FROM LAWYERS OF THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION (ACLU) CONCERNING THE HANDLING OF A SUIT TO BE
BROUGHT IN FEDERAL COURT SEEKING RELIEF FROM THE TRAVEL BAN
ON MC KISSACK AND THE SIRHANS. THE LAWYERS FROM ACLU
WERE THEN IN FEDERAL COURT AND ARE TO NOTIFY MC KISSACK
OF THE RESULTS OF THEIR EFFORTS.

SOURCE STATED THAT THE REPORT FROM CAIRO STATING
THAT THE BAN ON MRS. SIRHAN'S TRAVEL WAS ONE OF THE
FACTORS KEEPING THE ARAB GUERRILLAS FROM NEGOTIATING FOR
END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

THE RELEASE OF THE HIJACKED PRISONERS ALLEGEDLY WAS CARRIED BY CHANNEL TWENTYEIGHT TELEVISION IN LOS ANGELES ON SEPTEMBER NINE SEVENTY. SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK HEARD THAT THE REPORT ORIGINATED IN A CAIRO NEWSPAPER. MC KISSACK LATER LEARNED THAT THE NEW YORK CORRESPONDENT OF THE CAIRO NEWSPAPER "AL AHAM", WHEN ASKED WHY THE ARAB GUERRILLAS WOULD NOT NEGOTIATE STATED THAT THE GUERRILLAS REFUSED TO ENTER NEGOTIATIONS UNTIL THE UNITED STATES CEASES SUPPLYING PHANTOM JETS TO ISRAEL AND UNTIL THE TRAVEL BAN ON MRS. SIRHAN IS LIFTED. THE SOURCE OF THE "AL AHAM" REPRESENTATIVES INFORMATION IS NOT KNOWN TO MC KISSACK.

SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK AND ATTORNEY [REDACTED] [REDACTED] WILL PROBABLY MOVE FROM THE INTERNATIONAL HOTEL TO A HOTEL IN MANHATTAN TODAY. MRS. SIRHAN AND ADEL SIRHAN WILL CONTINUE TO STAY AT THE HOME OF DR. MOHAMED MEHDI.

SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK RECEIVED A CALL FROM ATTORNEY GEORGE SHIBLEY LATE ON THE NIGHT OF SEPTEMBER TEN SEVENTY. SHIBLEY INSTRUCTED MC KISSACK NOT TO TRAVEL TO JORDAN AND NOT TO BRING MRS. SIRHAN. SHIBLEY TOLD MC KISSACK THAT HE IS PRESENTLY IN CONTACT WITH OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES EMBASSY IN BEIRUT, LEBANON CONCERNING THE RELEASE OF THE HIJACKED PRISONERS. SHIBLEY STATED

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

THAT THE RELEASE OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN BY UNITED STATES
AUTHORITIES WAS ORIGINALLY PUT FORTH BY THE ARAB GUERRILLAS
AS A CONDITION FOR THE RELEASE OF THE HIJACKED
PRISONERS. HOWEVER, SHIBLEY SUCCEEDED IN HAVING THEM
DROP THE RELEASE OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN AS A DEMAND BECAUSE,
"IT WOULD PUT SIRHAN IN A BAD LIGHT". SOURCE ADVISED
THAT MC KISSACK DOES NOT UNDERSTAND SHIBLEY'S
REASONING IN MAKING THIS STATEMENT AND FEELS THAT PERHAPS
SHIBLEY IS MAKING THIS UP.

MC KISSACK, IN SPITE OF SHIBLEY'S INSTRUCTIONS IS
AT THE PRESENT TIME CONTINUING HIS EFFORTS TO HAVE THE
TRAVEL BAN ON HIM AND THE SIRHANS LIFTED.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE NEW YORK TEL NINE ELEVEN SEVENTY.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

NYO COVERAGE CONTINUING.

END

TDR FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

NR035 NY CODE

915PM -----IMMEDIATE----- 9-9-70 RPM

TO DIRECTOR

ATT DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

LOS ANGELES

WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM NEW YORK (105-NEW)

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN

IS - MIDDLE EAST

ADEL AND MARY SIRHAN CHECKED OUT OF INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, JFK, NYC THIS PM. ATTORNEY MC KISSACK ADVISED HOTEL EMPLOYEES HE COULD BE CONTACTED AT TELEPHONE NUMBER FOUR SIX ONE - FIVE TWO TWO THREE FOR PM OF SEPT NINE. CALLS FOR MRS. SIRHAN ARE TO BE REFERRED TO MC KISSACK AT HOTEL. RECORDS OF NY TELEPHONE COMPANY REFLECT SUBSCRIBER IS MOHAMED T. MEHDI, ONE FOUR NINE - THREE FIVE DELAWARE AVE., FLUSHING, NY. MEHDI IS REPRESENTATIVE OF ACTION COMMITTEE ON AMERICAN - ARAB RELATIONS IN NYC.

A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFO IN
END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

PAST, ADVISED ATTORNEYS MC KISSACK AND [REDACTED] STAYING AT INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, JFK, AND CONFIRMED SIRHANS STAYING TONIGHT AT FLUSHING ADDRESS. SOURCE STATED MC KISSACK RECEIVED CABLE FROM GEORGE HIBLEY IN BEIRUT, LEBANON INSTRUCTING MC KISSACK TO STAY WHERE HE IS AND HE WILL BE CONTACTED LATER. ACCORDING TO SOURCE MC KISSACK IS EXPECTING EITHER TELEPHONE CALL OR ANOTHER CABLE FROM LEBANON APPROX. NINE THIRTY PM THIS DATE AND FUTURE ACTION AND PLANS OF SIRHANS WILL BE BASED ON THIS COMMUNICATION. ADMINISTRATIVE.....

RE NY TELS NINE NINE SEVENTY.

SOURCE IS [REDACTED] LA SOURCE, WHO TELEPHONICALLY REQUESTED LA TO ARRANGE CONTACT WITH NY AGENT. SOURCE CONTACTED SEVEN PM THIS DATE BY SA MICHAEL V. DONOVAN, NYO, USING PAROLE FURNISHED BY LA. SOURCE WILL ADVISE NYO OF ANY COMMUNICATION RECEIVED BY MC KISSACK AND OF FUTURE PLANS OF SIRHANS RE TRAVEL. NY WILL CONTINUE TO PROVIDE SUFFICIENT COVERAGE TO INSURE KNOWLEDGE OF WHEREABOUTS OF SIRHANS.

END

RWM FBI LOS ANGELES

CLR AND TU

NR014NY CODE

454PM IMMEDIATE 9-12-70 MPK

TO DIRECTOR

LOS ANGELES

SAN FRANCISCO

WASHINGTON FIELD

ATTENTION DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION
FROM NEW YORK (105-110264) 5P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN; IS - MIDDLE EAST.

A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST ADVISED ON NINE TWELVE INSTANT THAT ATTORNEY LUKE MC KISSACK, ATTORNEY MICHAEL MC COWAN, MARY SIRHAN AND ADEL SIRHAN WILL FLY TO SAN FRANCISCO ON NINE TWELVE INSTANT. SOURCE ADVISED THAT THEY PRESENTLY PLAN TO FLY ON TRANS WORLD AIRLINES FLIGHT ONE FIVE THREE, LEAVING NEW YORK SEVEN FORTY-FIVE P.M. AND ARRIVING OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, TEN THIRTY P. M. PACIFIC TIME. SOURCE STATED THAT THEY WILL PROBABLY STAY IN SAN FRANCISCO AT THE FAIRMOUNT HOTEL. SOURCE ORIGINALLY ADVISED THAT THE PARTY WAS GOING TO LEAVE NEW YORK AT FOUR FORTY-FIVE P.M., BUT CHANGED TO A LATER FLIGHT BECAUSE DR. MOHAMED T. MENHI INSISTED THAT MARY SIRHAN REMAIN IN NEW YORK TO MEET UNIDENTIFIED "IMPORTANT" INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE

END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

TRAVELED A LONG WAY TO SEE HER.

SOURCE STATED THAT MC KISSACK EXPECTS TO SEE SIRHAN B. SIRHAN IN PRISON AND ALSO TO CONTACT HUEY NEWTON, BLACK PANTHER LEADER. SOURCE DOES NOT KNOW THE REASON FOR CONTACT WITH NEWTON.

SOURCE STATED THAT GEORGE SHIDLEY, ATTORNEY FOR SIRHAN B. SIRHAN, WHO IS PRESENTLY IN BEIRUT, LEBANON, CONTACTED MC KISSACK ON THE EVENING OF SEPTEMBER ELEVEN LAST SHIDLEY TOLD MC KISSACK THAT THE ARAB GUERILLAS WILL NOT DEMAND THE RELEASE OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN. MC KISSACK FEELS THAT SHIDLEY CONVINCED THE GUERILLAS NOT TO DEMAND SIRHAN'S RELEASE BECAUSE SHIDLEY IS AFRAID FOR HIS OWN FUTURE. SOURCE STATED SHIDLEY HAS SERVED TWO YEARS IN JAIL PREVIOUSLY AND FEARS HE MIGHT BE DISBARRED OR JAILED IF HE WERE FOUND TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE GUERILLA'S DEMANDING SIRHAN'S RELEASE. THEREFORE, MC KISSACK FEELS SHIDLEY CONVINCED THE GUERILLAS TO WITHDRAW SIRHAN'S RELEASE FROM THEIR LIST OF DEMANDS IN ORDER TO PROTECT HIMSELF.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

SOURCE STATED THAT A BENCH WARRANT HAD BEEN ISSUED IN LOS ANGELES FOR THE ARREST OF MC KISSACK BECAUSE OF HIS FAILURE TO APPEAR AT THE TRIAL OF ELMER PRATT (PHONETIC). MC KISSACK WILL GO TO LOS ANGELES TO APPEAR IN COURT THERE ON MONDAY NINE FOURTEEN NEXT.

SOURCE DOES NOT KNOW THE TRAVEL PLANS OF MARY AND ADEL SIRHAN AFTER THEIR ARRIVAL IN SAN FRANCISCO BUT STATES THAT THEY WILL PROBABLY RETURN TO LOS ANGELES. SOURCE INDICATES THAT FOREIGN TRAVEL BY THE SIRHAN'S IS NO LONGER ANTICIPATED.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RENYTEL NINE ELEVEN LAST AND NEW YORK TELCALLS TO BUREAU AND SAN FRANCISCO NINE TWELVE INSTANT.

SOURCE IS MICHAEL MC COWAN WHO FURNISHED INFORMATION IN TWO TELEPHONE CALLS AT TWELVE FIFTEEN P.M. AND ONE TWENTY P.M. NINE TWELVE INSTANT.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

BUREAU HAS INSTRUCTED THAT A LOOSE DISCREET SURVEILLANCE BE CONDUCTED ON MARY AND ADEL SIRHAN AND THAT EFFORTS BE MADE TO DETERMINE THEIR CONTACTS. ATTORNEYS MC KISSACK AND MC COWAN ARE NOT TO BE SURVEILLED.

MC COWAN IS AVAILABLE FOR CONTACT BY SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS. CONTACT SHOULD BE EXTREMELY DISCREET AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD MC KISSACK OR THE SIRHANS BE AWARE OF MC COWAN'S CONTACT WITH BU AGENTS. NEW YORK OFFICE HAS USED CODE NAME "ALFIE" FOR MC COWAN AND HAS INSTRUCTED HIM THAT SAN FRANCISCO WILL DO THE SAME. RESOLVE CONFLICTS IN FAVOR OF NO CONTACT OF MC COWAN, UNLESS CONTACT CAN BE MOST DISCREETLY HANDLED.

FOR INFORMATION SAN FRANCISCO MARY SIRHAN AND OTHER MEMBERS OF PARTY HAVE BEEN TRYING TO GO TO JORDAN TO SEE ARAB GUERRILLAS CONCERNING RELEASE OF VICTIMS OF AIRLINE HIJACKS AND POSSIBLE RELEASE OF SIRHAN B. SIRHAN, IN THIS CONNECTION.

MARY SIRHAN IS APPROXIMATELY SIXTY FIVE YEARS OLD, FIVE FEET TALL WITH GRAY HAIR AND HAS BEEN WEARING A BROWN FUR COAT. ADEL SIRHAN IS FIVE FEET FIVE INCHES TALL, BLACK HAIR, LONG SIDEBURNS, BEARD AND MUSTACHE AND HAS OLIVE COMPLEXION, SLIGHT BUILD.

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

MC KISSACK IS ABOUT FORTY YEARS OLD, FIVE FEET TEN INCHES TALL, STOCKY WITH BLACK HAIR, LONG SIDEBURNS. MC COWAN IS ABOUT THIRTY YEARS OLD, LIGHT BROWN HAIR WORN MODERATELY LONG, TAN COMPLEXION, ABOUT FIVE FEET ELEVEN INCHES TALL, SLENDER BUILD.

NEW YORK IS CONTINUING FISUR CONVERAGE OF SIRHAN'S AND WILL ADVISE BUREAU AND SAN FRANCISCO OF ANY CHANGES IN PLANS.

END

GLD FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

NR004 LA ENCODE

11:01PM NITEL 9-13-70 MJE

TO DIRECTOR (62-587)

NEW YORK

SAN FRANCISCO

FROM LOS ANGELES (56-156) 1P

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN: INTERNAL SECURITY - MIDDLE EAST.

MARY SIRHAN, LUKE MC KISSACK AND MIKE MC GOWAN ARRIVED LOS ANGELES INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT 6:05 PM PDT, SEPTEMBER THIRTEEN INSTANT, VIA PSA FLIGHT 620. MARY SIRHAN AND MC KISSACK INTERVIEWED BY TELEVISION MEDIA. CONTACT MADE WITH SOURCE WHO ADVISED THAT MC KISSACK AND HIS WIFE, WHO WAS AT AIRPORT, WOULD DRIVE MARY SIRHAN TO HER RESIDENCE. SUBSEQUENT SURVEILLANCE RESOLVED MC KISSACK AND WIFE DROVE MARY SIRHAN TO HER RESIDENCE SIX NINE SIX EAST HOWARD, PASADENA, CALIFORNIA ARRIVING AT 7:33 PM PDT.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE LA TEL CAL TO BUREAU SEPTEMBER THIRTEEN INSTANT.

SOURCE IS MIKE MC GOWAN.

END

RAC FBINY

In connection with their trip to New York City and at a press conference there, one TED CHARACK appeared there. CHARACK is the individual who has previously stated that it was a security guard at the Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles who shot ROBERT KENNEDY and not SIRHAN. CHARACK disrupted the press conference. During the defense investigation in behalf of SIRHAN, it was established that CHARACK, who at one time was friendly with the SIRHAN family, was merely attempting to benefit financially from the situation. At the press conference CHARACK referred to the proposed trip of the MC KISSACK party to the Middle East as a "publicity stunt."

Upon arrival in New York, the United States State Department revoked the use of MC KISSACK's and MC COWAN's passports, thereby precluding them from leaving the country. MC KISSACK subsequently contacted the American Civil Liberties Attorneys in New York City and instituted a suit against the Federal Government for the return of their passports. In conjunction therewith, MC KISSACK also attempted to arrange to appear on the David Frost Television Show or the "Tonight" Show and other television programs to decry the fact that their passports had been taken illegally. None of those attempts were successful however.

While in New York, MC KISSACK made several attempts to contact GEORGE SHIBLY, a Long Beach, California, attorney who is assisting in the appeal of SIRHAN. SHIBLY was on a combination business and vacation trip in London on 9/7/70, when he heard about the airline hijackings. He apparently went directly to Beirut, Lebanon.

While SHIBLY was traveling from London to Beirut, ABDIN JABARRA, an Arab attorney from Detroit, Michigan, was travelling in Tasmania. JABARRA was present during many sessions of the SIRHAN trial in Los Angeles. MC COWAN did not know what JABARRA was doing in the Middle East. MC KISSACK finally contacted JABARRA on 9/11/70, in Detroit, Michigan. MC KISSACK wanted JABARRA to leave and contact the guerillas in behalf of SIRHAN. MC KISSACK never made the suggestion to JABARRA because MC COWAN prevailed upon him to refrain from making the offer, thinking that JABARRA's passport would likewise be revoked.

LA 17-1090

In a telephone conversation between MC KISSACK and SHIBL~~E~~, MC KISSACK was advised by SHIBL~~E~~ that no request had, in fact, been made by the Arab guerillas for the release of SIRHAN.

Upon their return from New York, the MC KISSACK party went to Oakland, California, on 9/12/70, preparatory to visiting with SIRHAN at San Quentin Prison. While waiting to see SIRHAN at the prison, MC COWAN spoke with GEORGE JACKSON's mother. GEORGE JACKSON is one of the Soledad inmates whose brother participated in an escape attempt in a Marin County courtroom which resulted in the death of the presiding judge. MC COWAN spoke with JACKSON's mother concerning ANGELA DAVIS. JACKSON's sister, FRANCES JACKSON, was also present.

10/1/70

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, WFO (105-101864) (P)

ADEL BISHARA SIHIAN
IS - MIDDLE EAST
(OO:LA)

Remyairtel dated 9/24/70.

The files of the Passport Office, Department of State, reviewed by SA KENNETH J. HASER on 9/30/70, disclosed that CHARLES LUKE McKISSACK was issued passport [REDACTED] at Los Angeles, Calif., on 9/29/70 and that he picked up that passport on 9/29/70 in Los Angeles. This passport is valid for five years travel to all countries except Cuba, Mainland China, North Korea and North Vietnam.

Under passport regulations, he may use this passport for lawful travel within the period of its validity whenever and as often as desired without further notification to the Department of State or other government agency. Passport Office does not receive information as to whether or when a passport is used for foreign travel.

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Los Angeles (RM) (AM)
- 1 - New York (105-110284) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - WFO

KJH:nsr
(7)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/wet
255, 315

56-156-3006

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 1 1970	
FBI-LOS ANGELES	

September 25, 1970

Honorable John Mack Carter
Editor and Publisher
Downe Publishing, Inc.
Curtis Building
641 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10022

Dear Mr. Carter:

An article appeared in the October, 1970, issue of the Ladies' Home Journal authored by Robert Blair Kaiser titled "Was Sirhan 'Programmed' to Kill Robert Kennedy?"

In this preview of his book "RFK Must Die," Mr. Kaiser in referring to the investigation of the assassination of former Senator Robert F. Kennedy alleges that Special Agent Roger J. LaJeunesse, Jr., of the FBI made the statement to him "The case is still open. I'm not rejecting the 'Manchurian Candidate' aspect of it."

Mr. Kaiser further alleges that Special Agent LaJeunesse heard testimony at the trial of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan by Dr. Bernard L. Diamond, Dean of the School of Criminology at the University of California at Berkeley, and "he seemed convinced that Sirhan was in a trance on the night of June 4."

In order that the record may be set straight, I would like you to know that Special Agent LaJeunesse unequivocally denies making the statement attributed to him by Mr. Kaiser.

① - Los Angeles (56-156)

1 pers. file

① 56-156-3007

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
1 OCT 2 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	
Nolan	

Honorable John Mack Carter

Furthermore, records of the District Attorney for the County of Los Angeles, California, show that Doctor Diamond testified on March 21, 24, 25, 26, and 27, 1969. Official records of the FBI show that Special Agent LaJeunesse was on extended sick leave for surgery for the period March 3, through April 4, 1969, and was not in attendance during the period Doctor Diamond testified.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

FROM : SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.

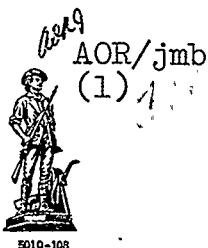
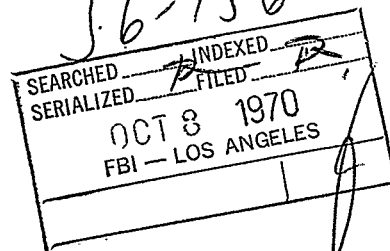
SUBJECT: KENSALT

DATE: 10/7/70

On 10/6/70, Detective BEN HETHERINGTON of the Pasadena Police Department advised that he had checked the office of the District Attorney at Pasadena and determined that on 10/2/70, the case against SAIDALLAH SIRHAN had been dismissed.

The reason given for the dismissal was that there was insufficient information to connect the defendant with the evidence.

It is noted that there were three individuals in the vehicle at the time the plastic bag allegedly containing the marijuana was thrown from the vehicle driven by SAIDALLAH SIRHAN.



DIRECTOR, FBI

10/6/70

SAC, NEW YORK (105-110284) (RUC)

~~ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN~~
IS - MIDDLE EAST
(OO:LA)

*no 105
many 56 refs
56-156-6005*

ReNYtel, dated 9/12/70.

Because subject and his mother have returned to Los Angeles and no investigation is outstanding in the NYO, this case is being closed in the NYO.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/142
C.N. 255,315

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - Los Angeles (RM)
- 1 - New York

DAF:dsh
(5)

56-156-3009

SEARCHED <i>CW</i>	INDEXED <i>P</i>
SERIALIZED <i>R</i>	FILED <i>P</i>
OCT 9 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Robert [unclear]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California
October 15, 1970

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

An arrest report of the Sierra Madre Police Department dated September 23, 1970, shows that Saidallah Bishara Sirhan, brother of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, had been arrested on September 23, 1970, by the Sierra Madre Police Department, in charges of suspicion of possession of marijuana.

Arrest report of the Sierra Madre Police Department dated September 23, 1970, shows that Saidallah Bishara Sirhan was arrested at Lime and Sierra Madre Boulevard and charged with violations of Sections 11530 (Possession of Marijuana), and 11910 (Possession of Dangerous Drugs) of the California Health and Safety Code. The address of Saidallah Sirhan was listed in this report as 1659 North Lake, Number seven, Pasadena, California.

According to the arrest report Saidallah Sirhan and two other suspects were in a vehicle when an attempt was made by a Sierra Madre police officer to stop the vehicle for a traffic violation. While attempting to stop the vehicle, a plastic bag containing a green leafy substance resembling marijuana, was thrown from the vehicle. During the inventory of Saidallah Sirhan's property additional contraband was found.

According to the crime report of this incident, the arresting officer observed a vehicle driven by Saidallah Sirhan on which the license plate light was inoperative. The vehicle was being driven erratically and while attempting to halt the vehicle, the arresting officer observed a plastic bag expelled from the left front window of the car. This was later retrieved and found to contain a green leafy substance resembling marijuana.

56-156-3010

5 - Bureau (62-587)
2 - Los Angeles (56-156)(P)

AOR/rss
(70)

SEARCHED

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SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

The three suspects were arrested and transported to the Sierra Madre Police Department for booking. While removing personal belongings from Saidallah Sirhan a tin foil wrapper containing five blue-green capsules of a white powdery substance were observed to fall from his folded up shirt sleeve.

Saidallah Sirhan was arraigned on September 23, 1970, in Division Two, Pasadena Municipal Court. A preliminary hearing was set for October 2, 1970, in Division One of the same court.

On October 2, 1970, the case against Saidallah Sirhan was dismissed as there was insufficient information to link the defendant with the evidence.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)

DATE: 10/15/70

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of a Letterhead Memorandum regarding the arrest of SAIDALLAH BISHARA SIRHAN by the Sierra Madre Police Department.

2 - Bureau (Encls. 5)
2 - Los Angeles

AOR/rss

(4)

OFFICE COPY

56-156-3011

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9/24/70

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, WFO (105-101864) (P)

ADEL BISHARA SIRHAN
IS - MIDDLE EAST
(OO:LA)

ReWFOairtel and LHM 9/14/70.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 9-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/W
C.N. 255,315

On 9/23/70, Mr. CARROLL H. SEELEY, Assistant Chief, Legal Division, Passport Office, Department of State, informed SA KENNETH J. HASER that CHARLES LUKE McKISSACK filed an application for a new passport at Los Angeles, Calif., on 9/18/70, stating in a certificate on 9/17/70 that his previous passport, revoked at Kennedy Airport in NYC, had been lost, probably in Manhattan. He stated that it apparently fell out of his jacket pocket.

The application shows that McKISSACK plans to depart by air about 10/1/70 for two weeks' pleasure travel to Morocco, Tunisia, Kenya and "Tanzania (?)." He stated that he had made one trip abroad in the previous 12 months and expected to take another trip abroad within the next two years.

McKISSACK, born [REDACTED] at Thomasville, Ga., gave his permanent residence as 3201 Nichols Cyn. Rd., Los Angeles, Calif., and his mailing address as 6430 Sunset Blvd., Suite 521, Hollywood, Calif. In the event of death or accident, he

- 2 - Bureau
- 2 - Los Angeles (Enc. 1) (RM) *LH*
- 1 - New York (105-110284) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - WFO

KJH:nsr (6)

56-156-3012

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

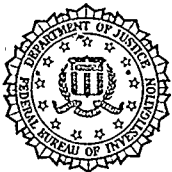
for Sirhan file
BC Richards

WFO 105-101864

requested that NANCY McKISSACK, his wife, be notified at his permanent residence. He listed his occupation as attorney.

Mr. SEELEY advised that the Passport Office is forwarding this passport application to the Deputy Administrator of the Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, Department of State, who ordered revocation of McKISSACK's passport at Kennedy Airport as the latter was about to depart.

WFO maintaining contact with Passport Office re issuance. Copy of McKISSACK's photo enclosed for Los Angeles.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

On May 5, 1969, Pete Noyes, Managing Editor, KNXT-TV, a CBS affiliation, 6121 Sunset Boulevard, Hollywood, California, advised that he had learned information from an extremely confidential source who he characterized as the "ex-head" of the Black Panthers in Los Angeles. He stated that his source was present at a Black Panther meeting on Central Avenue in Los Angeles, one month prior to the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy. According to Noyes, his source told him that Sirhan was present at the meeting. The source specifically stated to Noyes that he recalled Sirhan because Sirhan gave his name at that time as "Sirhan Sirhan", which the source thought was unusual. Noyes further characterized the former Black Panther member as a college graduate who is in hiding because of suspected reprisals he believes will befall him by his former Black Panther associates. Noyes has attempted to obtain employment for his source at the KNXT studio but has been unsuccessful in doing so.

On May 12, 1969, Noyes again telephonically advised on an extremely confidential basis that he had spoken with Robert Kaiser, an investigator for the defense team who represented Sirhan Bishara Sirhan. Kaiser is also writing a book concerning the assassination and has advised Noyes that he has seven reasons which he considers valid to suspect that a conspiracy actually did exist in the assassination. Noyes proposed to Kaiser that Kaiser contact Sirhan and specifically ask him whether he, Sirhan, had actually attended a meeting of the Black Panthers in Los Angeles prior to the assassination of the late Robert F. Kennedy on June 5, 1968.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY *SP6 BJA/ur*
ON *8-11-86*

C.N. 253, 315
56-156-3013

- 5 - Bureau (62-587)
- ② - Los Angeles (56-156)

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(7) *lab*

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Kaiser subsequently contacted Noyes and advised that he had interviewed Sirhan, which interview was recorded on tape. When Kaiser asked Sirhan whether he had ever attended a Black Panther meeting, Sirhan became considerably upset; denied he had ever attended such a meeting, but told Kaiser that he had in fact visited the Black Muslim Temple in Los Angeles.

On May 5, 1969, Kaiser furnished information which he alleged came from a source whom he described as a former officer in the Black Panther organization in Los Angeles. That information was to the effect that Sirhan had been observed by the aforementioned former member of the Black Panther Party (BPP) at a meeting of that organization approximately one month prior to June 5, 1968. Pete Noyes advised on May 12, 1969, again on a confidential basis, that his former Black Panther source is Shermont Banks. He stated that Banks is no longer affiliated with the BPP because he refused to use a gun on one previous occasion. Noyes alleges that Banks is currently "hiding out" in the CBS facility in fear of his life. Noyes explained he could make Banks available for interview by FBI Agents.

On May 16, 1969, Shermont Banks was interviewed at 6162 Sunset Boulevard, Hollywood, California, by representatives of the Los Angeles Office of the FBI.

Banks explained that on one occasion prior to the assassination of the late Senator Robert F. Kennedy he, Banks, was in attendance at a meeting of the Black Congress (BC), which was opened to the public. During the course of that meeting, which was held at 7228 South Broadway, and which he recalls took place sometime in April or May 1968, a man who bore a strong resemblance to Sirhan and who was accompanied by two other individuals came into the meeting. Banks specifically recalls that he heard a "commotion" during the course of the meeting, which was attended by approximately 50 to 60 people. Just prior to the commotion, Alprentice "Bunchy" Carter (now deceased) had been speaking. The individual whom Banks felt resembled Sirhan got up and spoke about the "Muslims" somewhat in opposition to Carter's remarks.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

During the conversation, Banks did not recall that the name of Sirhan Sirhan was mentioned. In connection with the meeting at the BC, Banks stated that at no time did he hear the name Sirhan Sirhan. Subsequent to the assassination of the late Senator Kennedy, Banks alleged that he spoke with one Steve Bartholemew (now deceased) about the incident at the Black Panther meeting at the BC Hall. Banks indicated he expected that the FBI would contact him regarding the incident which allegedly occurred during the meeting.

Photographs of Sirhan were exhibited to Banks who said that they are now familiar because of the recent publicity given the case during the trial of Sirhan. He stated he could not be absolutely certain that the individual he saw at the meeting was Sirhan. He could only state that it resembled him.

Confidential source of the Los Angeles Office advised by way of background that the BC during the period from January to June of 1968, was composed of 44 named organizations. Some of these organizations were the Afro-American Cultural Association, Black Anti-Draft Union, Black Student Union Alliance, Black Youth Conference, Congress of Racial Equality, Los Angeles County Welfare Rights Commission, Urban League, Operation Bootstrap, Southwest Anti-Crime League, Police Malpractice Center, US (a black Nationalist organization led by Ron Karenga), and the BPP for Self-Defense). The names included are among the more well known groups that made up the BC. Walter Bremond, then Head of the BC, described the BC as a coalition of community organizations of many and varied political persuasions whose objective is to liberate black people from the shackles of oppression.

Additional confidential source of the Los Angeles Office of the FBI advised that on February 18, 1968, a black power rally was sponsored by the BC and held at the Los Angeles Sports Arena. The purpose of the rally was to raise funds for the defense of Huey P. Newton, who had been arrested in Oakland, California, and who was the leader of the BPP. Speakers at this rally represented many viewpoints and included James Foreman, Caesar Chavez,

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

H. Rap Brown, Stokely Carmichael, Bobby Seale, and others. As a result of this rally, a dispute arose over the division of the funds collected. The BPP wanted all of the proceeds of the meeting and the BC wanted a portion of the proceeds. Bremond was quoted to have said that he would rather die than give the BPP all of the funds. The BPP believed that "US" had taken a portion of the funds and was attempting to control all of the black groups in the BC.

A source of the Los Angeles Office of the FBI advised that the arguments which evolved from this rally finally erupted on February 26, 1968, when BPP members and US members had an armed confrontation at the BC Office at 7228 South Broadway. No injuries occurred at this time; however, later that night a BPP member was shot by members of US. Following this, the tensions between these two groups ran high and they continued to the present time.

Following this, it was reported by a source of the Los Angeles Office of the FBI that BC meetings had been curtailed because of police interest about the BC and more security was established at the meetings which had become more irregular and were attended by fewer people.

Also at this time, the local BPP was undergoing a change in that the original BPP in Los Angeles was called the Black Panther Party for Self-Defense, Incorporated. This group was infiltrated by persons aligned with the Oakland based BPP. In March 1968, Shermont Banks became leader. Following the hostilities in February of 1968, the Los Angeles Office of the FBI and outside law enforcement agencies received no reports of the BPP holding meetings at the BC Office although it continued to be the mailing address for the BPP.

In late July 1968, the BPP officially moved into a building at 4115 South Central Avenue, where they remained until January 1, 1970.

Shermont Banks during his association with the BPP while it revolved around the BC Office also worked for American Airlines on the 11:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. shift.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

His last period of employment was from February 1967, to April 2, 1968. It is noted that in connection with another investigation being conducted by the Los Angeles Office of the FBI that Shermont Banks was interviewed by representatives of this office on August 13, 1968, and did not mention anything regarding Sirhan Sirhan. It is noted that at this time, there was still considerable public attention on the Sirhan case as the assassination had occurred on June 5, 1968.

During the period preceding the assassination of the late Senator Robert F. Kennedy, racial informants of the Los Angeles Police Department and Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office had no reports on any Black Panther meetings as such at the BC Office although organizational activity did occur. No public type meetings were known to be held as none were reported.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F B I

Date: 10/30/70

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)
SUBJECT: KENSALT
OO: Los Angeles

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN concerning the alleged appearance of SIRHAN at a Black Panther meeting.

Interview of SHERMONT BANKS on 5/16/69, was conducted by SAs R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR. and NORBERT R. LINKER. Background information concerning Black Congress was furnished by CSLA 3184-S. Information concerning Black Power rally at Los Angeles Sports Arena was furnished by LA 5045-R and LA 4490-S. Information regarding armed confrontation by the Black Panther Party members and US members was furnished by CSLA 3184-S. Information concerning the curtailment of BC meetings was furnished by LA 4992-R. Information regarding the move of the BPP to 4115 South Central Avenue was furnished by NATHAN GOLDEN, 915 North Main Street, Los Angeles. Interview of SHERMONT BANKS conducted on 8/13/68, was conducted by SAs THEODORE M. GARDNER and E. RHEAD RICHARDS, JR.

The enclosed memorandum is marked Confidential to protect the identity of confidential sources and informants of continuing value to this office.

- 2 - Bureau (Encl. 5)
② - Los Angeles

AOR/lag
(4) *lab*

OFFICE COPY

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/lyd

56-156-3014

SEARCHED	—
INDEXED	—
SERIALIZED	—
FILED	—

C.N. 255,315

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 11/12/70

FROM : SA THEODORE J. A'HEARN

SUBJECT: SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Supervisor HENRY SHUTZ, SOG, telephonically contacted the office at 9:33 A.M. this date and requested the following information to be furnished the Bureau by teletype by close of business 11/12/70:

Were copies of all Bureau reports made available to the defense in the SIRHAN case?

If so, (1) was the defense permitted to inspect reports? (2) Was the defense furnished a set of duplicate reports? (3) What conditions were imposed by the FBI in furnishing the reports to local authorities? (4) Were there any conditions imposed by the Court or prosecution regarding the use of reports?

TJA:CM
(2)

56-156-3015

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SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
NOV 12 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	
A.O. Richards <i>WAG</i>	



F B I

Date: 11/12/70

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE NITEL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

KENSALT

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO LA NOVEMBER TWELVE INSTANT.
COPIES OF BUREAU REPORTS IN THIS MATTER WERE NOT MADE
AVAILABLE TO THE DEFENSE BY FBI, LA. PURSUANT TO BUREAU
AUTHORITY, ALL COPIES OF FBI, LA REPORTS WERE MADE AVAILABLE
TO THE LA DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE WHO PROSECUTED THIS CASE.
BUREAU AIRTEL TO LA DATED JUNE SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT,
ENCLOSED ORIGINAL AND COPY OF TRANSMITTAL FORM FIVE DASH ONE
FOUR ONE DIRECTED TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY EVELLE J. YOUNGER,
TRANSMITTING TWO COPIES OF LA REPORT DATED JUNE NINE,
NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT, THE FIRST REPORT IN THIS MATTER. CONTENT
OF TRANSMITTAL FORM REQUESTED THAT THE CONTENTS OF THIS REPORT
NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE OF THAT AGENCY. EACH SUBSEQUENT
REPORT WAS DISSEMINATED AFTER RECEIPT OF BUREAU AUTHORITY,
AND BUREAU WAS ADVISED IN EACH CASE WHEN DISSEMINATION WAS MADE.

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56-156-3016
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Approved: WMMSent 12⁵³ AM

M

Per RALE

Special Agent in Charge

RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

LA 56-156

PAGE TWO

CHIEF DEPUTY, DISTRICT ATTORNEY, JOHN HOWARD, WHO WAS ONE OF THE PROSECUTIVE ATTORNEYS IN THIS MATTER, ADVISED TODAY THAT THE DEFENSE WAS NOT PERMITTED TO INSPECT LA FBI REPORTS AND WERE NOT FURNISHED A DUPLICATE SET OF THESE REPORTS.

BY LA AIRTEL TO BUREAU DATED SEPTEMBER TWENTY FIVE, NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT, BUREAU WAS ADVISED THAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE HAD TAKEN THE POSITION THAT NOTHING WOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE EXCEPT THROUGH PROPER CHANNELS OF THE COURT.

BY LA AIRTEL TO BUREAU DATED OCTOBER TEN, NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT, LA, ENCLOSED ONE COPY EACH OF THREE LEGAL DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED BY DEFENSE ATTORNEY RUSSELL E. PARSONS. THESE DOCUMENTS LAID BASIS OF MOTION OF DISCOVERY CONCERNING INFORMATION TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE AND ON OCTOBER TEN, NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT, ALL REQUESTS WERE GRANTED BY THE COURT. AT THIS TIME, THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE STILL MAINTAINS POSITION THAT NOTHING WOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE EXCEPT THROUGH PROPER CHANNELS OF THE COURT AND THAT THE REVIEW OF MATERIAL BY THE DEFENSE WOULD BE MADE AT THE OFFICE THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LA 56-156

PAGE THREE

BY LA AIRTEL TO BUREAU DATED DECEMBER TWENTY FOUR,
NINETEEN SIXTY EIGHT, BUREAU WAS ADVISED OF ADDITIONAL LIST
OF SIXTEEN ITEMS REQUESTED BY DEFENSE, WHICH REQUEST WAS
GRANTED BY THE COURT.

F B I

Date: 11/13/70

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE NITEL
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-587)
FROM SAC LOS ANGELES (56-156)

KENSALT.

REBUTELCAL NOVEMBER THIRTEEN INSTANT RE LOS ANGELES TEL
NOVEMBER TWELVE LAST.

COPIES OF BUREAU REPORTS CAPTIONED MATTER WERE NOT MADE
AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE BY FBI LOS ANGELES. COPIES OF REPORTS WERE
FURNISHED LOS ANGELES DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE WITH REQUEST
REPORTS NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THAT OFFICE. DISTRICT
ATTORNEY'S OFFICE ADVISED NOVEMBER TWELVE LAST DEFENSE NOT
PERMITTED TO INSPECT LOS ANGELES FBI REPORTS AND WERE NOT
FURNISHED DUPLICATE SET OF REPORTS.

JOHN HOWARD, CHIEF DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, NOT AVAILABLE
FOR RECONTACT THIS DATE. HE IS ONLY REMAINING MEMBER OF
PROSECUTION TEAM CONVERSANT WITH INTRICACIES OF CASE. HOWARD
WILL BE CONTACTED MONDAY, NOVEMBER SIXTEEN NEXT, AND BUREAU
ADVISED RE ANY CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY COURT OR PROSECUTION

TJA:CM
(1)

SEARCHED

INDEXED

SERIALIZED

FILED

Approved: 

Sent

753/P

M

Per



Special Agent in Charge

RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

LA 56-156

PAGE TWO

CONCERNING USE TO BE MADE OF INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM
FBI MATERIAL MADE AVAILABLE THROUGH MOTION OF DISCOVERY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 11/13/70

FROM : SUPERVISOR #1

SUBJECT: SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Supervisor HENRY SHUTZ, SOG, telephonically contacted the office at 2:45 P.M. today and requested that the following be furnished to the Bureau by teletype today:

"Your advice is requested whether all of the Bureau's reports were made available to the defense in the SIRHAN case, and, if so, whether the defense

"(1) was permitted only to inspect the reports, or

"(2) was actually furnished a set of duplicate reports.

"Please also advise whether any conditions were imposed, either by the Court or by the prosecution, concerning the use which could be made of such material."

The Bureau wants to know what actually happened. If the defense did review Bureau reports, who reviewed them?

GGB:CM
(2)

Del sent 11/13/70
[Signature]

56-156-3018

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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NOV 18 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

[Signature]



Date prepared

11:45 PM

11/13/70

Date received

11/13/70

Received from (name or symbol number)

LA 5081-S

Received by

Gilbert D. Benjamin

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person

☐ by telephone

☐ by mail

☐ orally

☐ recording device

☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated _____ to _____

Transcribed _____

Authenticated
by Informant _____

Date of Report

Date(s) of activity

11/12/70

Brief description of activity or material

Material relating to Robert Kennedy
Assassination; distributed at Experimental
College class at Santa Monica City

File where original is located if not attached

LA

(KENSALT)

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.
VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

College on night of 11/12/70 -

Oral dissemination made on _____ to:

Name

Time

TAPD _____

TASS _____

SS _____

TGA _____

Other _____

① LA

(Kensalt)

1- LA 134-3176B (LA 5081-S)

Special Agent

(2) GGB -

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP 4 B. J. [initials]

C.N. 255,315

Block Stamp

56-156-3019

UORichards [initials]

Two things are almost cert (in beyond a doubt: 1) that Sirhan Sirhan did not kill Bobby and 2) that a lot of information and evidence has been deliberately ignored, suppressed and covered up in the RFK assassination.

It is interesting to note, too, that the big, daily newspapers have reported almost nothing of the recent press conferences held by Theodore Charach and attorney Godfrey Issac, during which sensational new information on the killing of RFK was divulged.

With Charach has come up with, after interviewing many witnesses over the past two years, is this: Sirhan Sirhan was never closer than three feet from Sen Kennedy and was at all times IN FRONT OF HIM. He fired two shots at Kennedy--not three, but two-- before he was overpowered and disarmed, neither of these shots caused a fatal wound. Kennedy, according to witnesses did not at any time turn his back to Sirhan during the time he was firing. Yet, the fatal wound was inflicted FROM BEHIND, by a bullet fired about ONE INCH from Kennedy's head.

So it would seem almost impossible for Sirhan to have done it.

Here are transcripts of the actual tapes of Charach's interviews, compiled over the past two years:

KARL DECKER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/mc
C.V. 255, 315

"No, the Embassy room was much too full and we never had in mind to bring him through the Embassy ballroom to the front doors. We had in mind--it was my order to bring him down to the Ambassador ballroom, downstairs, which was the next floor down, and it was behind the stage to the left. He came from the stage and we tried making the left, somebody stopped us and said--talked to Senator Kennedy and then somebody told me that we were going to go to the press room which is to the right instead of the the left. This is the way towards the kitchen pantry. Right from the beginning I said he was supposed to be going downstairs. Somebody was waiting downstairs in front of the Ambassador ballroom.

I saw Sirhan shooting Kennedy--he was right in front of me. The first shot-- I didn't think it was a shot--I thought it was a firecracker, and after the second shot I lost Kennedy's hand. He pulled his hand to his head. I told the Grand Jury that Sirhan moved around me, that is around my body from the steam table on the left side to the right, and as New York Post writer Pete Hamill, told police, Sirhan had an intense look on his face, holding the gun in his right hand, stretched out and not in a down-toup position as Dr. Hoguchi discovered in the autopsy--and I was not asked in the trial, but it is a fact that Sirhan never at any time--and I was the closest to Senator Kennedy, besides Cesar behind me--Sirhan at no time was firing from behind Senator Robert Kennedy.. No! No! Not and INCH from Kennedy's head--I don't believe that it was Sirhan's gun firing from back to front in an upward direction. I think I would have seen it. I was the closest one.

In order for Sirhan to get that close to Senator Kennedy from behind he would have had to pass me and he didn't pass me at that point. I had him very tight, pushed against the steam table while Senator Kennedy staggered back and Mr. Schrade dropped to the floor first. So this does not fit in with what Mr. Fitts told the jury.

There was a superficial wound on Kennedy's forehead that the Los Angeles Herald Examiner reporter stated at the time. The second shot of Sirhan's own gun missed Senator Kennedy and then I stopped him and we pushed him against serving tables, so he could not be firing anymore shots in the direction of Mr. Kennedy.

We had his hand twisted toward the right wall. Mr. Bill Barry, Kennedy's bodyguard, was not there at the exact moment of the early shots--neither was Roosevelt Gier and Raef Johnson. Witnesses screamed and ducked so there was too much confusion to see what Mr. Minisian and Vincent Dipierro saw at the time.

This is why, while concentrating on the short suspect Sirhan, many witnesses missed the guard behind me pull up his weapon and drop to the floor. I did see a guard with a drawn gun and told them he must be crazy to brandish a weapon in the kitchen chaos.

Afterwards, a guard told me he pulled his weapon and I saw a guard return his gun to his holster. The police did not conduct interviews with me with regard to these aspects but Mr. Charach did continually during the past two years. When the police made the demonstration how everything happened in the kitchen in about November, 1969--the way I showed him the way the shots were fired exactly and the way I grabbed the guy, Sirhan, and then all of a sudden Luck Compton came over and said, pretty fresh, "You couldn't have acted that fast. It's impossible."

And I still say today it was after the second shot I grabbed him. I have a witness who backed me up in the Grand Jury testimony, Edward Minisian. Sirhan was never that close with his gun to Senator--Sirhan absolutely was never firing from behind Senator Kennedy and it would have been impossible for him to inflict contact wounds, as Dr. Noguchi's autopsy proves."

THEODO. E. CHARACH

"Karl Uecker saved the life of Senator Kennedy before the intervention of the second weapon from behind, which never underwent ballistics tests by the LAPD... Sirhan's .22 caliber cadet Iver-Johnson revolver was in evidence. It was not used, all those months, for positive ballistics testing, but Welfer used another model and Mini-Mag ammunition bought from the Lack, Stock and Barrel store in San Gabriel where Sirhan and two others, according to Donna and Ben Herrick, the gun store owners, told Theodore Charach exclusively that Sirhan was never alone but was with two darkhaired and olive-complected males in informal clothes, as reported by many witnesses prior to and

and during the assassination, the similar description given to LAPD investigators by victim Betty Dryer. Furthermore, in the Sirhan trial, Volfer testified, "I have looked at the fatal bullet and in my opinion this bullet has cerlands and grooves from the barrel and when it was projected down in the valley, which projected upward, they grab the muzzle and twist it." Amazingly, Volfer, the ballistics expert, told the Sirhan jury there was a fatal bullet and Sirhan was convicted on this point when Dr. Noguchi had 100% confirmed that there could be no fatal bullet because it completely disintegrated and fragmented in Kennedy's head."

DONNA AND BEN HERRICK
(of the Lock Stock and Barrel Gun Store in San Gabriel)

DONNA: I gave a statement to the FBI and the LAPD. They had been in my gun store six weeks earlier--Sirhan and two others.

BEN: I don't like the way the trial's been handled--like the Arnot testimony. Contradictions. They asked him, my sales employee, if he sold the ammunition, and he said yes, and they said he failed a lie detector test and they had him identify the sales slip, and the sales slip definitely proved the fact that he was telling the truth, and then they say the lie detector said he was telling a lie and he was thrown off the witness stand. It just discredited the man's testimony and made a fool out of him! and for no reason, because he was a prosecution witness to begin with! and it was the prosecution that did it to him. And I don't like the smell of it.

Mrs. Herrick said the police harassed her and tried to get her to change her story. "They didn't even want her to testify because she wouldn't change her story," her husband said.

LARRY ARNOT (the gun store salesman who tried to tell the court, on the Witness stand, that Sirhan was never alone when he purchased his ammunition): "I was betrayed on the witness stand. I was stabbed in the back by the prosecution. On the day Sirhan was taken to the gas chamber, my wife

and family took a vote. We agreed that as a result of our personal nightmare and inability to get the truth out, the next time, we would talk. It would only be to Senator Teddy Kennedy or his direct, authoritative representatives from Washington.

THEODORE CHARACH

"Nothing in the Kennedy assassination case is more bizarre than the attempt to destroy the credibility of Dr. Thomas T. Noguchi. We are told if Noguchi defends publicly the Kennedy autopsy report--by Los Angeles County Counsel Martin Weeks, after communications with the D.A.'s office, there will be international repercussions. Suddenly, Mr. Weeks approached the hearings. Mr. Isaac is consulted and the bizarre RFK autopsy charges are dropped. What did Dr. Noguchi discover? Medical evidence that differed substantially from what the witnesses agree they saw inside the kitchen pantry.

DR. THOMAS T. NOGUCHI

We were able to determine the muzzle distance based on the powder deposite in the right ear, powder deposits in the scalp behind the right ear--that powder was imbedded so deeply that it did not come out. The fatal wound was contact distance.

THEODORE CHARACH

How close was the weapon that killed Senator Kennedy?

DR. THOMAS T. NOGUCHI

One inch and no more than three inches from the surface of behind the right ear.

(The bullet that struck Kennedy's brain fragmented. Dr. Noguchi could not tell us what caliber bullet it was. But remember the bullet direction was from back to front, right to left, down to up, in an upward projectory. Completely different, from where and how the witnesses observed Sirhan's gun)

THEODORE CHARACH

Dr. Noguichi, are you aware that there is not one witness and the prosecution could not produce one witness that saw Sirhan fire his gun at contact range, one, two or three inches from behind Kennedy's right ear?

DR. THOMAS NOGUCHI

Well, I'm aware of it, but it does not change my scientific testimony.

ATTORNEY GODFREY INMAN

The District Attorney's office of Los Angeles County founded a murder prosecution on the findings of that autopsy. John Winer, Deputy District Attorney, acknowledged it was a splendid autopsy as do many of the nation's leading pathologists. Obviously, the District Attorney's office was endorsing the findings of that autopsy or they would not so proceed in the Sirhan trial.

DR. NOGUCHI

It's ridiculous; it's ridiculous indeed, to destroy the reputation of a scientist and physician. There may be more of this story to be told than we know.

THEODORE CHARACH

In the trial, do you think all the important questions concerning Kennedy's wounds were brought out?

DR. NOGUCHI

I did not testify and I was not asked. I was told the details would be too gory and I was interrupted on the witness stand. Judge Walker, the prosecution and defense did not go into complete examination. There were questions that could have been asked in the Sirhan trial that were not asked--a number which could have been asked. Senator Robert F. Kennedy had three gunshot wounds. Gunshot wound number one was in the back of the head which was the gunshot wound in the right mastoid--behind the right ear. The wound

track was from back to front and upward and the wound track entered into the brain tissue--and scattered bullet fragments were found in the right hemisphere of the brain. Round number two and three were found under the right armpit, also almost contact wounds--so close-- on inch apart and in a very upward direction. Kennedy most certainly during these inflictions, had to have his arm stretched out or at least heading up in an angle toward his face.

DON SCHULMAN (Formerly with CBS News): "I was standing behind Kennedy as he was taking his assigned route into the kitchen. A Caucasian gentleman stepped out and fired. The security guard hit Kennedy all three times. Kennedy slumped to the floor. The security fired back and I saw the man who shot Kennedy in the leg, he--before they could get him, he shot a--it looked like he shot a woman and he shot two other men. They then proceeded to carry Kennedy into the kitchen and I don't know how his condition is now...he had--was definitely hit three times. The thing happened so quickly that--there was another eyewitness standing next to me--and she is in shock and very fuzzy, as I am, because it happened so quickly. I was about six people behind the Senator. I heard about six or seven shots in succession." Question: Is this the security guard firing? DON SCHULMAN: "Yes."

THEODORE CHARLCH

Don, where was this man in uniform whom you observed firing a gun?

DON SCHULMAN

He wasn't very far from Kennedy. He was just behind Mr. Uecker and on Kennedy's right side, but there was another guard in front of Senator Kennedy and one on Kennedy's left side in the very crowded sardine-like conditions. Everything happened so fast but I saw what I saw. I thought at the time there were bodyguards, but I was alone, and they only had Sirhan in custody. Even the police in their book admit it was a case unparalleled

in the history of Los Angeles--with extreme confusion, chaos, noise and everyone started to fight with each other in hysteria and duck, with the guard dropping to the floor, then getting up and then getting out, no wonder so many witnesses missed seeing what what I saw, but I understand that during the Noguchi hearings many persons, including a woman corroborating my testimony, called Godfrey Isaac and there was a woman next to me in shock.

THEODORE CHARACH

Did the LAPD ever conduct an in-depth recorded interview with you? The Houghton report identified everyone in the kitchen and ~~identified~~ interviewed almost 5,000 persons.

DON SCHULMAN

No, the Los Angeles Police Department never did interview me despite the fact that I gave interviews to Newman Jeff Brent and CBS news personnel. I believe my interview with Brent was among the earliest about 10 minutes after we both escaped the kitchen pantry trauma.

THEODORE CHARACH

"Eyewitness Richar Lubie confirms that there certainly were security guards surrounding Kennedy, including Thane Eugene Cesar identified by LAPD diagram and Charachs documentation placing accurately Cesar close to RFK on the right side and behind Uecker with a drawn gun in his hand before he dropped down against the ice machine and scrambled out of the kitchen pantry within minutes of the assassination. The FBI, Charach says, has in its possession a misleading false and inaccurate report stating--without foundation--that Cesar drew his gun only after scrambling to his feet from the kitchen floor, the LAPD reports acknowledges Cesar was a George Wallace supporter, opposed to the Kennedy family, who stated that he was definitely opposed to President John and Senator Robert Kennedy. This same man, in uniform with a weapon, was escorting Kennedy through the kitchen and was trusted with Kennedy's life."

THEODORE CHARACH

Who is the mysterious girl in the black and white polkadot dress?

No less than Sirhan's Chief Defense Counsel Grant Cooper observes that the description given the Grand Jury by Vincent DiPierro did not match that of Valerie Schulte. Valerie Schulte is a blond.

A girl on crutches in a green and yellow dress who approached news documentarian Theodore Charach inside the kitchen crying, within five minutes of the assassination, and Charach introduced the Schulte girl to newsman Carl George with an ABC camera hooked up and the Schulte girl obviously could not be running anywhere.

All the witnesses we talked with gave the same description as DiPierro originally testified: "a girl with a good figure, a lousy dress with a bib, white with black or dark, purple polkadots. KGBJ newsman Booker Griffin heard ten or twelve shots and told police "There are two guns being fired."

BOOKER GRIFFIN

(Replying to the Di--"before the Di's May 1969 Press Conference, preserved secretly on the Charach tapes.) As an eyewitness to the assassination, it is very-interesting to note that I was not subpoenaed to testify in the Sirhan trial. I saw Sirhan and a lady and another gentleman consistently throughout the evening. Upon the shooting, inside the kitchen pantry, I followed the course through the kitchen to the back all the way up to the ground level of the ambassador leading to the parking lot in pursuit of two individuals fleeing at the time of the shooting. There was a girl in a black and white--some type of a dress--that was involved with Sirhan. I do recall seeing Sirhan as early as around 10:30 that evening. I do recall eye-ball-eyeball contact with him. I do recall seeing him several times in the corridor of the kitchen pantry prior to the assassination. There were several people of pretty much determined arabic or Latin-like dark complected, swarty nature--these types of genetic features--who were in very--like placed areas in doors

throughout certain areas inside the embassy and ambassador ballrooms, upstairs and downstairs, and there had been no doubt in my mind from the beginning, nor my good friend Bud Schulberg as I told him, and as Louise Carter told him, and witness George Green told Mr. Charach on the morning of the assassination: THAT THIS WAS NOT THE ACT OF ONE INDIVIDUAL.

THEODORE CHARACH

Booker, is Valerie the girl you saw with Sirhan? The girl on crutches that made the surprise the surprise appearance on the witness stand as the girl in the polkadot dress?

BOULET GRIFFIN

Unalterably, and impossibly she is not the same girl. The Schulte girl is a Nordic type, highly Anglo. The girl that I saw was a swarthy type, Mediterranean type, her hair was dark, very dark, it was not blond in any manner and she did not have the clean-cut vivacious look of the Schulte girl. I was very unhappy with the police department when I went down to the administration. I was very much struck by their desire to fabricate a story and by their effort to strongarm me mentally, stating that there were things that I did not agree with. I feel the police department is making every effort and the city fathers of this city are making every effort to save the face of the City of Los Angeles.

THEODORE CHARACH

George Green jumped on top of a serving table in the kitchen pantry. Green, the Chairman of the New Image Committee for Kennedy, is another witness not called to testify in the Sirhan trial.

GEORGE GREEN

There were three people. I remember seeing these people in the kitchen area the first time I went upstairs and this is when I noticed the three individuals--one of them was peeping through a door or glass. They were looking in at and interview. This was Sirhan Sirhan and others. I do remember seeing a short, dark complected individual 1, a tall dark complected

individual and a girl. She was tall, statuesque and dark hair--well built. I did notice that. I remember that she had on a polkadot dress.

THEODORE CHARACH

When you saw Rosie Grier in the kitchen grappling with Sirhan, did you recognize him as the same individual with the others?

GEORGE GREEN

I did. I am sure. There was no question in my mind. I recognized him immediately.

(SPECIAL NOTE: Uno Timanson, former Ambassador Hotel official, walking in front of Mr. Uecker, informed Mr. Charach he is very critical, agitated and very disturbed that the police failed completely to disclose and look deeply into the many reports of Sirhan's confederates and other suspicious suspects in this case)

THEODORE CHARACH

George, what did the stranger with Sirhan look like?

GEORGE GREEN

He was tall; he was dark complected, black hair, thin.

THEODORE CHARACH

In the kitchen we both saw Valarie on crutches. You're looking at her photos now, George. Is this the girl with Sirhan and the second stranger?

GEORGE GREEN

No, it is not. The young lady was standing on the outside with two other individuals so that if there were crutches they would have been in view. It is a conspiracy by whomever, to destroy certain factions of our leadership. And these people, like Senator Kennedy, are pinpointed and assassinated with precision.

RICHARD LOBIC

(eyewitness) I feel that Sirhan Sirhan did not act alone. The DA said that I did not testify. And the police report claimed I was a liar. But I did most certainly DID testify in the Sirhan trial! Called by the defense to report that I had heard Sirhan utter, "You son-of-a-bitch," which

which psychiatrist Dr. Bernard Diamond and Seymore Pollock verify in their taped recordings of Sirhan under hypnosis inside his jail cell.

I think it's very peculiar that Sirhan Sirhan, the horse trainer, would have ended up with the walking bible minister, Jerry Owen, the horse owner. The same minister, the DA said, had a criminal record over many years over several states. And Mayor Sam Yorty, who made frequent anti-Kennedy statements before the campaign and linked Sirhan to Communist and leftist causes and released unconstitutionally Sirhan's notebooks to create the impression that this was a left-wing assassination--this same Mayor Sam appeared with Minister Owen on his television show in the early summer of 1969 and the Doughton Report admitted that Owen DID know members of the Minutemen.

I feel that Sirhan was a hired gun, and the Los Angeles police don't have anything to worry about. They got a man that shot Kennedy. That's all they wanted to worry about. A conspiracy would blow their minds... I assume the defense knows more about the Sirhan than the prosecution...and I think there's more to this story than will ever be known, and I think it will be hushed up permanently... America's been shot down.

MICHELLE BARR

It's just called the press room of the Ambassador Hotel. And we were there viewing the election returns on TV, my friend and I, and it was there my friend George, and I first saw Sirhan. There was another young man with him. And this man was slim and taller than Sirhan. He definitely looked Latin. That attracted our attention to them was their manner of dress. He was definitely slender and taller but I would say in the same age bracket, swarthy. It seemed that at that time Sirhan looked up at this guy for some sort of acknowledgement like "should we go into the next room or let's not stay here." There was a girl next to him and we did spot tennis shoes. Why tennis shoes? A heavy man with tennis shoes making a peculiar looking

gadget, talking into it and flashing a signal while Senator Kennedy talked on the podium, was observed suspiciously by us. There was a girl in a polka-dot dress and bib talking through a strange gadget in front of the stage.

THEODORE CHARACH

"Phone call death threats were made to Godfrey Isaacs, the attorney. He was compelled to engage private security men for his family and round-the-clock protection for me as well."

Chief of Police Ed Davis told KABC Radio News that Godfrey Isaacs should quit law and start writing fiction, inflaming the wave of fear and intimidation instead of keeping the promise to the public that every new thread of evidence would prompt a reopening of the case. Deputy Chief of Police Robert A. Doughton, in his book, said there were absolutely no rightwingers in the kitchen pantry, and the district attorney told newsmen over the air it was untrue that there were security guards inside the kitchen pantry when there is ample evidence in LAPD and FBI files that this is untrue. Senator Kennedy's office has the affidavits now in this matter.

The intruders who assaulted Betty Dryer in her home in the middle of the night desired new evidence, which would indicate there were others involved in the assassination besides Sirhan--which the Doughton report denied.

The DA informed the world in May, 1969, based on SUS files, that there was no credible evidence to support the conspiracy theory in the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy. Younger promised the Sirhan case records would be made available--and they have not been. The LAPD refuses to show them to the public--yet, at the time, Younger said the LAPD has agreed without reservation that the interests of the public are best served by full disclosure. DA Younger said Deputy Police Chief Roger Murdick would make the Sirhan case records available.

MR. DAVIS FITTS

interrogating DR. RAYNE GOLFER, LAPD ballistics expert

Q: Based then on your comparison of this experiment with the evidence with respect to the Senator, did you form an opinion, Sir, as to the muzzle

range of the pistol at the time the shot was fired in the senator's head?

A: I did.

Q: Could you state your opinion?

A: The weapon was held approximately one inch away from the Senator's ear at the time it was fired, based upon the exemplar in People's 56 and 57 and the pattern formed in the People's Exhibit Number 58.

Charach also interviewed Cesar himself:

CESAR: Well, I did pull my gun as soon as the shots were fired.

Q: What are your political views?

CESAR: Well the white man's gonna get tired of it, and the minority groups aren't going like what's comin' up. Me as an individual, I'm fed up. And I know a lotta people I work with have the same feelings. We haven't had it shoved down our throat enough, but one of these days, we're gonna fight back. And I know a lotta people that have the same feeling...the black man for the last four or five years has been crammin' this integration idea down our throat, and so you learn to hate 'em...I think John Kennedy sold the country down the road. He gave it to the Commies; he literally gave it to the minority. He said, "Here, you take over, you run the white man..." One of these days, it's going too far.

(Cesar is now employed with the plumbing department of the Lockheed Aircraft Company, in Burbank, Calif.)

CHARACH: Sirhan was in front of Kennedy at all times, and was never less than three feet away from him. Kennedy did not turn his back to Sirhan at any time.

DONALD SCHULMAN

(former KNXT newspan) I felt that some of the people testifying are also in danger. I don't know how many people want to say this, but I'm afraid that some of these witnesses may not live to testify.

(Schulman was never interviewed by the LAPD)

Documentarian Ted Charach says he has positive evidence locked in safes, that the tie on Kennedy's right hand is the Boris Yarro Los Angeles

Times historical photos and other photos taken by Charach's own staff belongs to the right-wing guard, Cesar, and is definitely not the clip on tie from Senator Kennedy.

More interesting, only Cesar who tells LAPD Sirhan's gun was two feet away from Senator Kennedy--only Cesar at the time of the shoottimes got gun powder residue in his eyes and was seen rubbing his eyes from the discharge at the moments of assassination. None of these facts revealed in the ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ Charach Probe are contained in the Houghton Report which reported there was no security at the double kitchen pantry doors when there is and FBI report proving Cesar was the guard in front of the kitchen doors and is identified at those critical doors which Kennedy passed through, by an LAPD artist layout of the crime scene. Security was breached and infiltrated on the night of the Kennedy extermination.

EPILOGUE

What does it all mean? You really should get the point by now, because the same thing keeps happening over and over again.

Whenever a genuine anti-war, anti-Facist presidential candidate appears on the scene, and it looks as though he has a good chance of getting elected, suddenly he is shot to death. And we are always told that it was a lone misfit who wanted attention, recognition. We are always told that he acted alone, that there was no conspiracy.

The allegation that President John F. Kennedy- OR - his brother Bobby was killed by a lone assassination is so absurd, and so thoroughly disproven that it hardly need be discussed here.

The same can be said for the killings of Dr. Martin Luther King, Malcolm X, Fred Hampton, and a good many others.

You might as well face the fact that there is little or no chance that a genuine liberal president will take office again in America.

The word liberal has become a term of ridicule and opprobrium in our time; yet there is such a thing as a genuine liberal-not to be confused

with the phony liberal the Hubert Humphrey variety.

The genuine liberal, if nothing else, at least seeks to bring about gradual progress within the framework of the system. But not if he's shot dead.

You might as well face the fact that military-corporate Fascism has prevailed in America--that gradually, degree by degree, we will be allowed less and less freedom of expression and dissent, as the military-corporate clique consolidates its power.

The question that remains, hanging over our heads is: what can we do about it--or more specifically: what are YOU willing to do?

NAME	YEAR OF REPLY	INTEREST	INTER.	NEUTRAL	NOT INTER.	NO RESPONSE
<u>SENATORS:</u>						
Bayh, Birch (D)	1970		X			
Brooke, Edward (R)	1970					X
Church, Frank (D)	1970					X
Cranston, Alan (D)	1969		X			
Dominick, Peter (R)	1967	X				
Fulbright, J. William (D)	1970					X
Goldwater, Barry, Sr. (R)	1970					X
Goodell, Charles (R)	1970					X
Gore, Albert (D)	1970					X
Harris, Fred (D)	1970			X*		
Hart, Phillip (D)	1970					X
Hatfield, Mark (R)	1970	X				
Holland, Spessard (D)	1967	X				
Hughes, Harold (D)	1970					X
Javitz, Jacob (R)	1970			X		
Kennedy, Edward (D)	1970					X
Long, Russell (D)	1967	X				
McCarthy, Eugene (D)	1970			X		
McGovern, George (D)	1970				X	
Murphy, George (R)	1970	X*				
Muskie, Edmund (D)	1970			X*		
Percy, Charles (R)	1970			X		
Prentiss, William (D)	1970		X			
Ribicoff, Abraham (D)	1966	X				
Talmadge, Herman (D)	1967	X				
Tower, John (R)	1967		X			
Yarborough, Ralph (D)	1970					X
Young, Stephen (D)	1970					X
<u>CONGRESSMEN:</u>						
Brown, George (D)	1970	X				
Corman, James (D)	1970				X	
Goldwater, Barry, Jr. (R)	1970					X
Rees, Thomas (D)	1970					X
Tunney, John (D)	1970			X		
Udall, Morris (D)	1970		X			
<u>SUPREME COURT JUSTICE:</u>						
Douglas, William O.	1970					X

*Referred material to Justice Department

F B I

Date: 11/16/70

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via TELETYPE*Urgent*
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR (62-587)
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

KENSALT

RE LA ~~TELETYPE~~ TO BUREAU NOVEMBER TWELVE AND THIRTEEN
 LAST.

JOHN HOWARD, CHIEF DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, LOS ANGELES
 DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, AND ONE OF THE PROSECUTIVE
 ATTORNEYS IN SIRHAN CASE ^{a duised again} ~~REITERATED~~ TODAY THAT DEFENSE IN
 SIRHAN CASE WAS NOT FURNISHED A SET OF LA FBI REPORTS IN
 THIS MATTER. DEFENSE WOULD MAKE DEMAND OF PROSECUTION ^{on through the Court} FOR
 LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT AND FBI INTERVIEWS ^(Ed 302's) REGARDING
 PERTINENT INDIVIDUALS IN CONNECTION WITH INVESTIGATION.
 REVIEW OF ^{Interviews} ~~REPORTS~~ WAS MADE BY PROSECUTION AND COPIES OF
 REQUESTED INTERVIEWS WERE MADE BY PROSECUTION OF THOSE
 INTERVIEWS. THIS MATERIAL WOULD THEN BE TAKEN TO COURT AND

56-156

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Approved: *[Signature]*Sent *6/18/P*

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Per *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

LA 56-156

PAGE TWO

TURNU OVER TO DEFENSE THROUGH MOTION OF DISCOVERY. *By the Court.* NO
RESTRICTIONS CONCERNING THE USE WHICH COULD BE MADE OF SUCH
MATERIAL WERE IMPOSED. ~~ENTER BY THE COURT ON THE PROSECUTION.~~

F B I

Date: DECEMBER 4, 1970

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via Airtel _____
(Priority)

TO: SAC, Los Angeles (56-156)

FROM: Director, FBI (62-587)

KENSALT

Attached is a copy of a communication from the Deputy Attorney General dated 12-2-70, the contents of which are self-explanatory.

With respect to the additional interviews of members of the Communist Club to which Crowe belonged, Los Angeles refer to your airtel and LHM 4-24-69. Authority granted to interview individuals who were members of the Student Club, Southern California District, Communist Party, USA, in 6/68 as set out in page 11 of your LHM. William Divale, former LA 4688-S should not be reinterviewed.

Inasmuch as the Los Angeles office has reviewed this publication, furnish brief and succinct summary of the book characterizing data contained therein. Advise whether any factual information appears in the book which was not previously known to the FBI and results of any inquiry conducted by the Los Angeles office in that regard.

In addition, contact appropriate local authorities and determine what action if any is intended by these authorities with respect to this publication.

Expedite.

T set for 12/31

12-11

3021

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-11-86 BY SP 6 BJA/142

C.N. 255,315

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FBI—LOS ANGELES	
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Du me you

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

December 2 1970

Richard G. Kleindienst
Deputy Attorney General

RGK:MTE:gbh

Kensalt

Reference is made to your memorandum of May 29, 1969, under the above caption.

Inasmuch as confidential informant 20-I has testified before the Subversive Activities Control Board, it is requested that the interviews of the members of the Communist Party Club to which Walter Crowe belonged now be conducted in accordance with our request of February 25, 1969.

Your advice is requested whether any additional investigation is being conducted by your Bureau based upon any new information which might appear in Robert Kaiser's book, RFK Must Die.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 12/9/70

FROM : SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 6/5/68, WILLIAM TULLIO DI VALE, Former LA 4688-S, advised that WALTER S. CROWE, a member of the Youth Section, Southern California District Communist Party, had advised that he, CROWE, was a friend of SIRHAN SIRHAN and had attended school with him.

CROWE is the subject of Los Angeles file 100-67358, captioned "WALTER SHERRILL CROWE, JR., SM - C".

CROWE, according to the informant, had met with SIRHAN a few weeks prior to the assassination of ROBERT J. KENNEDY, and discussed Communist activities with him. CROWE was apprehensive that SIRHAN, during questioning, might reveal his relationship with CROWE and discuss CROWE's Communist Party (CP) activities.

WALTER SHERRILL CROWE, JR. was interviewed by FBI Agents on 6/6/68 and 6/7/68, and later on 4/17/69, and advised of his association with SIRHAN, particularly during their school attendance at Pasadena City College. CROWE advised of a meeting with SIRHAN on 5/2/68, at which he claims there was limited discussion of CP activity, and no discussion of the current political scene or of Senator KENNEDY. Further, CROWE

- 2 - 100-64508 - (JUDY ARRAJ) - *A. Hearn*
- 2 - 100-64507 (JAMES BERLAND) *Kahl*
- 1 - 100-67358 (WALTER CROWE) (Info) *ahan*
- 2 - 100-68125 (CLIFFORD FRIED) *A. Hearn*
- 2 - 100-54669 (LUCILLE FRIED) *Kahl*
- 2 - 100-65556 (SUSAN ROMO) *C. Andrews*
- 2 - 100-65200 (JUDITH SCHUB) - *Regan*
- 2 - 100-66771 (JO WILKERSON) - *C. Andrews*
- 1 - 100-68219 (THOMAS GOOD) (Info) - *R. Hearn*

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Richardson

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DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/147



LA 56-156

stated that there was no way that SIRHAN could have known the other seven members of the Student Club of the CPUSA formed by CROWE, and these seven other individuals, in April 1967, on the campus of University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA).

THOMAS DANIEL GOOD, another school friend of SIRHAN and a reported CP member, was interviewed on 6/21/68, and advised of knowing SIRHAN, but was unable to furnish any information concerning SIRHAN's political views, and revealed he had never heard SIRHAN express his feelings regarding the KENNEDY Family or any other Government official.

Departmental letter to the Bureau dated 2/25/69, captioned "ASSASSINATION OF SENATOR ROBERT J. KENNEDY, 6/5/68", requested the Bureau to make a full inquiry into the possibility that the killing of Senator KENNEDY might have had its genesis in a conspiracy involving CP members and that SIRHAN might have been a knowing or unknowing instrument thereof.

Los Angeles letterhead memorandum (LHM) dated 4/24/69, reflected the findings of this office into this matter and covered all items set forth by the Department with the exception of interviewing the seven members of the Student Club of the CP.

Departmental letter dated 12/2/70, captioned "KENSALT", enclosed with Bureau airtel dated 12/4/70, requests the interview of these seven individuals.

The appropriate security files are being reopened, and each subject should be interviewed to determine if they knew SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN prior to the assassination date of 6/5/68 to determine any meetings that might have occurred with SIRHAN, any knowledge of his political beliefs, any discussions that they might have had with WALTER CROWE concerning SIRHAN or any information they might have concerning SIRHAN and/or the assassination of ROBERT J. KENNEDY.

LA 56-156

The Bureau has requested expeditious handling of this matter, and all interviews should be concluded within two weeks.

12/14/70

PLAINTEXT

TELETYPE

NITEL

TO: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-56267)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-68219)

THOMAS DANIEL GOOD, AKA TOM GOOD, SM DASH C.

FOR INFORMATION SAN FRANCISCO, IN CONNECTION WITH KENSALT INVESTIGATION, DEPARTMENTAL LETTER DATED DECEMBER TWO LAST REQUESTED INTERVIEW OF SEVEN MEMBERS OF STUDENT CLUB OF COMMUNIST PARTY USA FORMED BY WALTER SHERRILL CROWE, JR. AT UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGELES (UCLA) IN APRIL SIXTY SEVEN. CROWE WAS ASSOCIATE OF SIRHAN SIRHAN AND WAS PREVIOUSLY INTERVIEWED REGARDING THIS ASSOCIATION IN KENSALT INVESTIGATION. THOMAS DANIEL GOOD ALSO WAS A CLASSMATE OF SIRHAN AT PASADENA CITY COLLEGE AND WAS INTERVIEWED IN THE KENSALT INVESTIGATION.

NO INTERVIEW OF GOOD IS CONTEMPLATED AT THIS TIME BUT SAN FRANCISCO IS REQUESTED TO ADVISE LOS ANGELES OF THE CURRENT ADDRESS AND WHEREABOUTS OF GOOD.

1 - 56-156 (KENSALT)
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70971)

DATE: 12/4/70

FROM : SA GILBERT G. BENJAMIN

SUBJECT: SANTA MONICA CITY COLLEGE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
LA 5081-S	Meeting of Experimental College 11/12/70	11/13/70	Writer	134-3176A-286 (WR)

Informant's report has been xeroxed and is attached:

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

Source realizes FBI is not interested in the legitimate activities of any college or university, but she attended this as it was announced in literature at the Women Strike for Peace Office in Los Angeles.

All other necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

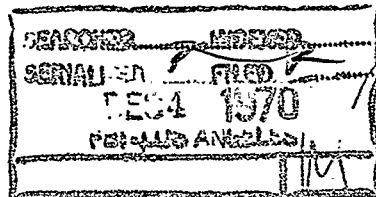
CC: 134-3176A-286A

100-61745 (WSP)
100-66026 (LA FREE PRESS)
157-4754 (LUKE MC KESSICK)
56-156 (KENSALT)

GGB/sal

(6) *sal*

Read By *ggb*



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/ue

C.N. 255,315



Santa Monica, California
November 12, 1970

On November 12, 1970 from 6:00 - 8:00 P.M., an experimental college class at Santa Monica College was observed. The class was entitled "Assassinations" and usually meets at 6:00 P.M. on Wednesday evenings. The class has been funded for the current school semester, but the organizers hope that it will be continued.

There were approximately 50 persons attending, most seemed to be college students. The John F. Kennedy assassination film by Zepruter was shown and discussed and then the Robert Kennedy assassination was discussed. There was special mention of the Free Press article, the strong possibility of a conspiracy occurring, the possibility that the security guard assigned to Kennedy did the actual shooting, and the testimony of witnesses was discussed in great detail. The 740 page brief filed in Los Angeles by Lou McKissic for Sirhan was discussed and other current events were mentioned.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/ur

C.N. 255,315

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Pending

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-Dead)

DATE: 12/10/70

FROM : SA JOHN C. O'NEIL

SUBJECT: ROLAND PIERRE DION
SM - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
CSLA 4703-S	Info re arrest of ROLAND PIERRE DION	11/20/70	Writer	134-2807A-688 (WR)

Source's report has been xeroxed and is attached:

ACTION:

All necessary action in connection with this memo
has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: SAIDALLAH BISHARA SIRHAN
R. HORAN
PAUL SMITH
ROBERT B. KAISER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/ld
C.N. 255,315

CC: 134-2807A-688A

56-156 (KENSALT)

jco/bje
(3) *by j*

Read by gco

56-156-3025

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
DEC 10 1970	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	



DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL

ARREST- INVESTIGATION REPORT

DATE OF REPORT				AREA 515		ACCIDENT NO.		FILE NUMBER F68-545-70		(To be completed by clerk)	
COURT				DATE OF TRIAL							
DJ. NO. 1		NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE) DION ROLAND PIERRE				ADDRESS 9561 LIVE OAK, PASADENA, CALIF.					
SEX ☒ MALE ☐ FEMALE		COLOR HAIR BROWN		COLOR EYES BLUE		HEIGHT 5'9"		WEIGHT 140		DATE OF BIRTH MAY 1 1938	
AGE 21		RACE W		COMPLEXION Fair		OPER. LICENSE NO. NONE		SOCIAL SECURITY NO. [REDACTED]		OCCUPATION CAR WASHER	
PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY/STATE) VENUEBUDEN, MISS.						CII NO.		ADDRESS FOOTHILL BLVD, PASADENA, CALIF.		PHONE	
EMPLOYER HASTINGS CAR WASH						ADDRESS		DATE OF NOTIFICATION			

NOTIFYING OFFICIAL 11 A		TIME-DATE OF ARREST 10-26-70 1945PM		LOCATION S.R. 2 NORTHERN DRAVING	
WHERE CONFINED A.V.S.O.		OFFENSE(S) CHARGED OR INVESTIGATED 245(B) PC		TIME-DATE SUBJECT ADVISED OF LEGAL RIGHTS 2005 10 26 70	

DJ. NO.		NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE)				ADDRESS					
SEX ☐ MALE ☐ FEMALE		COLOR HAIR		COLOR EYES		HEIGHT		WEIGHT		DATE OF BIRTH	
AGE		RACE		COMPLEXION		OPER. LICENSE NO.		SOCIAL SECURITY NO.		OCCUPATION	
PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY/STATE)						CII NO.		ADDRESS		PHONE	
EMPLOYER						ADDRESS		DATE OF NOTIFICATION			
NAME OF PARENT/GUARDIAN TO BE NOTIFIED						ADDRESS					

NOTIFYING OFFICIAL		TIME-DATE OF ARREST		LOCATION	
WHERE CONFINED		OFFENSE(S) CHARGED OR INVESTIGATED		TIME-DATE SUBJECT ADVISED OF LEGAL RIGHTS	

DJ. NO.		NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE)				ADDRESS					
SEX ☐ MALE ☐ FEMALE		COLOR HAIR		COLOR EYES		HEIGHT		WEIGHT		DATE OF BIRTH	
AGE		RACE		COMPLEXION		OPER. LICENSE NO.		SOCIAL SECURITY NO.		OCCUPATION	
PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY/STATE)						CII NO.		ADDRESS		PHONE	
EMPLOYER						ADDRESS		DATE OF NOTIFICATION			
NAME OF PARENT/GUARDIAN TO BE NOTIFIED						ADDRESS					

NOTIFYING OFFICIAL		TIME-DATE OF ARREST		LOCATION C.N. 255, 315	
WHERE CONFINED		OFFENSE(S) CHARGED OR INVESTIGATED		TIME-DATE SUBJECT ADVISED OF LEGAL RIGHTS	

MAKE		MODEL		TYPE		COLOR	
ENGINE/ID NO.		LICENSE		STATE		YEAR	
WHERE STORED/IMPOUNDED						☐ STORED ☐ IMPOUNDED CHP FORM 100 SUBMITTED ☐ YES ☐ NO	
NAME OF REGISTERED OWNER				ADDRESS			
NAME OF LEGAL OWNER				ADDRESS			

IF SUBJECT IS A JUVENILE.

SUPPLEMENTAL (check one)		DATE INCIDENT OR ACCIDENT OCCURRED 10.26.70	FILE NO. FLK-545-70	
✓ ARREST—INVESTIGATION (Supplements CHP Form 202—HCO 81.19)	SUBJECT/ACCIDENT LOCATION DION		CITATION NO. J-328902	
INTOXICATION (Supplements CHP Form 218—HCO 100.39)			COUNTY CODE 17	AREA CODE 545
TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT (Supplements CHP Form 110—HCO 110.5)	ORIGINAL ACCIDENT NO.			

INDEX	COMMENTS/SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION		
DATE OF OFFENSE	OCT 26.70 AT 1945 HRS ON S.R. 2 NEAR DAWSON SADDLE		
RIGHTS ADVISED	APPROX 2005 OCT. 26.70 AT ABOVE LOCATION.		
OUTSIDE AGENCIES	A.V.S.O. SUBJECT BOOKED AT 2300 HRS		
IDENTIFICATION	SUBJECT #1 DION, ROLAND PIERRE (22) WM 9561 LINDOAK TERRACE CITY WITNESS #1 RITENOUR, DAVID GLEN (ARRESTING OFFICER 14 YR. OLD SON) ADDRESS NOT GIVEN. WIT #2 SIRHAN, SAIDALLAH BISHARA. 1659 N. LAKE AVE, APT 7, PASADENA, CAL. M-38 YRS.		
SUMMARY.	UPON ARRIVING AT A NON-INJURY T.C. ON S.R. 2 NEAR DAWSON SADDLE. I ASCERTAINED THAT SUBJECT DION & WITNESS SIRHAN WERE DRIVER & PASSENGER. UNKNOWN WHICH WAS DRIVING. MY 14 YEAR OLD SON WAS RIDING WITH ME AS AN OBSERVER. WITNESS SIRHAN WAS VERY DRUNK & WAS PLACED UNDER ARREST FOR 647FPC. SUBJECT DION WAS PROFANE & THREATENED TO "WASTE" THIS OFFICER, THREW HIM OVER THE EDGE & DROVE THE PATROL CAR TO PASADENA. CONSTANTLY CHANGED ATTITUDES. IN ONE OF HIS NICER PHASES I TOLD HIM IF HE WOULD		
PREPARED BY NAME/RANK	I.D. NO.	DATE PREPARED	REVIEWED—APPROVED BY NAME
RITENOUR			
NAME/RANK	2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176	RANK	I.D. NO.
			DATE

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL

SUPPLEMENTAL

(check one)

DATE INCIDENT OR ACCIDENT OCCURRED

10-7-6-70

FILE NO

F 68-545-70

✓ ARREST-INVESTIGATION

(Supplements CHP Form 202-HGO 81.19)

SUBJECT/ACCIDENT LOCATION

DION

CITATION NO.

J 328902

INTOXICATION

(Supplements CHP Form 218-HGO 100.39)

COUNTY CODE

AREA CODE

TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT

(Supplements CHP Form 110-HGO 110.5)

ORIGINAL ACCIDENT NO.

19

545

INDEX

COMMENTS/SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

BEGANNE HIMSELF & CALLED DOWN THAT I WOULD GIVE HIM A RIDE OFF THE MOUNTAIN. HE RESPONDED HE WOULDN'T RIDE IN A PIG CAR THAT HE WOULD WALK HOME OR GO SLEEP IN A CAVE OR ALONGSIDE THE ROAD. HE ASKED IF HE WAS UNDER ARREST FOR ANYTHING. I TOLD HIM "NO." HE SAID "THEN I'M LEAVING" HE STARTED WALKING WEST AWAY FROM SCENE. I CARRIED WITNESS SIGN TO MY PATROL CAR & WAS PUTTING SEAT BELT ON HIM WHEN MY SON SAID "DAD! HE JUST PICKED UP A ROCK & IS COMING BACK" I LOOKED TO THE WEST & SUBJECT WAS WALKING TOWARD ME APPROX. 200' AWAY. HIS RIGHT HAND WAS DOWN AT HIS SIDE WITH PALM BACK AS HE GOT CLOSER I MOVED OUT INTO THE ROADWAY FACING HIM. I TURNED MY FLASHLIGHT TO MY SON. I WAS FORWARD OF THE PATROL CAR LIGHTS. I YELLED FOR HIM TO STOP AND TO DROP THE ROCK. HE SAID NOTHING BUT CONTINUED TOWARD ME. I DREW MY SERVICE REVOLVER & AIMED IT AT HIM TELLING HIM TO STOP OR GET SHOT - HE CONTINUED. I BACKED UP 4-5 STEPS, REPLACED MY REVOLVER IN THE HOLSTER. I THEN TOOK MY BATON FROM ITS RING HOLDER & STOOD STILL. I TOLD HIM TO STOP. HE CONTINUED WALKING TOWARD ME SAYING "A SURE I JUST

PREPARED BY

I.D. NO.

DATE PREPARED

REVIEWED—APPROVED BY

NAME/RANK

RITENOUR

NAME

NAME/RANK

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

RANK

I.D. NO.

DATE

SUPPLEMENTAL (check one)		DATE INCIDENT OR ACCIDENT OCCURRED	FILE NO. F-68-54570	
✓ ARREST—INVESTIGATION (Supplements CHP Form 202—HGO 81.19)	SUBJECT/ACCIDENT LOCATION DION	CITATION NO. J-328902	COUNTY CODE	
INTOXICATION (Supplements CHP Form 218—HGO 100.39)			AREA CODE	
TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT (Supplements CHP Form 110—HGO 110.5)	ORIGINAL ACCIDENT NO.			

INDEX	COMMENTS/SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
	WANT TO TALK TO YOU. WHAT'S GOING ON"? I JABBERED HIM TWICE WITH THE END ^{IN THE CHEST} OF THE BATON & THEN SWUNG OVERHEAD ONE TIME & STRUCK HIM ON THE HEAD. HIS KNEES BUCKLED & HE SPUN AROUND & DOWN. A ROCK APPROX. THE SIZE OF A BASEBALL FELL FROM HIS RIGHT HAND. MY SON PICKED UP THE ROCK & THREW IT TO SIDE OF ROADWAY. WE FELL TO THE GROUND WITH ME ON THE TOP. HIS HANDS WERE UNDER HIM (KNUCKLES WERE SCRAPPED) I TOOK OFF MY BELT & SECURED HIS HANDS BEHIND HIS BACK BUT HE WRESTLED FREE. I TOLD HIM IF HE GOT UP I WOULD HIT HIM AGAIN. I CALLED FOR BACK-UP. SGT BORDEN & 89-7A STEWART & MILLER RESPONDED. 3 KINKERS & 2 DURRIS ALSO RESPONDED. 89-7A TOOK SUBJECT TO A V. HOSPITAL AND AT 2235 HRS DOCTOR CULPEPPER TOOK 6 SUTURES TO CLOSE WOUND IN SUBJECTS HEAD. TETANUS SHOT GIVEN BY NURSE LINDA EVANS. WITNESSED BY STEWART. SUBJECT WAS BOOKED AT AVSO AT 2310 FOR 245(B)PC.

STATEMENTS

AT AVSO SUBJECT STATED THAT HE SAW THE
GUN POINTED AT HIM BUT WANTED TO KNOW WHAT
WAS GOING ON. SAID HE WASN'T GOING TO HIT ME
WITH THE ROCK JUST WAS GOING TO PUT IT THRU

PREPARED BY:	I.D. NO.	DATE PREPARED	REVIEWED—APPROVED BY		
NAME/RANK RITENOUR TO	2508		NAME		
NAME/RANK			RANK	I.D. NO.	DATE
2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176					

SUPPLEMENTAL
(check one)

DATE INCIDENT OR ACCIDENT OCCURRED

FILE NO.

F.-68-545-10

✓ ARREST—INVESTIGATION
(Supplements CHP Form 202—HGO 81.19)

SUBJECT/ACCIDENT LOCATION

CITATION NO.

J-328902

INTOXICATION
(Supplements CHP Form 218—HGO 100.39)

DION

COUNTY CODE

AREA CODE

545

TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT
(Supplements CHP Form 110—HGO 110.5)

ORIGINAL ACCIDENT NO.

INDEX

COMMENTS/SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

THE WINDSHIELD OF THE PATROL CAR, ALSO THAT HE RECEIVED A DISHONORABLE DISCHARGE FROM THE SERVICE FOR BEATING UP HIS GUARDS - IN SOLITARY CONFINEMENT FOR MOST OF TIME IN SERVICE, ALSO WAS ARRESTED FOR DWI-WALKING & RESISTED THE OFFICER.

STATEMENT OF DAVID ELON RITENOUR. STATED TO ME THAT HE THOUGHT THAT SUBJECT WAS GOING TO ATTACK ME BODILY WITH THE ROCK. ALSO INDICATED THAT EVIDENCE ROCK APPEARS TO BE THE SAME ROCK. HE PICKED IT UP WHERE HE REMEMBERED THROWING IT. 1 ROCK MARKED BY ME & RETAINED BY CHP.

IT IS MY OPINION THAT SUBJECT INTENDED TO USE THE ROCK TO DO BODILY INJURY TO ME SINCE HE HAD AMPLE TIME TO THROW THE ROCK AT THE PATROL CAR AS HE ADVANCED. ALSO HE KEPT HIS ATTENTION ON ME & ADVANCED BEYOND THE WINDSHIELD TO THE SIDE OF THE PATROL CAR. HIS PRIOR THREATS TO DO ME BODILY HARM TEND TO SHOW HIS INTENT.

SUBMIT TO D.A. FOR COMPLAINT.

PREPARED BY

I.D. NO:

DATE PREPARED

REVIEWED—APPROVED BY

NAME/RANK

RITENOUR

T.O.

2503

10-26-70

NAME

J. C. Berry

NAME/RANK

RANK

I.D. NO.

DATE

3516

10-26-70

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

MEMORANDUM

Date 10-26-70

File No. _____

From: G. Baynes, SgtTo: W. Llewellyn, A/Capt.Subject: Arrest of Said Sirhan by CHP.

At approx. 2230 CHP Officer Ritner in station
 looking SAID SIRHAN, MI/38, brother of Sirhan Sirhan
 647F PC.

Officer Ritner stated that Said offered no
 resistance, but his Companion, Ronald P.
 Lion, MA/22 attacked him with a rock.

☐ FOR YOUR INFORMATION.☐ REPORT ON RESULTS REQUIRED.☐ VERBAL REPORT ONLY, CONFIDENTIAL.

II

As Officer Ritner subdued him with a
 blow to the head with his baton.

The two suspects were observed by a Forestry
 Employee tipping a vehicle over an embankment,
 and the vehicle landed about 700 ft. down the
 mountainside. The vehicle was inspected by the
 Forestry employee after it landed at the bottom,
 and it was found that no one was in the auto.

The CHP duty Sgt says they will locate
 everything, including the 245 - a killed man,
 but who came to California.

BECAUSE THE CHP WANTS TO HANDLE THE
WHOLE THING - I DIDN'T PUT OUT THE CODE
90. THEY CAN HANDLE THAT TOO!

I'll INSTRUCT our PEOPLE TO ~~NOT~~ TELL
ANY NEWS MEDIA TO CONTACT THE CHP

Released on sat. 0400 10-27-70
JB

CP 388
411

"I have sworn upon
the altar of God, eternal
hostility against every
form of terrorism
over the mind of
man." -- Jefferson

NAME R. HORAN
BOOKING NO. 831-210
BKS. NO. 1150 DORM 3
P.O. BOX 54320
TERMINAL ANNEX
L.A. CALIF 90054

PALL I SMITH

315 west

607

★
Q. Would you tell me where I can reach Robert
B. Kaiser, author of "R.F.K. Must Die," a biogra-
phy of Sirhan Sirhan? F. G., Pasadena.
A. We are told his address is 4111 Regents
Court, Westlake Village, Calif. 91360.
★

Gazing stock
زينة السواد

2874
olive
ALT

castile
Bragg's
tincture
scalp
detoxifying
detoxifying
Pertinent Facts

Sirhan Sirhan attempted to send the following telegrams from San Quentin Prison on September 9, 1970, but was denied permission because it was a holiday and authorities did not deem them sufficiently important to open up the wire room.

To Luke McKissack, New York City:

"DISHEARTENED BY CRUELTY OF STATE DEPARTMENT TO YOU AND MOM. RELAY THE FOLLOWING TO PFLP FORCE, "FULL ROYAL FLUSH AND HOLD FAST AT ALL COSTS."

TO MUNIR SIRHAN, PASADENA:

W "FLY UP IMMEDIATELY WITH MOM. BRING PRESS BUT SAY NOTHING TO THEM YET."

(MCKISSACK SAYS HE RECEIVED THE TELEGRAM THE FOLLOWING DAY IN N.Y. SAYS IT WAS WRITTEN IN A CODE THAT ONLY HE UNDERSTANDS. SAYS HE WILL NEVER DIVULGE THE CONTENTS TO ANYONE.)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJD/hyo

C.N. 255, 315

*Received 1/6/71 from
File Hayes, CBS News (conceal)
at 11:00 AM
L17
J. J. [signature]*

56-156-3026

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 6 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

F B I

Date: 1/6/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re Bureau airtel dated 12/4/70.

Interviews completed with six members of the Student Club, Southern California District Communist Party, USA. Those interviewed refused to discuss subject matter with Agents.

Investigation continuing to locate SUSAN ROMO for interview. At conclusion of this interview a letterhead memorandum will be submitted regarding complete results of investigation.

Appropriate local authorities interviewed regarding publication, "RFK Must Die," and intend no action in regard to this book.

2 - Bureau
② - Los Angeles

AOR/lkb
(4)

OFFICE COPY

56-156-3027
SEARCHED —
INDEXED —
SERIALIZED —
FILED —

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

GPO : 1970 O - 402-735

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-61745)

DATE: 12/23/70

FROM : SA GILBERT G. BENJAMIN

SUBJECT: WOMEN STRIKE FOR PEACE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
LA 5081-S	Experimental College Class at SMCC 11/18/70	11/24/70	Writer	134-3176A-290 (WR)

Informant's report has been xeroxed and is attached:

ACTION:

C.N. 255, 315
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE *8-11-86* BY *SP6 BJA/ur*

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

Source orally advised that these series of classes at the experimental college at Santa Monica City College have been discussed at meetings of the Women Strike for Peace (WSP)

CC: 134-3176A-290A

100-19333 (COMINFIL-RADIO-TV)
100-32495 (ATTACKS AGAINST THE FBI)
100-69295 (ORPHA GOLDBERG)
100-76496 (JO ANN WACHT)
100-71632 (JILL MOLSON)
~~56-165~~ (SIRHAN SIRHAN)

GGB/bjg
(8)

Read by *[signature]*

156
56-165 - *3028*

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 23 1970	
FBI-LOS ANGELES	



LA.100-61745

and the individuals mentioned in this report with the exception of ART KEVIN are associated with WSP.

All other necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: ART KEVIN

Santa Monica, California
November 18, 1970

On November 18, 1970 from 6:00 - 8:00 P.M. at Santa Monica College, an Experimental College class on Assassinations was held. Attending the class were approximately 60 persons, among whom were:

Orpha Goldberg
Jo Ann Wacht
Jill Molson
Art Kevin (radio newscaster and commentator)

Art Kevin was the guest speaker for the evening. He talked at great length about the Clay-Shaw trial and several of the ridiculous persons associated with that investigation. He told about the F.B.I. tactics while he was in New Orleans and in Los Angeles. He said that no matter what else, he will present the facts as they are presented to him no matter what his opinion is. He says that the F.B.I. has dealt him some wrongful blows in the past few years, but he has reported them on the air as they happened hoping that people will hear the facts and react in the proper manner. He said that he had some very good interviews set up with witnesses to one of the Kennedy assassinations; these witnesses were approached by the F.B.I. and were told to keep silent. There are some that believe, he said, that the F.B.I. had something to do with the J.F.K. assassination. He said that here in Los Angeles is a man who deals in oil and who has an office on La Cienega; this man was in Dallas at the time of J.F.K.'s death, was in the Ambassador Hotel at the time of Robert Kennedy's death, and was associated with the smuggling of James Earl Ray out of the U.S. to Canada (this man is said to be a right winger). Art Kevin said that he doubted that anyone but Sirhan had attempted to kill Kennedy and said that eye-witnesses are not always reliable witnesses.

11-18-70

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/140
C. N. 255, 315



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

January 12, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Reference is made to the memorandum of Deputy Attorney General Richard G. Kleindienst, dated December 2, 1970, regarding the investigation of the assassination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy on June 5, 1968.

Reference is also made to the letterhead memorandum prepared by the Los Angeles Office of the FBI dated April 24, 1969, copies of which were furnished to the Department of Justice.

This letterhead memorandum dated April 24, 1969, listed the following individuals as members of the "Student Group of the Communist Party", which Walter S. Crowe admitted forming at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) in April of 1967:

Judy Arraj
James Berland
Walter Crowe
William Divale
Clifford Fried
Lucille Fried
Susan Romo
Judith Schub
Jo Wilkinson

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP 6 BJA/UC
C.N. 255,315

The results of interview with Walter S. Crowe have previously been furnished to your department. The information of William Divale, who was referred to as Source one in the letterhead memorandum of April 24, 1969, concerning this matter, is also known to your department.

The results of the attempted interviews with the members of the "Student Group of the Communist Party" follow.

56-156-3029

SEARCHED —
INDEXED —
SERIALIZED —
FILED —

5 - Bureau (62-587)
② - Los Angeles (56-156)

AQR/emc

OFFICE COPY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 12/22/70

JUDY ARRAJ was contacted for interview at her residence, Apartment 5, 2931 2nd Street.

ARRAJ opened the door to her apartment and greeted Agents in a friendly manner. Agents asked if she was JUDY ARRAJ and she responded affirmatively. Agents then identified themselves to her as Special Agents of the FBI. ARRAJ stated "goodbye" and slammed the door to her apartment terminating interview.

- 2 -

On 12/17/70 at Santa Monica, California File # Los Angeles 56-156
Los Angeles 100-64508
by SA FRANCIS G. KAHL and
SA THEODORE J. A'HEARN/TJA/ecr Date dictated 12/17/70

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 12/22/70

An unidentified female answered the rear door at 44 Thorton Avenue, Venice, California. She was advised of the identity of the contacting agents and a request was made to speak with JAMES F. BERLAND. She advised that BERLAND was not home to the FBI and shut the door. A brown Volvo automobile bearing California license IOR 116 was parked at the rear of this address and a check of California Department of Motor Vehicles, disclosed this vehicle was registered to BERLAND at this address. BERLAND was observed in the kitchen, but did not come to the door. The unidentified female declined to identify herself.

- 3 -

On 12/17/70 at Venice, California File # Los Angeles 100-64507

SA's FRANCIS G. KAHL and
by THEODORE J. A'HEARN/FGK/mam/emc Date dictated 12/22/70

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 12/22/70

LUCILLE FRIED was contacted for interview at her residence, Apartment 3, 1734 Armacost Avenue. Agents knocked on the door to her apartment. A female responded inquiring as to who was there. Agents asked for LUCILLE FRIED and the female responded, "I am LUCY FRIED". Agents then identified themselves as Special Agents of the FBI. She stated she had nothing to say to the FBI and the Agents could contact her attorney, who she identified as FRANK PESTANA.

Agents asked LUCY FRIED if her husband, CLIFFORD FRIED, was at home. She stated he was but he was in the shower. LUCY stated that CLIFFORD FRIED would not speak with the FBI either.

Agents requested LUCY FRIED to advise CLIFFORD FRIED that the Agents requested to interview him. She stated she would. After a few moments, LUCY FRIED advised the Agents that CLIFFORD FRIED would not talk with the FBI and to contact his attorney, FRANK PESTANA.

The interview was conducted without the door to the FRIEDs' apartment being opened.

- 4 -

On 12/17/70 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156
SA FRANCIS G. KAHL and Los Angeles 100-54669
by SA THEODORE J. A'HEARN/TJA/ecr Los Angeles 100-68125
Date dictated 12/17/70

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 1/6/71

On January 6, 1971, SUSAN FAY ROMO was interviewed by Special Agents DANNY B. JAMES and ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS in front of her residence, 3348 Wood Terrace, Los Angeles, California. Upon identifying themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to ROMO, it was pointed out to her that the Agents desired to speak to her concerning any knowledge she may have regarding SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN prior to the assassination of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY on June 5, 1968.

ROMO advised the Agents that her mind was a blank and that she would not speak except in the presence of her attorney. When asked if she would consent to be interviewed by the FBI in the presence of her attorney, she advised that she would not at any time talk to the FBI.

ROMO terminated the interview by entering her automobile and driving away.

- 5 -

On 1/6/71 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 100-65556

SA DANNY B. JAMES and
by ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS/DBJ/emc Date dictated 1/6/71

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 31, 1970

Mrs. JUDITH FERN WOLFENSTEIN was interviewed at her residence, 9819 Yoakum Drive, Beverly Hills, California, in the presence of her husband, Mr. E. VICTOR WOLFENSTEIN, during the morning of December 31, 1970.

She was advised of the identities of the writers and was told we wished to talk with her. She said she had nothing she wished to discuss with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. She was told we wished to ask her some questions about WALTER S. CROWE. Mrs. WOLFENSTEIN answered that she did not wish to discuss Mr. CROWE with representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

At this point Mrs. WOLFENSTEIN said she did not wish to discuss the matter further. She thanked them for carrying her copy of the morning edition of the "Los Angeles Times" newspaper to her door from the street curb, and said "Good morning," thus terminating the interview.

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On 12/31/70 at Beverly Hills, California File # LA 100-65200
by CHARLES C. WILSON ccw
GILBERT G. BENJAMIN/ggb 1/2 B Date dictated 12/31/70

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 12/22/70

JO WILKINSON was contacted for the purpose of an interview immediately in front of the John Marshall High School, 3939 Tracy Street, Los Angeles, California, where she is employed as a clerk.

After identifying themselves as Special Agents of the FBI and apprising her of the general nature of this inquiry relative to her acquaintance and association, if any, with SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN and matters related therewith, WILKINSON, without admitting her identity fully, stated that she did not want to speak to the FBI except in the presence of an attorney. Upon inquiry as to her attorney, she stated that her father, not otherwise identified, would need to be contacted for his name.

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On 12/22/70 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 100-66771

by SAs LESLIE F. WARREN and
JOHN P. ANDREWS/LFW/emc Date dictated 12/22/70

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SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Prior investigation concerning this phase of the Kennedy assassination developed information that Thomas Daniel Good had been a friend of Sirhan and also had attended classes with Sirhan at Pasadena City College. Good, like William S. Crowe, had also been a member of a Youth Section of the Southern California District Communist Party and his Communist Party membership had been confirmed. Good was interviewed at San Jose, California, on June 13, 1968, and also at San Francisco, California on June 14, 1968. Copies of these interviews are being included for the information of the Department.

6/13/68

Date

THOMAS D. GOOD was located at his place of residence, a rooming house at 22 South 11th Street, San Jose, at approximately 1:30 P.M., June 13, 1968. The interviewing agents identified themselves to GOOD through display of FBI credentials. GOOD advised SAs KIDWELL and SAMPLE that he would not be able to talk to them without first consulting his attorney, one AUBREY GROSSMAN, of San Francisco.

GOOD stated that he would attempt to reach his attorney by telephone and get an opinion from him regarding an interview with FBI agents. He placed a long-distance call to San Francisco with Agents SAMPLE and KIDWELL present, and was informed that Mr. GROSSMAN was not available. SA KIDWELL asked GOOD if the name SIRHAN SIRHAN was familiar to him. GOOD responded that he recognized the name. SA KIDWELL asked him if the name was familiar to him over and above what he had read recently in the press. GOOD replied that it was.

SA KIDWELL informed GOOD that the interviewing agents desired to discuss SIRHAN SIRHAN with him. GOOD stated that even though the topic of interview was to be in connection with his knowledge of SIRHAN SIRHAN, he still would need the approval of his attorney before being interviewed. In conclusion, he stated that he would attempt again to reach Mr. GROSSMAN during the afternoon of June 13, 1968, and upon receiving Mr. GROSSMAN's opinion in this matter, would immediately recontact FBI agents.

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On 6/13/68 at San Jose, California File # 62-5481

by WILLIAM N. KIDWELL, JR. & MALCOLM E. SAMPLE Date dictated 6/13/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date 6/21/68

THOMAS DANIEL GOOD, 22 South 11th Street, San Jose, California 95112, was interviewed in the San Francisco Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, on June 14, 1968. GOOD voluntarily appeared accompanied by his attorney, AUBREY GROSSMAN, who was present during the interview.

GOOD related that he is unemployed and is a student at San Jose State College, San Jose, California. His parents are ROSCOE WAYNE and INEZ GOOD, who reside at 1364 Elizabeth Street, Pasadena, California 91104. He was born on June 27, 1945, at Altadena, California.

GOOD furnished the following information concerning the individual whose photograph appeared in local newspapers, identified as SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN, reported assassin of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY:

He first met this individual at John Muir High School, Pasadena California, in what he recalls to have been the 1962-63 school year when he was in the 11th grade. This individual was known to him only as SIRHAN, with no other names recalled. He believes he first heard of SIRHAN at Social Science class during a discussion on the question of politics. During this discussion some student suggested that he felt they should hear from SIRHAN on his views since the discussion, as recalled by GOOD, involved the Middle East. He thereafter became an acquaintance of SIRHAN and never did consider him what he would term a friend. He thereafter visited in SIRHAN's home on approximately three occasions, and on one occasion SIRHAN visited in GOOD's home. GOOD recalled that he went on a picnic with SIRHAN's mother and a sister who is now deceased. Also present at this picnic were a Mrs. HAYWARD, address unknown, and some members of her family. Mrs. HAYWARD reportedly knew Mrs. SIRHAN from church attendance, and he recalled that Mrs. HAYWARD was also a friend of his parents.

As GOOD recalls, he last saw SIRHAN in 1964. He remembers SIRHAN as a student at Pasadena City College for at least one semester during the time GOOD attended from the Fall of 1963 until

On 6/14/68 at San Francisco, California File # LA 56-156 SF 62-5481

-10-

by STANLEY F. FEWSTER & GEORGE P. GALLOWAY / FR Date dictated 6/20/68

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July, 1965. GOOD was a member of the Young Democrats at Pasadena City College. He was unaware of any other political organizations and does not know what groups or organizations SIRHAN belonged to, if any. He recalled that SIRHAN had some contact with other Arab students but he had no knowledge if there was any formal group or organization among such students. He stated there was a large group of Arab students attending Pasadena City College at that time. GOOD stated he was unable to furnish any information concerning SIRHAN's political views but recalled him as being very anti-Israel. He was aware that SIRHAN came from Palestine and attributed his feeling toward Israel to his national origin.

GOOD is acquainted with one WALTER CROWE and recalled that CROWE was a friend of SIRHAN. He related that CROWE met SIRHAN when the latter first came to the United States. CROWE also attended elementary school with SIRHAN and later John Muir High School. He stated that he knew of no contacts between CROWE and SIRHAN outside the context of the school. CROWE mentioned SIRHAN to GOOD on more than one occasion but never commented on the political beliefs of SIRHAN.

GOOD related that he never heard SIRHAN express his feelings regarding the KENNEDY family or any other Government official. He stated that he recalled the reactions of numerous friends to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY but does not recall the reaction of SIRHAN to this event. He stated there was nothing in his acquaintance with SIRHAN on which he could base any motive for his action in this case. He recalled SIRHAN as a very distant individual, no matter how friendly one became with him. He recalled him as an individual who seemed to be alienated from people in general, even from other Arabs, and WALTER CROWE appeared to be his only friend and this friendship was not a close one. He stated he never detected any strain of violence in SIRHAN, but, to the contrary, remembered once when he was visiting in the SIRHAN home there was a deaf-mute or blind girl also present and SIRHAN seemed very gentle to her.

GOOD related that of the many Arab students who attended Pasadena State College with whom he was acquainted, SIRHAN had stronger ideas of Arab nationalism than any of the others.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

In regard to the book entitled, "R.F.K. Must Die!", by Robert Blair Kaiser, it is noted that based on a review of this text it would not appear that any additional investigation is warranted as no new facts were presented in this book that had not been adjudicated through investigation conducted by the FBI and the Los Angeles Police Department.

It is of interest to note that on pages 291 and 329 of this text, Dr. Eric Marcus, one of the psychiatrists who interviewed and tested Sirhan, and even interviewed him while Sirhan was in a hypnotic state, has made the statement according to the author on page 291, "Nor did Sirhan ever join a young Communist cell or make any effort to communicate with Al Fatah." Also, on page 329 the author indicated that Marcus explored Sirhan's Communism, found it was a solitary thing, little more than a vague demand for a more equitable distribution of this world's goods.

John Howard, Assistant District Attorney of Los Angeles County, advised that his department questioned a few of the quotations alleged to have been made by himself, Lynn Compton, and David Fitts, who comprised the prosecution team, but did not intend to make any issue concerning this matter. Further, Howard advised no new information was brought forth in this publication and therefore, his department would take no action based upon the-book.

Deputy Chief Robert Houghton of the Los Angeles Police Department stated that the book had been reviewed by his department and as no new information was set forth therein, his department intended taking no action or conducting any further investigation concerning this case.

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F B I

Date: 1/12/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)
 RE: KENSALT

Re Bureau airtel to Los Angeles dated 12/4/70, and
 Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau dated 1/6/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five (5) copies of a
 letterhead memorandum (LHM) in response to request set forth
 in memorandum to the Bureau from RICHARD G. KLEINDIENST,
 Deputy Attorney General, dated 12/2/70, regarding the
 assassination of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY on 6/5/68.

It is noted that as set forth in Los Angeles airtel
 to the Bureau captioned, "KENSALT", dated 4/24/69, interview
 of the members of the Student Club, Southern California
 District Communist Party (SCDCP) was previously withheld, as
 there was no evidence to indicate any Communist conspiracy
 existed in the relationship between SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN,
 WALTER S. CROWE, and the assassination of ROBERT F. KENNEDY.
 Also, former LA 4688-S at that time was being made available
 to the Department in cases relating to petitions to the
 Subversive Activities Control Board (SACB) under provisions of
 the Internal Securities Act as amended. Also, it was felt at
 that time that interview of the members of the Student Club
 might jeopardize the effectiveness of former LA 4688-S in his
 testimony before the SACB.

Interview of the seven members of the Student Group,
 SCDCP has now been completed in accordance with Bureau

2 - Bureau (Encls. 5)
 ② - Los Angeles

AOR:emc
 (4) *mac*

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DATE 8-11-80 BY SP 6 BBA/ML

56-156-3030
SEARCHED —

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FILED —

Approved: _____

Sent _____

C. N. M. Per

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

GPO : 1970 O - 102-733

LA 56-156

instructions and the results are set forth in enclosed LHM. In regard to the book entitled, "R.F.K. Must Die!", published by E. P. Dutton and Company, Incorporated, the author, ROBERT BLAIR KAISER, presents a history of the ROBERT F. KENNEDY assassination and expounds a personal theory, not substantiated by the investigation conducted by the FBI and the Los Angeles Police Department, that SIRHAN was programmed to kill ROBERT KENNEDY, referring to a so called Manchurian candidate theory.

KAISER traces a history of the assassination, beginning with the night of the California Primary, 6/4/68, when KENNEDY arrived at the Ambassador Hotel after having spent several hours at the home of JOHN FRANKENHEIMER at Malibu, California.

The book continues with a vivid description of the shooting in the pantry area of the Embassy Room at the Ambassador Hotel, the subsequent capture of SIRHAN, and the transfer of KENNEDY to the Central Receiving Hospital, and finally to the Good Samaritan Hospital, where he later died.

Much of the book is devoted to a discussion of the legal machinations of the defense team in determining the plea for SIRHAN and the strategy of defending SIRHAN, which finally evolved into a defense of diminished capacity.

Psychiatrists played a very significant aspect in the planning of the defense of this case, and KAISER allots several chapters to the psychiatrists' evaluation of SIRHAN, their interviews with him, and their testing of him. It would appear that KAISER's theory of the alleged programming of SIRHAN evolved from the testing and evaluation of SIRHAN by Dr. BERNARD L. DIAMOND of the University of California at Berkeley, brought into the case by SIRHAN's attorney, GRANT COOPER. KAISER obviously favors DIAMOND's theory of the trance-like spell in which SIRHAN operated. On page 416 of the text, wherein the author describes a meeting of the various

LA 56-156

psychiatrists with the defense attorneys, DIAMOND's viewpoint is brought forth indicating that DIAMOND was convinced that SIRHAN was in a trance when he killed KENNEDY.

KAISER, through strong innuendo, suggests that the investigators averted any conspiracy findings, but he presents no factual evidence to support his theory.

Various aspects of the KENNEDY investigation are set forth through KAISER's reporting of the trial and included are such areas as the investigation at the rifle range, and the purchase of ammunition at the Lock Stock and Barrel Gun Shop.

KAISER was apparently impressed by his position of being able to talk to SIRHAN and suggests that he had a significant influence on the planning of the defense and that he was of material assistance to the psychiatrists, particularly Dr. BERNARD L. DIAMOND, who examined and tested SIRHAN.

KAISER's theory that SIRHAN was programmed to kill KENNEDY is not supported by any factual material and he does not present any new or different facts of the case that were not completely adjudicated by the FBI and Los Angeles Police Department investigations.

Further, in compliance with Bureau instructions, the respective local authorities were contacted concerning their reaction to the publication, "R.F.K. Must Die!", and all of them indicated that they intend no further action based upon this book.

On 12/17/70, JOHN HOWARD, Assistant District Attorney, Los Angeles County, advised that after this book was published, District Attorney EVELLE J. YOUNGER sent a letter to the Attorney General of the United States with a copy to the United States Attorney at Los Angeles, offering any assistance concerning this matter. HOWARD indicated that this letter had

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been acknowledged by the Office of the Attorney General of the United States, but that no comment had been made. HOWARD further indicated that he had read the book and questioned a few of the alleged quotations of his and the other prosecution attorneys. HOWARD stated, however, that they were making no issue, as they did not want to stir up publicity that would merely result in a possible sales stimulus for the book. HOWARD further advised that the book developed no new information and therefore his department would take no further action concerning this matter.

On 12/29/70, United States Attorney, ROBERT L. MEYER, Los Angeles, advised that he had received a copy of the letter that District Attorney EVELLE J. YOUNGER had sent to the Attorney General and that he had received no instructions from the Department of Justice to conduct any inquiry concerning this matter and that he would certainly not initiate any action on his own behalf without Departmental instructions or at least based upon a recommendation from the FBI. MEYER stated that he himself had not actually read the text of this book, but that he had read reviews of it and would not be in a position to take any action unless he were so instructed by the Department of Justice.

On 12/29/70, Deputy Chief ROBERT HOUGHTON, Los Angeles Police Department, advised that his department had read the book, "R.F.K. Must Die!", but that the book presented no new facts and that his department contemplated no action as a result of this text.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 1/6/71

On January 6, 1971, SUSAN FAY ROMO was interviewed by Special Agents DANNY B. JAMES and ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS in front of her residence, 3348 Wood Terrace, Los Angeles, California. Upon identifying themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to ROMO, it was pointed out to her that the Agents desired to speak to her concerning any knowledge she may have regarding SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN prior to the assassination of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY on June 5, 1968.

ROMO advised the Agents that her mind was a blank and that she would not speak except in the presence of her attorney. When asked if she would consent to be interviewed by the FBI in the presence of her attorney, she advised that she would not at any time talk to the FBI.

ROMO terminated the interview by entering her automobile and driving away.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/40

C.N. 253,315

On 1/6/71 at Los Angeles, California File # Los

by SA DANNY B. JAMES and
ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS/DBJ/emc

Date dictated

56-156-3031

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

DBJ-emc RHC
Claudio RHC

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 12/22/70

JO WILKINSON was contacted for the purpose of an interview immediately in front of the John Marshall High School, 3939 Tracy Street, Los Angeles, California, where she is employed as a clerk.

After identifying themselves as Special Agents of the FBI and apprising her of the general nature of this inquiry relative to her acquaintance and association, if any, with SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN and matters related therewith, WILKINSON, without admitting her identity fully, stated that she did not want to speak to the FBI except in the presence of an attorney. Upon inquiry as to her attorney, she stated that her father, not otherwise identified, would need to be contacted for his name.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/142 *Not original*

C.N. 255,315

56-156-3032

On 12/22/70 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 100-66771
by SAs LESLIE F. WARREN and JOHN P. ANDREWS/LFW/emc Date dictated 12/22/70
FBI - LOS ANGELES

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JAN 23 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date December 31, 1970

Mrs. JUDITH FERN WOLFENSTEIN was interviewed at her residence, 9819 Yoakum Drive, Beverly Hills, California, in the presence of her husband, Mr. E. VICTOR WOLFENSTEIN, during the morning of December 31, 1970.

She was advised of the identities of the writers and was told we wished to talk with her. She said she had nothing she wished to discuss with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. She was told we wished to ask her some questions about WALTER S. CROWE. Mrs. WOLFENSTEIN answered that she did not wish to discuss Mr. CROWE with representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

At this point Mrs. WOLFENSTEIN said she did not wish to discuss the matter further. She thanked them for carrying her copy of the morning edition of the "Los Angeles Times" newspaper to her door from the street curb, and said "Good morning," thus terminating the interview.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP 6 BJA/UD

C.N. 255, 3/5

On 12/31/70 at Beverly Hills, California File # LA 100-55200

CHARLES C. WILSON *ccw*

GILBERT G. BENJAMIN/ggb *ggb*

by _____ Date dictated _____

56-156-3033

SEARCHED <i>ggb</i>	INDEXED <i>ggb</i>
SERIALIZED <i>ggb</i>	FILED <i>ggb</i>
JAN 13 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 12/22/70

An unidentified female answered the rear door at 44 Thorton Avenue, Venice, California. She was advised of the identity of the contacting agents and a request was made to speak with JAMES F. BERLAND. She advised that BERLAND was not home to the FBI and shut the door. A brown Volvo automobile bearing California license IOR 116 was parked at the rear of this address and a check of California Department of Motor Vehicles, disclosed this vehicle was registered to BERLAND at this address. BERLAND was observed in the kitchen, but did not come to the door. The unidentified female declined to identify herself.

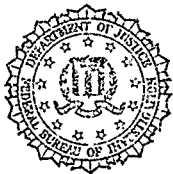
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DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/KR
C.N. 255, 315

On 12/17/70 at Venice, California File # Los Angeles 100-64507
by SA's FRANCIS G. KAHL and
THEODORE J. A'HEARN/FGK/mam Date dictated

56-156-3034

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	
T.J. A'Hearn	

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
February 17, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~Gheorghe Buzdugan also known as
George Buzdugan
Gheorghe Boldici
George Boldici
Gheorghe Goldis
George Goldis
Internal Security - Romania~~

George F.A. Boian, 300 East 91st Street, New York City, an individual who has furnished reliable and unreliable information in the past, advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) on February 24, 1970, that he learned from Gheorghe Buzdugan on February 23, 1970, that Buzdugan was imprisoned from 1945 to 1954, inasmuch as he was the son of Gordis (Phoretic), a Romanian Government leader in 1918. Buzdugan also claimed that he was imprisoned in the Soviet Union for five years.

Buzdugan advised that he had received a \$10,000 check from the late New York Senator, Robert F. Kennedy, a short time before his death, for documents he made available to Kennedy. The day following Kennedy's death, Buzdugan attempted to cash Kennedy's check in Paris, France, but the banks refused to honor the check. He visited with Ambassador Sargent Shriver, American Ambassador to France, and he was told to wait until Kennedy's affairs were put in order in Washington, D.C.

Buzdugan advised that on December 7, 1969, his property, which consisted of the \$10,000 check, a suit, watch, and presents for the Kennedys' children, disappeared at the Port Authority, New York City. He reported the loss to the Port Authority Police.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1

DECLASSIFIED BY SP6 BJA/ur
ON 8-11-86

excluded from automatic
downgrading and
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C.N. 255,315

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A. O. Richards (101)	

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YOUR AGENCY.

Gheorghe Buzdugan

In addition, Buzdugan stated that he knows the conspirators in Europe who planned the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy.

Captain Joseph W. Caron, Port of New York Authority Police Department, 111 8th Avenue, New York City, advised on March 2, 1970, that their records contain no theft or loss report at the Port Authority under the name of Buzdugan for December 7, 1969.

Gheorghe Buzdugan, while visiting a Petru Kornea, 368 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn, New York, was interviewed by Special Agents of the FBI on January 7, 1971, and he furnished the following information:

He stated that he was born May 4, 1923, in Arad, Romania. He gave his residence as Antony 92 Route De Versailles, Paris, France. He had in his possession a B-2 visa. In Paris, he is employed as a guardian of the Federation Des Eglises Evangeliques Baptiste De France (a Protestant Baptist Church in Paris, France).

He advised that he is married to Elisabeta Buzdugan, nee Fatusan, whom he claimed he has not seen since 1955. He was a former secretary of the National Peasant Party (NPP) of Romania in Arad, Romania, and because of his political activities he was imprisoned from 1945 to 1964. Part of his imprisonment, 1955 to 1960, was spent in the Soviet Union. He advised that he departed Romania on August 18, 1964, and he eventually settled in Paris, France.

He advised that he was not acquainted with the late Senator Kennedy, nor does he have any knowledge regarding his death. He admitted that he has had numerous conversations concerning Kennedy, but all of his conversations pertained to the effects of Kennedy's death on American history.

Gheorghe Buzdugan

Miron Butariu, a member of the Assembly of Captive European Nations, 29 West 57th Street, New York City, was interviewed on January 19, 1971, by a Special Agent of the FBI, and he advised that he met Buzdugan approximately two years ago. Butariu advised that he, Butariu, is from the Arad region of Romania, and that Buzdugan claims that he was acquainted with him in Arad. Buzdugan related that he was employed as a clerk in 1945 and 1946 in the office of Alexa Botioc, whom Butariu stated was the Mayor of Arad, a leader of the NPP, and a lawyer. Butariu was well-acquainted with Botioc, and he does not recall ever meeting Buzdugan. Buzdugan also claimed to be an adopted son of Vasile Goldis, a well-known member of the NPP in Arad.

Butariu believed that Buzdugan told him that he had spent a total of 12 years in Moscow and Czechoslovak prisons. Butariu has observed Buzdugan wearing Kennedy rings and bracelets, and Buzdugan has told him that he was offered \$10,000 by Robert Kennedy to write a book.

In Butariu's opinion, Buzdugan is mentally disturbed. He keeps telling Butariu how he has made hundreds of thousands of dollars, but was forced to borrow \$30 from Butariu. Each time they meet Buzdugan tells him a different story about his business ventures. During one of his last meetings with Buzdugan, Buzdugan claimed that he was being followed.

Butariu stated that Buzdugan and Petru Kornea, 368 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn, New York, have formed an approved New York State corporation known as "Banatul", whose primary business is to sell Swiss watches. Buzdugan and Kornea opened a bank account for "Banatul" at the First National City (FNC) Bank of New York located at 56th Street and Broadway, New York City. Butariu accompanied them to the bank and it was upon his recommendation that the manager of the bank permitted the opening of an account. The manager was reluctant inasmuch as only \$50 was deposited into the account.

Gheorghe Buzdugan

Butariu advised that apparently Buzdugan departed the United States sometime during January, 1971, inasmuch as he received a letter from Doctor Stefan Weininger, Bettinastrasse 21, 6 Frankfurt Am Main 1, Germany, a lawyer friend of his, who was recently visited by Buzdugan. Buzdugan had told Weininger that he had received \$200,000 of credit from the FNC Bank of New York for the purpose of buying and later selling 200,000 Swiss watches. Weininger told Butariu that he immediately sent a communication to FNC asking for confirmation. The bank, without undue delay, advised Weininger that there was no truth to Buzdugan's claim. Butariu advised that Weininger and the bank manager wanted to know why Butariu recommended such a man. Butariu explained that he felt sorry for Buzdugan and that on one occasion Buzdugan broke down and cried in his office.

Butariu was unable to give any justifiable reason for helping Buzdugan especially when he feels that he is mentally disturbed. Butariu was just sympathetic and felt impelled to help him.

A confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past learned on January 6, 1971, that Gheorghe Buzdugan, a visitor to the United States from France, and Petru Kornea, 368 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn, New York, had inquired of Marin Datcu, who has a business office at 43-45 44th Street, Queens, New York, if he had any office space available for their use. According to source, Buzdugan and Kornea plan to sell Swiss watches in the United States.

Floran Gugu, 62-95 60th Street, Queens, New York, furnished the following information to a Special Agent of the FBI on December 7, 1970, December 29, 1970, and January 18, 1971:

Gugu is a Romanian writer and a former member of the NPP of Romania. He entered the United States in January, 1969, and has requested political asylum.

Gheorghe Buzdugan

Gugu advised that in the Spring of 1970, he met a Gheorghe Boldici, whom he knew in Romania, at the home of George F.A. Boian, 300 East 91st Street, New York, New York. At that time, Boldici related some story concerning the Kennedys, but Gugu paid no attention to what Boldici was saying.

Gugu again met Boldici on December 5, 1970, in Brooklyn, New York, in the company of an unidentified male. Gugu did not recognize the name Gheorghe Buzdugan, but he advised that the man he knows as Boldici furnished him his address as Route De Versailles, Antony 92, Paris, France. (When Buzdugan was interviewed by the FBI, he denied ever knowing Gugu in Romania, but recalled meeting him recently in the United States).

Gugu advised that Boldici was an elementary school teacher in the village of Covasani in the city of Minis, which is approximately seven miles from Arad, Romania. Gugu stated that from 1945 to 1948, Boldici assisted people in escaping from Romania.

Gugu first met Boldici when they were both in a security jail in Bucharest, Romania, in 1948. A month later, Boldici was assigned to the same military prison as Gugu, which was located on Uranus Street in Bucharest. Mihai Horezu and Dumitru Apostoliu, NPP members, were also in this prison.

Gugu related that arrangements were made in prison for Boldici to help Apostoliu depart Romania. In August, 1948, both Apostoliu and Gugu were free, and Apostoliu paid approximately \$275 for a lawyer to defend Boldici. Boldici was freed in October, 1948.

Arrangements were made by Boldici to effect Apostoliu's escape, but due to the fact that Apostoliu had very important NPP documents, he was forced to cancel the arrangements made by Boldici. Apostoliu, after he gave documents to another individual, made new plans with Boldici. Apostoliu was suppose to meet

Gheorghe Buzdugan

Boldici in Arad and eventually make his way to Vienna, Austria. Boldici never met with Apostoliu, and Apostoliu later learned from Petre Ionescu, a tax collector from Minis, near Arad, that Boldici had left for Vienna. Ionescu was used to relay letters sent between Boldici and Apostoliu while they were effecting the final plans for Apostoliu's escape.

Petru Kornea, 368 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn, New York, advised on January 21, 1971, that Buzdugan departed the United States shortly after his interview by the FBI. On February 4, 1971, Petru Kornea's son advised that they had received word from Buzdugan that his request for a re-entry permit to return to the United States was denied. He wanted the Kornea family to obtain some assistance to have his request for re-entry approved.

The following is a description of Buzdugan, as obtained through interview and observations of Special Agents of the FBI:

Name	Gheorghe Buzdugan
Aliases	George Buzdugan, Gheorghe Boldici, George Boldici, Gheorghe Goldis, George Goldis
Height	Five feet to five feet one inch
Weight	100 to 110 pounds
Hair	Gray
Eyes	Brown
Characteristics	Wears glasses.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/17/71

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: KENSALT
(Bureau 62-587)
(Los Angeles 56-156)
(New York 44-1640) (RUC)

CHANGED

GHEORGHE BUZDUGAN aka

George Buzdugan

Gheorghe Bolici

George Bolici

Gheorghe Goldis

George Goldis

IS - RO

(OO: NEW YORK)

(Bureau 105-202465)

(New York 105-107202) (C)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BTB/142
C.N. 255,315

Title is changed to reflect possible aliases of subject, BUZDUGAN, as obtained through investigation conducted by the NYO. The title was formerly carried as "GHEORGHE BUZDUGAN; IS-RO", Office of Origin: New York.

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of a letter-head memorandum (LHM), dated as above and captioned "GHEORGHE BUZDUGAN also known as". One copy of the LHM is designated for Legat, Paris. One copy has been sent to Los Angeles for information.

The LHM is classified "Confidential" inasmuch as it reflects the Bureau's investigative interest in a visitor from a foreign country.

- 4-Bureau (Encls. 7) (RM)
- (1-Legat, Paris)
- 1-Los Angeles (56-156) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 1-New York (97-218) (BOIAN)
- 1-New York (105-53710) (BUTARIU)
- 1-New York (134-15264) (Inv.)
- 1-New York (134-18245) (Inv.)
- 1-New York (105-107202) (BUZDUGAN)
- 1-New York

JJC:dbr
(11)



5010-108

56-156-3036

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 19 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Ho. Richards

NY 44-1640

Interview of BUZDUGAN was conducted in the Romanian language by SAS JOHN J. CRONIN and DANIEL F. SUGHRUE on 1/7/71.

MIRON BUTARIU (Bufile 105-116797) was interviewed on 1/19/71, by SA CRONIN.

The confidential source in the LHM is MARIN DATCU, who furnished the information on 1/7/71, to SAS CRONIN and SUGHRUE.

GUGU furnished the information on 12/7/70, 12/29/70, and 1/18/71, to SA CRONIN.

KORNEA furnished the information to SAS CRONIN and SUGHRUE on 1/21/71. Information from KORNEA's son was received by SA CRONIN by telephone on 2/4/71.

The NYO feels that BUZDUGAN does not possess the capabilities to be engaged in intelligence activities. The NYO is conducting no additional investigation and is placing their case concerning BUZDUGAN in a closed status.

RECORD OF INFORMATION FURNISHED OTHER AGENCIES

Orally 1/12/71 By Telephone _____ Written Communication _____
date date date

Information concerning:

GERALD ROBT AMSTER

Information furnished from File, Serial, and Page Number:

56-156-1380 -1131
 -1381 -507
 -1385 -508

Information furnished was obtained: -509

☒ during course of Bureau investigation

☐ from informants

☐ from complainants or other sources

Information furnished to:

AGT DOUG CHANDLER, CORP LDR, FBI LA

Number of items disseminated: 7

Remarks:

①-56-156
 1-80-398A

SUMMARY OF
 INFO IN
 ABOVE SERIALS

PAUL F. TIERNEY

Special Agent

56-156-3037

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 12 1971	
FBI — LOS ANGELES	

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (56-156)

DATE: 2/1/71

FROM : SA J.R.SULLIVAN

SUBJECT: SIRHAN

On this date I returned a telephone call to Miss ROSE LYNN MASSEY, formerly Mrs. ROSE LYNN McQUEARY. She lives at 126 Valley, Pasadena, telephone 792-8208. She is attending Pasadena City College Nursing Program and works part time at the Huntington Memorial Hospital.

Many years ago I had contacted her in connection with a fugitive case and she was cooperative.

Miss MASSEY is a personal friend of Mrs. MARY SIRHAN, subject's mother, and accompanied Mrs. SIRHAN on a trip to San Quentin where they visited SIRHAN on Friday January 29, 1971.

MASSEY related that while in the waiting room there was another young couple; they recognized Mrs. SIRHAN as a former neighbor. This former neighbor has recently received a college degree and his wife has a brother in Quentin. The young neighbor studied for the ministry and he asked Mrs. SIRHAN if he could write a short note of hope and have her deliver it to SIRHAN and she agreed to.

During the course of their wait in the waiting room at San Quentin there was a young negro girl and she, too, recognized Mrs. SIRHAN. She identified herself as PENNY JACKSON. She, too, asked if Mrs. SIRHAN would deliver a note to SIRHAN for her and Mrs. SIRHAN agreed. JACKSON made insulting remarks about the guards - pigs - while in the waiting room.

MASSEY states she has accompanied Mrs. SIRHAN on other trips to San Quentin and when they were admitted into the visiting room, the magazine on which JACKSON had written a note was taken up by the guard who had asked them to put everything they had on the table. She states that when she, MASSEY, went to empty her pockets she was instructed it was not necessary. She states the note from JACKSON was never delivered to SIRHAN, that she suggested Mrs. SIRHAN deliver it to the FBI but the mother expressed a fear of so doing; she advised Mrs. SIRHAN that in the future she should sit in the front row while in the waiting room - which is nearest to the guards so that she would have no trouble at all.

MASSEY states she furnishes this information so that at some future time no one can allege that there is any conspiracy involved between the SIRHANs and JACKSONs.

56-156
cc 100-76380 (P. Jackson)

56-156-3038

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Re Angela Davis
A.O. Richards
J.C. O'Neill



The Deputy Attorney General

January 27, 1971

Director, FBI

ASSASSINATION OF
SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

This is in reply to your inquiry received January 25, 1971, captioned "Freedom of Information Act," which concerns a request by one Michael James Clark for access to certain reports regarding Sirhan B. Sirhan. In his letter to the Department, Clark bases his request on the fact that he alleges FBI reports had been made available to Robert Blair Kaiser, the author of the recently published book, "RFK Must Die."

As was indicated in my letter of November 18, 1970, captioned as above, FBI reports were furnished the Los Angeles County, California, District Attorney's Office with the request they not be disseminated outside that office. Neither the FBI nor the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office furnished copies of FBI reports to the defense.

Defense counsel through the court demanded production of the Los Angeles, California, Police Department and FBI interviews of pertinent individuals in connection with the investigation. Review of these interviews was made by the prosecution and copies of requested interviews made. This material was then taken to the court and, upon proper order, turned over to the defense by the court. No restrictions were imposed concerning the use which could be made of this material.

This Bureau did not make copies of FBI reports available to Robert Blair Kaiser. Accordingly, it is recommended Clark's request be denied since the information requested by him is contained in investigatory files compiled for law enforcement purposes.

1 - Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division

1 - Los Angeles (56-156) (Info)

56-156-3039
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
FBI - LOS ANGELES
JAN 29 1971
A. J. Richards

March 2 1971

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Robert C. Mardian
Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division

Possible Relationship between Al Fatah
and Sirhan Sirhan and Al Fatah and the
Black Panthers

Attached for your information and whatever action you may deem appropriate is a copy of a self-explanatory memorandum from William S. Lynch, Chief, Organized Crime and Racketeering Section, Criminal Division to Michael Epstein of the Criminal Division concerning the above-captioned matter.

Attachment

56-156-3040

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 18 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Richard

AORichards

TO: SAC:

☐ Albany
☐ Albuquerque
☐ Alexandria
☐ Anchorage
☐ Atlanta
☐ Baltimore
☐ Birmingham
☐ Boston
☐ Buffalo
☐ Butte
☐ Charlotte
☐ Chicago
☐ Cincinnati
☐ Cleveland
☐ Columbia
☐ Dallas
☐ Denver
☐ Detroit
☐ El Paso
☐ Honolulu

☐ Houston
☐ Indianapolis
☐ Jackson
☐ Jacksonville
☐ Kansas City
☐ Knoxville
☐ Las Vegas
☐ Little Rock
☒ Los Angeles
☐ Louisville
☐ Memphis
☐ Miami
☐ Milwaukee
☐ Minneapolis
☐ Mobile
☐ Newark
☐ New Haven
☐ New Orleans
☐ New York City
☐ Norfolk

☐ Oklahoma City
☐ Omaha
☐ Philadelphia
☐ Phoenix
☐ Pittsburgh
☐ Portland
☐ Richmond
☐ Sacramento
☐ St. Louis
☐ Salt Lake City
☐ San Antonio
☐ San Diego
☐ San Francisco
☐ San Juan
☐ Savannah
☐ Seattle
☐ Springfield
☐ Tampa
☐ Washington Field
☐ Quantico

TO LEGAT:

☐ Beirut
☐ Bern
☐ Bonn
☐ Buenos Aires
☐ Caracas
☐ Copenhagen
☐ Hong Kong
☐ La Paz
☐ London
☐ Madrid
☐ Managua
☐ Mexico City
☐ Ottawa
☐ Paris
☐ Rome
☐ Tel Aviv
☐ Tokyo

Date 3/17/71

RE: Possible Relationship between Al Fatah
and Sirhan Sirhan and Al Fatah and the
Black Panthers
IS - Middle East *W 157*

☒ For information ☐ Retention optional ☐ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____
☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.
☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks:

Reference is made to your letter of 7/18/69 concerning Kensalt.

Enc.
Bufile
Urfile

discuss with
P. R. Roberts

56-156

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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MAR 18 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

P. R. Roberts

Michael Epstein
Criminal Division

November 18, 1970

WSL:ajm

William S. Lynch
Chief, Organized Crime
and Racketeering Section

Call from Pete Noyes.

On November 17, 1970, I received a call from an individual who identified himself as Pete Noyes, who said he was associated with Station KNXT, a CBS-owned television station in Los Angeles. He stated that he had been referred to me by Bob Brosio, Chief Assistant in Los Angeles, and that he wanted to talk about the relationship between Al Fatah and Sirhan Sirhan. I advised him that I could not talk to him about any investigation and that he should contact our Public Information Office. He wished to know if I had heard of a gentleman by the name of Braden and whether any investigation was currently being conducted on Braden. He stated that Braden was one of the incorporators of the development at La Costa and that this had several organized crime connections. I again advised him that I could not discuss whether we were or were not involved in any pending investigations. He said he understood but that he would like to give me some information which he had also turned over to an "intelligence group" in California, and which he expected would be filtered up to us.

He stated that there was a cell of Al Fatah on the campus at Berkeley. (I believe he mentioned Berkeley, but it's possible he mentioned some other college. He certainly didn't mention Pasadena.) He pointed out that the man who was killed in the attempted hijack of the Israeli jet to London was formerly a student who was recruited off-campus by the Al Fatah cell. He then mentioned several other names that he said were associated with Al Fatah, and said they had connections with the Black Panthers. I was not able to get all the names, but one of them was Walter Crowe. He stated that he had turned over to the Los Angeles Police Department his information relating to the Black Panthers' connections with Al Fatah on California campuses. Mr. Noyes is apparently doing some sort of story on Al Fatah, the Black Panthers, Sirhan Sirhan, and--although he didn't say it--I would assume the Robert F. Kennedy assassination. He stated that, while we couldn't give him any information, he would be happy to talk to us. I told him it sounded more like an internal security matter rather than organized crime, and informed him that I would pass this information along.

cc: Mr. Kevin Maroney,
Internal Security Division

3/29/71

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: *[Signature]* SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)(P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

ReButel to Los Angeles 3/11/71 captioned "Assassination of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY; Los Angeles, California."

Enclosed for the Bureau are affidavits prepared by Supervisor WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN, Supervising Agent of the investigation, and by SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., Reporting Agent in the investigation, attesting to the points regarding dissemination of Bureau reports and letterhead memoranda.

These affidavits cover items set forth in retel.

2 - Bureau (Encs. - 2)(AM-RM)
1 - Los Angeles
AOR:CM
(3)

mac / 30-1971

*M. Kish called from SOG
re affidavits - advised
sent A.M. 3/29/71
[Signature]*

3041
SEARCHED —
INDEXED —
SERIALIZED ☒
FILED ☒

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1 7. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.,
2 dated February 7, 1969, at Los Angeles,
3 Total pages 206.

4 8. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.,
5 dated August 1, 1969, at Los Angeles,
6 Total pages 121.

7 In addition, Letterhead Memoranda were disseminated as
8 follows:

9 Letterhead Memorandum dated April 24, 1969,
10 at Los Angeles, 34 pages;

11 Letterhead Memorandum dated May 12, 1969,
12 at Los Angeles, 5 pages;

13 Letterhead Memorandum dated June 20, 1969,
14 at Los Angeles, 9 pages.

15 That the results of this investigation were reported at Los
16 Angeles under Bureau File Number 56-156 and were kept in Washing-
17 ton, D. C., at the Washington, D. C., Headquarters, File Number
18 62-587.

19 That at no time was any dissemination made by the Federal
20 Bureau of Investigation to Robert Blair Kaiser of any written
21 matter as listed above, nor was there any oral dissemination made
22 to Robert Blair Kaiser of any material that was prepared in
23 connection with this investigation.

24
25 Amedee O. Richards, Jr.
26 AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.
27 Special Agent, Federal Bureau
of Investigation

28 SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before
29 me this 26th day of March, 1971.

30
31 Mary A. Martin
Notary Public in and for said
32 County and State



A F F I D A V I T

STATE OF CALIFORNIA }
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES } ss.

WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN, being duly sworn, deposes and says

I am a Special Agent Supervisor, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Los Angeles, California, and had responsibility for supervising the investigation of the assassination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy in Los Angeles, California, June 5, 1968.

That, in connection with the investigation into the assassination of Senator Kennedy, Reports and Letterhead Memoranda were prepared and were disseminated to the United States Attorney at Los Angeles, and the District Attorney's Office for the County of Los Angeles, State of California, the latter being the prosecuting authority for this case, as follows:

1. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., dated June 9, 1968, at Los Angeles, Total pages 1082.
2. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., dated June 15, 1968, at Los Angeles, Total pages 618.
3. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., dated July 1, 1968, at Los Angeles, Total pages 746.
4. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., dated August 7, 1968, at Los Angeles, Total pages 1153.
5. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., dated October 10, 1968, at Los Angeles, Total pages 414.
6. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR., dated December 4, 1968, at Los Angeles, Total pages 371.

1 7. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.,
2 dated February 7, 1969, at Los Angeles,
3 Total pages 206.

4 8. Report of Special Agent AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.,
5 dated August 1, 1969, at Los Angeles,
6 Total pages 121.

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8 follows:

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10 at Los Angeles, 34 pages;

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12 at Los Angeles, 5 pages;

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14 at Los Angeles, 9 pages.

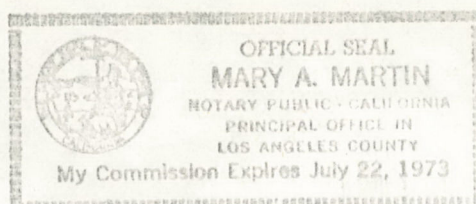
15 That the results of this investigation were reported at Los
16 Angeles under Bureau File Number 56-156 and were kept in Washing-
17 ton, D. C., at the Washington, D. C., Headquarters, File Number
18 62-587.

19 That at no time was any dissemination made by the Federal
20 Bureau of Investigation to Robert Blair Kaiser of any written
21 matter as listed above, nor was there any oral dissemination made
22 to Robert Blair Kaiser of any material that was prepared in
23 connection with this investigation.

24
25 
26 WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN
27 Special Agent Supervisor,
28 Federal Bureau of Investigation

29
30 SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before
31 me this 26th day of March, 1971.

32
33 Notary Public in and for said
34 County and State



3/24/71

*Bureau Called
Spoke to Gallagher in absence
of Schuty - USA as of 3/23/71
has received*

3/23 - Called USA
nothing
3/18 - USA non
3/15 - USA - non
3/11 - USA - non

Transmit the following in

Via

FACSIMILE

PLAINTEXT

URGENT

(Priority)

TO SAC LOS ANGELES (56-156)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY; LOS ANGELES,
CALIFORNIA.

BERNARD FENSTERWALD, JR., HAS INITIATED CIVIL ACTION IN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (USDC) FOR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
REQUESTING UNDER THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT PRODUCTION OF
FBI REPORTS IN CAPTIONED MATTER. FENSTERWALD HOLDS THAT DATA FROM
FBI REPORTS MADE AVAILABLE TO ROBERT BLAIR KAISER FOR MATERIAL
IN HIS BOOK QUOTE RFK MUST DIE UNQUOTE. DEPARTMENT HAS BEEN ADVISED
IN WRITING FBI REPORTS WERE NOT MADE AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE COUNSEL.
BY LOS ANGELES OFFICE, HOWEVER, COPIES FURNISHED LOS ANGELES
COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE WITH REQUEST REPORTS
NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THAT OFFICE. DEFENSE COUNSEL THROUGH
LOCAL COURT DEMANDED PRODUCTION OF LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT
AND FBI INTERVIEWS OF PERTINENT INDIVIDUALS. COPIES OF INTERVIEWS

HAS

56-156-3042

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
5 MAR 12 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

TELETYPE TO SAC LOS ANGELES

RE: ASSASSINATION OF SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY

FURNISHED TO COURT AND UPON ORDER TURNED OVER TO DEFENSE BY
PRESIDING JUDGE.

CIVIL DIVISION HAS REQUESTED AFFIDAVIT RESPONDING TO THIS
ACTION. AFFIDAVIT SHOULD COVER FOLLOWING POINTS: REPORTS
FURNISHED TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CALIFORNIA,
ON WRITTEN DIRECTION JUNE SEVENTEEN SIXTYEIGHT OF ASSISTANT ATTORNEY
GENERAL, CRIMINAL DIVISION, FRED M. VINSON, JR., WITH REQUEST
REPORTS NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THAT OFFICE; FBI DID NOT
FURNISH REPORTS TO DEFENSE. ONLY OTHER REPORTS DISSEMINATED BY
FBI WERE TO U. S. ATTORNEY, LOS ANGELES, AND REPRESENTATIVES OF
THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, WASHINGTON, D. C. (WDC).

U. S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, BEING INSTRUCTED BY
CRIMINAL DIVISION TO FURNISH COLLATERAL AFFIDAVITS AS TO WHAT
TRANSPIRED DURING COURT ACTION. COORDINATE WITH U. S. ATTORNEY'S
OFFICE TO INSURE ^{CONSISTENCY} ~~CONFIDENTIALITY~~ IN FORMAT. AFFIDAVIT SHOULD BE PROPERLY
NOTARIZED. SUGGEST USING NOTARY, U. S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE. EXPEDITE.
BUDED MARCH SEVENTEEN NEXT.

DLK

FBI LA Rec 4/20/68

FBI

Date: 3/11/71

Transmit the following in

PLAINTEXT

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

FACSIMILE

URGENT

(Priority)

TO SAC LOS ANGELES (56-156)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

ASSASSINATION OF SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY; LOS ANGELES,
CALIFORNIA.

BERNARD FENSTERWALD, JR., HAS INITIATED CIVIL ACTION IN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (USDC) FOR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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FBI REPORTS MADE AVAILABLE TO ROBERT BLAIR KAISER FOR MATERIAL
IN HIS BOOK QUOTE RFK MUST DIE UNQUOTE. DEPARTMENT HAS BEEN ADVISED
IN WRITING FBI REPORTS WERE NOT MADE AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE COUNSEL.
BY LOS ANGELES OFFICE, HOWEVER, COPIES FURNISHED LOS ANGELES
COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE WITH REQUEST REPORTS
NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THAT OFFICE. DEFENSE COUNSEL THROUGH
LOCAL COURT DEMANDED PRODUCTION OF LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT
AND FBI INTERVIEWS OF PERTINENT INDIVIDUALS. COPIES OF INTERVIEWS

HAS

56-156-3043

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
5 MAR 11 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

TELETYPE TO SAC LOS ANGELES
RE: ASSASSINATION OF SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY

FURNISHED TO COURT AND UPON ORDER TURNED OVER TO DEFENSE BY
PRESIDING JUDGE.

CIVIL DIVISION HAS REQUESTED AFFIDAVIT RESPONDING TO THIS
ACTION. AFFIDAVIT SHOULD COVER FOLLOWING POINTS: REPORTS
FURNISHED TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CALIFORNIA,
ON WRITTEN DIRECTION JUNE SEVENTEEN SIXTYEIGHT OF ASSISTANT ATTORNEY
GENERAL, CRIMINAL DIVISION, FRED M. VINSON, JR., WITH REQUEST
REPORTS NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THAT OFFICE; FBI DID NOT
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U. S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, BEING INSTRUCTED BY
CRIMINAL DIVISION TO FURNISH COLLATERAL AFFIDAVITS AS TO WHAT
TRANSPIRED DURING COURT ACTION. COORDINATE WITH U. S. ATTORNEY'S
OFFICE TO INSURE ^{CONSISTENCY} ~~COMPLETENESS~~ IN FORMAT. AFFIDAVIT SHOULD BE PROPERLY
NOTARIZED. SUGGEST USING NOTARY, U. S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE. EXPEDITE.
BUDED MARCH SEVENTEEN NEXT.

DLK

FBI LA Rec 4:20/P

File - Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 12-15-60)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____ Date _____

☐ Pending

☐ Closed

Serial No. _____ Description of Serial _____ Date Charged _____

Serial 3044
Skipped During
Serialization
Er/11

Employee _____

RECHARGE

Date _____

To _____ From _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

4/20/71

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

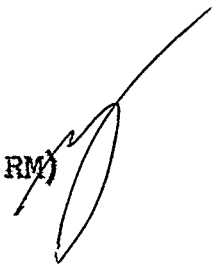
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)(P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

ReButel 3/11/71 captioned "Assassination of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY; Los Angeles, California", and Los Angeles airtel 3/29/71 captioned as above.

For completion of the Bureau file, there is enclosed one copy of an affidavit prepared by JOHN HOWARD of the District Attorney's Office, County of Los Angeles, concerning material divulged by the District Attorney by order of the court.

Mr. HOWARD advises the Department of Justice had been in direct contact with him concerning the matter, and the Department has, according to Mr. HOWARD, been furnished the original of the enclosed affidavit.

2 - Bureau (Enc. - 1)(AM-RM)
1 - Los Angeles
WJN:CM
(3)



56-156-3045
SEARCHED —
INDEXED —
SERIALIZED —
FILED —

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7
8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9 FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
10

11 COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE)
12 ASSASSINATIONS, INC.,)
13 927 15th St., N. W.)
14 Washington, D. C. 20005)

CIVIL ACTION No. 3651-70

15 Plaintiff,)

AFFIDAVIT OF

16 v.)

JOHN E. HOWARD

17 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE)
18 10th & Constitution Ave., N. W.)
19 Washington, D. C.)

20 Defendant.)

21 STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

22) ss.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES)

23 JOHN E. HOWARD, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

24 That affiant is an attorney licensed to practice in the State of
25 California and is the Chief Deputy District Attorney of Los Angeles
26 County.
27

28 That in June of 1968, affiant was a deputy district attorney
29 of Los Angeles County, assigned as Head of the Special Investigations
30 Division.

31 That in June of 1968, the then Chief Deputy District Attorney
32 Lynn D. Compton, and David N. Fitts, Head Deputy District Attorney of

1 the Santa Monica Branch Office, and affiant were assigned to the prosecution
2 of Sirhan B. Sirhan.

3 That Lynn D. Compton is now a justice of the Second District
4 Court of Appeal for the State of California.

5 That David N. Fitts is now a judge of the Superior Court for
6 the County of Los Angeles.

7 That preliminary to the trial of Sirhan B. Sirhan, the defense
8 filed a motion for discovery and that the first hearing on said motion for
9 discovery occurred on or about October 14, 1968.

10 That a photographically reproduced copy of that motion for
11 discovery taken from the official transcript on appeal is attached hereto
12 and incorporated herein as Exhibit A.

13 That a copy of the Minute Order of the court relative to the
14 motion for discovery is attached and marked as Exhibit B.

15 That a supplemental discovery motion was thereafter made.
16 A photographically reproduced copy of the second motion for discovery
17 taken from the official appellate transcript is incorporated herein as
18 Exhibit C.

19 That a photographically reproduced copy of the Minute Order
20 of the court relative to the granting by the court of the supplemental
21 discovery motion is attached and marked as Exhibit D.

22 That at the hearings regarding the motions for discovery, the
23 court ruled that the defense would be provided the material requested in
24 the October 14 motion; that the prosecution would provide necessary copies
25 to the defense; that the prosecution additionally allow the defense to inspect
26 generally the material in the possession of the prosecution as requested in
27 the supplemental motion for discovery.

28 That during the investigative phase of the case, the Federal
29

1 Bureau of Investigation delivered to the prosecution team, extensive reports
2 covering their investigation of the activities of Sirhan B. Sirhan.

3 That these reports were collected into volumes prior to the
4 delivery. Upon receipt of the material, the prosecution reviewed the
5 material and compiled approximately 450 individual witness files based
6 upon reports received from the FBI, Los Angeles Police Department,
7 Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office, as well as the Bureau of Investigation
8 of the District Attorney's Office.
9

10 That pursuant to the motions granted by the court regarding
11 discovery, the prosecution delivered to the defense copies of all requested
12 witness files. Such delivery by the prosecution was done in open court
13 and reflected in the transcript of the pretrial hearing.
14

15 That pursuant to the supplemental motion for discovery,
16 Exhibit C, members of the defense team were allowed accesss to the
17 prosecution's files for the purpose of instituting requests to the court
18 for delivery of material.

19 That Sirhan B. Sirhan was represented by Attorneys Grant B.
20 Cooper, Emile Z. Berman, and Russell Parsons, and that the said
21 material was delivered in open court to one of the said attorneys.
22

23 That the defense team retained the investigative services of
24 Ron Allen & Assoc. and that the said agency assigned as investigators,
25 Mike McGowan and Robert Blair Kaiser.

26 That affiant believed that said Robert B. Kaiser was not a
27 licensed investigator but was acting under the license of the Ron Allen &
28 Assoc. agency and was so accepted by the court and authorized to act as
29 an investigator for the defendant.
30

31 That the delivery of the material to the defense was for the
32 preparation of the defense and that there was no understanding that the

1 material would be used for literary purposes.

2 That at no time did the prosecution deliver in toto the copy of
3 the FBI report, but only those portions as requested in the motions of
4 discovery.

5 That at the completion of the trial, the prosecution entered
6 into evidence a list of witnesses who had been interviewed and considered
7 as witnesses but who had not actually been called to testify. A list of said
8 witnesses is photographically reproduced and attached and incorporated
9 herein as Exhibit E. Many of said files contained photographically
10 reproduced copies of FBI interviews.

11 That the prosecution did not deliver the FBI file to any
12 individuals except under the order of discovery and only to the defense
13 team.

14 Affiant certifies under penalty of perjury that the foregoing
15 is true and correct.

16
17
18
19
20 JOHN E. HOWARD

21 Subscribed and sworn to before me

22 this day of

23 WILLIAM G. SHARP, County Clerk

24 By _____
25 Deputy

1 RUSSELL H. PI SOLS
2 203 South Broadway
3 Los Angeles, California 90012

3 Madison 6 9167

4 Attorney for Defendant

8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

9 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

11 PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF
12 CALIFORNIA,

13 Plaintiff,

NO. A 233, 421

MOTION FOR DISCOVERY

15 SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN,

16 Defendant.

17
18 Comes now the defendant Sirhan B. Sirhan and respectfully
19 moves the court for an order directing:

20 I

21 The District Attorney of the County of Los Angeles by its
22 legal counsel for the said defendant to inspect and review certain
23 documents, statements, papers, books, booklets, tape recordings,
24 and any and all transcripts thereof, films of any photographs of
25 the said Sirhan B. Sirhan, or moving pictures or the films thereof
26 taken of the said Sirhan B. Sirhan while he was in the custody of
27 the Los Angeles Police Department, the District Attorney of the
28 County of Los Angeles, or any of his deputies, or any other police
29 agency, and any and all statements taken by the Federal Bureau of
30 Investigation or any of its officers or agents which have been de-
31 livered to the possession of the District Attorney of the County of
32 Los Angeles, or any officer working under its direction and

1 supervision of the District Attorney of the County of Los Angeles.

2 II

3 Also any statements or reports by Dr. Marcus Crayhan, M.D.,
4 or any Deputy Sheriff, police officer, jail attendant, hospital
5 attendant, nurse or nurse's aid working with, under the direction
6 of, or in cooperation with either Dr. Marcus Crayhan or Dr. Phillip
7 Attalla.

8 Also the name of the reporter present at the time Dr. Cray-
9 han and/or Dr. Attalla interviewed Sirhan B. Sirhan, and the notes,
10 transcripts and reports of such reporter.

11 III

12 Also the statements of any person given to the Los Angeles
13 Police and in the possession of or under the direction of the
14 District Attorney of Los Angeles County of any such person who
15 claims to have seen Sirhan B. Sirhan at the Ambassador Hotel the
16 night of the shooting of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

17 Also the statements of any person given to the Los Angeles
18 Police and in the possession of or under the direction of the
19 District Attorney of Los Angeles County of any such person who
20 claims to have seen Sirhan B. Sirhan at any target or shooting
21 range within six months prior to the shooting of Senator Robert F.
22 Kennedy.

23 IV

24 Also any statement taken by the police, Federal Bureau of
25 Investigation, or an investigative agency including the Bureau of
26 Investigation attached to the office of the District Attorney of
27 the County of Los Angeles, from Dr. Leslie Koltz of the Pasadena
28 City College, from any students at the University of California at
29 Los Angeles who visited or called at the Kennedy Headquarters on
30 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, some days before the assassination
31 of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

Also any statement or transcript of an interview with Enrique Rabago, one of two men Sirhan B. Sirhan says he talked with at the Ambassador Hotel on the night of June 4, 1968.

VI

Also any statement or report made by Mr. Alfred J. Nicolas, Counsellor at Pasadena City College.

VII

Also any statement or report made by Mr. Elvino Angelino, a teacher of Anthropology at Pasadena City College.

VIII

Also any statement or report made by Mrs. Harrick, Placement Service Offices, Pasadena City College.

IX

Also any statement or report made by Mr. William Leveridge, a gardener, 167 North Sierra Madre, Pasadena, California.

X

Also any statement or report made by Mr. William C. Beveridge employed at Parmenter Auto Supply, 2811 Sierra Grande, Pasadena, California.

XI

Also any statement or report made by Dr. Richard A. Nelson, M.D., Corona, California, who treated Sirhan B. Sirhan after his injury at the Altavisch Ranch, Corona, California.

XII

Also any statement or report made by the clerk or custodian of the official records concerning the treatment and care rendered Sirhan B. Sirhan at the Corona Community Hospital, Corona, Riverside County, California.

XIII

Also any statement or report concerning statements taken by the Los Angeles Police Department, any representative of the District Attorney's office of the County of Los Angeles, State of California,

1 or any other police agency taken from Sirhan B. Sirhan and his
2 arrest.

3
4 XIV

5 Also any statement or report taken from Deputy Sheriff
6 Livingston, a Deputy Sheriff of the County of Los Angeles, at one
7 time assigned to the new County Jail, 441 Bauchet Street, Los
8 Angeles, California.

9 XV

10 Also any statement taken from the Range Master, Lloyd Hager,
11 and Carl Buckner, and any other person interviewed at the pistol
12 range (San Gabriel Valley Gun Club, 4001 Fish Canyon Road, Duarte,
13 California).

14 XVI

15 Also the name of the Federal Bureau of Investigation agent
16 who gave a lie detector test to the witness Buckner. We want both
17 his first statement and his second statement.

18 XVII

19 Also the statement or report of a girl whose name is unknown
20 to us who was at the target range.

21 XVIII

22 Also any statement or evidence of any person who saw Sirhan
23 B. Sirhan after he left the range in Fish Canyon on June 4, 1963.

24 XIX

25 Also any statements or reports taken from the person at the
26 gun shop or gun shops where it is contended that Sirhan B. Sirhan
27 purchased ammunition.

28 XX

29 Also the name of any person who claims to have seen Sirhan
30 B. Sirhan practicing with a gun prior to the date of the assassina-
31 tion of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

32 XXI

Also a statement or report from anyone who saw Sirhan B.

69
1 Sirhan at the Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles, California, at Senator
2 Kuchel's party prior to the shooting or at the Rafferty party at the
3 Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles, California.

4 XXII

5 Also the statements or reports of any person who claims to
6 have seen Sirhan B. Sirhan in the kitchen at the Ambassador Hotel
7 some minutes before the shooting.

8 XXIII

9 Also the statements or reports of any person who claims to
10 have been at the Ambassador Hotel at or about the time of the shoot-
11 ing who claims to have had any part in the apprehension of Sirhan B.
12 Sirhan shortly after the shooting of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

13 XXIX

14 Also any and all photographs and/or films thereof taken at,
15 during, before, and after the shooting of Senator Robert F. Kennedy
16 in the vicinity of the kitchen of the Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles.

17 XXX

18 Any statement or report by any student at the University of
19 California at Los Angeles or any other person, or photos taken by
20 such a person, or moving pictures, and delivered by the Los Angeles
21 Police and the District Attorney of the County of Los Angeles show-
22 ing the defendant, Sirhan B. Sirhan, at the political rallies or in
23 and about the Ambassador Hotel on June 4, 1968 or June 5, 1968.

24 XXXI

25 Also all statements of any officer or private person who
26 claims to have seen Sirhan B. Sirhan after his arrest and apprehen-
27 sion and until approximately 2 a.m. the morning of his arrest.

28 XXXII

29 Also all reports: criminal, booking, evidence, logs, offi-
30 cer's notes, individual's notes, or statements made by anyone re-
31 garding Sirhan B. Sirhan's activities from the time of his arrest
32 until 2 a.m. the morning of June 5, 1968.

XXXXIII

Also all reports of reports filed on June 5, 1968, concerning
Sirhan B. Sirhan and the names of all persons who may have adminis-
tered any medical treatment to Sirhan B. Sirhan and the results of
any such medical treatment and the names of the person or persons who administered such treatment or tests, namely
blood tests or any other tests actually given by the local authori-
ties such as Police Department, Sheriff's Department, District Attor-
ney of Los Angeles County, or under their direction, to persons sus-
pected of having given alcohol or other drugs or stimulants of any
kind.

XXXXIV

Also all state or local records maintained by Sirhan B.
Sirhan or taken by any police agency or any other agency in connec-
tion with this case from the time of Sirhan's arrest to
this date.

XXXXV

Also the name of the Deputy Sheriff who arrested Sirhan B.
Sirhan in the "backstage" of the "Theater" arrangement, believed
to have been Deputy Sheriff [redacted] and any other officers who
such officer concerning anything in the case of Sirhan B.
Sirhan during this period.

XXXXVI

Also any reports by the officers on duty on the day Sirhan B.
Sirhan took the coffee on June 5, 1968, and the
night or morning he was interviewed, June 7, 1968.

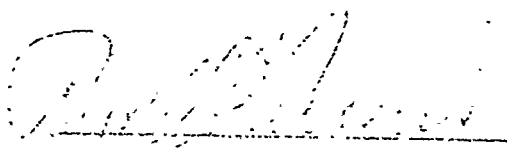
XXXXVII

Also all reports of reports filed on June 5, 1968, concerning
interviews by police officers or other persons of Sirhan B. Sirhan
and the results of such interviews and the names of the persons who
interviewed Sirhan B. Sirhan and the results of such interviews.

1 time officers of the Los Angeles Police Department, namely Lt. Wil-
2 liam Jordan, Deputy of the Los Angeles District Attorney's office,
3 and Deputy District Attorney John Howard, and District Attorney's
4 Investigator George Murphy, on or more of whom were present at
5 various interviews and occasions..

6 Respectfully submitted,

7
8 DATED July 2, 1964


9
10 RUSSELL L. ELLIS
11 Attorney for James B. Sirhan

COOPER AND NELSEN
2913 CAYWOOD AVENUE
LOS ANGELES 4
HOMERIDGE 5-1291

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RECEIVED
DEC 13 1966
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
LOS ANGELES OFFICE

Attorneys for Defendant

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.	)	No. A-233421
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	SUPPLEMENTAL MOTION FOR
	)	
vs.	)	DISCOVERY
	)	
SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN.	)	
	)	
Defendant.	)	

TO THE HONORABLE EVELLE J. YOUNGER, DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE COUNTY
OF LOS ANGELES, LYON D. COMPTON, CHIEF DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, AND
JOHN HOWARD AND DAVID FITTS, DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS:

YOU AND EACH OF YOU WILL BE TAKE NOTICE that the defendant
defendant will raise the Court on Monday, the 21st day of December, 1966, at the hour
of 2:00 p.m., for an Order permitting an inspection, copying and forwarding to the
defendant the following:

1. The statements of or from investigators' reports concerning the
following persons:

Adel Sirhan;
Nasser Sirhan;
Salim Sirhan;
Fathi Sirhan;
Mary Sirhan;
Laila Sirhan;

1
2 Bert Morson;
3 Walker Corwin;
4 Abraham Alex;
5 Owen Gumm;
6 Peggy Osterkamp;
7 Terry Welch;
8 Edward Van Antwerp;
9 Genevieve Taylor;
10 Jeannie Green;
11 Earl Akfällisch;
12 Frank Donnaruma;
13 Alvin Tokunow;
14 John Fahey;
15 Alvin Clark; and
16 Ivan Garcia (Alex Garcia or Ivan Alex);
17 Any other former associates of Sirhan.

18 2. The statements of and/or investigators' reports concerning any
19 member of the family regarding threats on any high public officials;

20 3. The statements of and/or investigators' reports concerning the
21 family since June 5 until the present time regarding the shooting of Senator Kennedy;

22 4. The clinical reports of a blood test taken by a male nurse of the
23 Sheriff's Office, or by any other person, at the New County Jail, Bacher Street, at or
24 about 8:00 a.m., June 5, 1968, and copies of any other medical tests of any other kind
25 or character, taken or made of the defendant from said date to the present date;

26 5. The original photostatic copies of Sirhan's diaries, two large note-
27 books, a small notebook, not limited to but including all evidence that the defense
28 attempted to suppress, and any other evidence taken from or near his house on June 5;

29 6. To interview Deputy Sheriff Livingston and all other attendants,
30 either Deputy Sheriff, civilian employees, or trustees, working at the medical facility
31 of the New County Jail on the morning of June 5 from 7:00 a.m. until 7:00 a.m., June 6;

32 Photographs of all of the same persons;

8. Copies of the photographs taken of the Ambassador's kitchen area at a service party, directly after the shooting, and the copies of the photographs showing the physical location of the steam tables, etc., after the shooting, and any such other photographs as might help the defense, taken of the Embassy Room, the kitchen area and service party, possibly including the Colonial Room.

9. Copies of any drawing done of the kitchen area, service pantry, Colonial Room, and Embassy Room, done for the purposes of showing the different physical locations of the fixtures and equipment located therein.

10. Access to a scale model map-out of the kitchen area that the Prosecution intends to use in Court at the time of trial.

11. The names of all witnesses that the Prosecution intends to use at the time of trial.

12. The statements of and/or investigators' reports concerning the traitors and co-workers of Sirhan at the time he was employed at Part Alfilisch's restaurant.

13. The statements of and/or investigators' reports concerning other persons in the Corona-Norco area who knew Sirhan.

14. The statements of and/or investigators' reports concerning all persons who knew Sirhan and were connected with any of the Syrian Lodges and were in the State of California.

15. The statements of and/or investigators' reports concerning all parties showing Sirhan or lending aid to Sirhan who was involved in a conspiracy.

16. The medical reports of Drs. V. Faustina Toulousis, Henry Cuneo, Thomas V. Negelehi, Seymour Pollack, Marcus Carlton, and Lantz.

17. Any and all other information or material in the possession of or under the control of the District Attorney that may be of assistance to the defense of this case, within the meaning and scope of the rule of Toy In v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83, (1963).

Where or in this in the words "Statements of and/or investigators' reports" are used, it is intended and shall mean to include and include statements or reports transcribed by means of a ruling, shorthand or typewritten, or by means of mechanical,

1 photographic or electronic recording, or statements or reports, reported or tran-
2 scribed by any and all other possible means.

3 Whenever in this motion inspection of copies are called for, it is intended and
4 shall mean to include and include the originals of any such documents, pictures,
5 records, statements or reports.

6
7 Respectfully submitted,

8 GRANT B. COOPER, EMILE Z. BERMAN
9 and RUSSELL PARSONS

10 by *Grant B. Cooper*

11 GRANT B. COOPER
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GRANT S. COOPER, EMILE Z. DEPMAN and -
RUSSELL W. NELSON
COOPER AND NELSON
3910 CHAPMAN AVENUE
LOS ANGELES 4
NORMANDY 5-1221

(SPACE BELOW FOR FILING STAMP ONLY)

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DEC 23 1967

Attorneys for Defendant

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,)

No. A-233421

Plaintiff,)

vs.)

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND
AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF
SUPPLEMENTAL MOTION FOR
DISCOVERY

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN.)

Defendant.)

TO THE HONORABLE EVELLE J. YOUNGER, DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE COUNTY
OF LOS ANGELES, LYNN D. COMPTON, CHIEF DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, AND
JOHN HOWARD AND DAVID FITTS, DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS:

The following Points and Authorities in Support of Supplemental Motion for
Discovery are respectfully submitted:

Powell v. Superior Court, 43 Cal.2d 704 (1957);

People v. Lopez, 32 Cal.Rpt. 384 P.2d 15 (1963);

(No California Appellate or California Reports citations found)

Funk v. Superior Court, 52 Cal.2d, 423 (1958);

California Criminal Procedure, Witkin, pp. 204, 285, 286
(Par. 271, 272, 273).

The following points and authorities and comments are taken from the National
Defender Project Newsletter of the National Legal Aid and Defender Association,
American Bar Center, February, 1967, Volume IV, No. 1 at page 4:

365, 10 L.Ed 691, have gone far to achieve this goal by assuring indigent defendants, even in noncapital cases, the right to counsel and to appellate review. The problem now facing the court concerns the production of witnesses on behalf of indigents. The Illinois constitution provides, in section 9 of article II, that in criminal prosecutions the accused is entitled to have process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf. In similar language the sixth amendment to the United States constitution provides that the accused in criminal cases is entitled to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor. Thus it is at once apparent that the right to summon witnesses is fundamental to our legal system. It is defendant's contention that a right so fundamental should not be made to depend upon the financial circumstances of the defendant. We share this view." 221 N.E.2d 643, 648.

DUTY OF THE PROSECUTOR TO DISCLOSE EVIDENCE FAVORABLE TO THE DEFENDANT

The trial proceeding has for its fundamental purpose the acquisition of truth in order to do justice between the parties. Although much advancement has been made in expanding discovery in civil cases, in most states discovery in criminal cases is limited (see II Defender Newsletter No. 3 (May 1965)). However, there exists a duty upon the prosecutor to conduct a fair trial, and this ethical responsibility is spelled out in the American Bar Association's Canons of Professional Ethics (No. 5):

"The primary duty of a lawyer engaged in public prosecution is not to convict, but to see that justice is done. The suppression of facts or the screening of witnesses capable of establishing the innocence of the accused is highly reprehensible."

The duty of the prosecutor to disclose information favorable to the defendant has again come under the recent scrutiny of the U.S. Supreme Court. In Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), Brady and his co-defendant were tried separately for the same murder in the perpetration of a robbery. Brady asked for a copy of his companion's statement, and he was given all statements except one in which his co-defendant admitted the actual act of killing. In the trial court, defense counsel for Brady admitted his part in the murder but asked the jury to return a verdict without capital punishment. Brady was sentenced to death. After his conviction was affirmed, the statement of his co-defendant came to light and Brady sought post-conviction relief, which was denied by the trial court. The Maryland Court of Appeals remanded the case for retrial on the question of punishment because of denial of due process, and the U.S. Supreme Court affirmed this remand. The Supreme Court in its opinion written by Justice Douglas announced:

"...nor that an suppression of the production of evidence favorable to an accused upon request violates the process where the evidence is material either to guilt or to punishment, irrespective of the good faith or bad faith of the prosecution." 373 U.S. 83, 87.

As a result of the Brady decision, many defense counsel now move at the end of the prosecution's case or before to have an in camera inspection by the court of the prosecution's file. Such an inquiry can also extend to the questioning of the prosecutor as to existence and availability of information that might be favorable to the defense. In some instances, defense counsel have requested this information prior to the commencement of the trial. The reasoning set forth in the Brady decision and the subsequent danger of an improper suppression are strong arguments to secure greater pretrial discovery for the defendant. If discovery is denied at the time of trial and it is later learned that the prosecution had actual or constructive knowledge of these matters that would have substantially aided the defense's case, relief by way of post-trial motions and other post-conviction remedies will be sought, which could require a retrial. Both fairness and efficiency require that the prosecution reveal material evidence of substantive value to the defense.

Both the federal and state courts have interpreted the ramifications of the Brady doctrine, and from a sampling of these cases certain general rules can be derived.

United States. In Levin v. Kamenbach, 368 F.2d 237 (D.C. Cir. 1966), the majority and dissenting opinions discuss the various competing factors in granting discovery under the Brady rule. In this case the defendant filed a habeas corpus petition to review a conviction of conspiracy for obtaining a corrupt acquittal in that the defendant received \$35,000 to fix the necessary parties, but allegedly kept the money. One of the issues of fact arising during trial was the type of bills used as payment -- either \$1,000 bills or \$50 bills. The prosecution knew of but failed to reveal the statement of a bank official which would have bearing on the type of bills used. The trial court denied the petition because defendant's evidence failed to show that the government counsel deliberately suppressed any evidence. The Court of Appeals reversed and held that negligent nondisclosure by prosecution, in good faith, is grounds for a new trial. Judge Burger in his dissent criticized the diligence exercised by defense counsel in failing to raise these points properly at the time of the original trial. The dissent noted, "In short a litigant is not allowed to gain an advantage out of his own slovenly preparation for trial." 368 F.2d 237, 294.

The U.S. Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals in Miller v. Pate, 342 F.2d 646 (7th Cir. 1965), reversed the grant by the district court of a writ of habeas corpus reviewing a state conviction for murder of an 8-year-old girl and discharging the prisoner. One of the errors arising out of the original trial asserted by the prisoner was the failure of the state prosecutor to reveal the fact that a state chemist had compared a hair which had been found in the vagina of the murdered girl and a sample of the prisoner's pubic hair. The particle taken from the vagina was

6
probably human hair and was not one belonging to the prisoner. However, the federal district court felt this evidence was of no consequence and the appellate court agreed. The U.S. Supreme Court has granted a petition of certiorari, 384 U.S. 998 (1966), and oral argument was heard by the Court on 11 January 1967. 35 U.S. Law Week 3242.

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Florida. In State v. McCall, 188 So.2d 324 (Fla. App. 1966), the defendant in a rape case obtained an order of the circuit court requiring the state to produce for inspection and copying all transcribed statements of witnesses in possession of the state. The defendant sought this information on the grounds that it was necessary for the preparation of trial and the suppression of favorable evidence would be a denial of due process. The appellate court quashed the order of the circuit court, for although the defendant was entitled to copy and inspect his own confession by statute, no general right of discovery to witnesses' statements exists. The court left open the possibility that in an exceptional case or under unusual circumstances such discovery might be authorized.

Illinois. In People v. Hoffman, 203 N.E.2d 573 (Ill. 1965), the defendant made persistent efforts during the trial to examine a pair of men's shorts found in the room of a hotel where he and the murder victim had previously registered as man and wife. The prosecution in the presentation of its case made a deliberate attempt to avoid any reference to the existence of this evidence. The Supreme Court of Illinois reversed the conviction because the evidence suppressed by the prosecution was material and the request for its production was timely.

In People v. Nelson, 210 N.E.2d 212 (Ill. 1965), the defendant was convicted of murder for hiring another to do the killing. The person he hired to commit the murder was the principal witness against him. The defendant expressly requested the production of the results of polygraph examinations given by the police to all persons in connection with this murder. Since the opinion of the polygraph operator on the truthfulness of the subject was inadmissible, the Supreme Court held that denial of the request was not error.

NOTE: In both Illinois cases requests were made by defense, and express discovery demands would appear to strengthen the showing that the evidence, if suppressed by the prosecutor, was both material and important. If the prosecutor attempts to conceal the very existence of the evidence (i.e. the Hoffman case), the court would more likely recognize a greater impact on the defense's case than if defense counsel had been aware of the evidence.

Louisiana. In State v. Dickson, 180 So.2d 403 (La. 1965), narcotics case, counsel for the defendant in pretrial discovery sought to obtain motion pictures and sound recordings made while the defendant was in the act of committing the crime. The trial judge denied this discovery, and the Supreme Court of Louisiana affirmed. The state had presented the motion pictures at trial but did not produce the sound recordings which were said to be unintelligible. The court noted that defense counsel failed to object to the testimony of the police officers

that the sound recordings were not usable and failed to ask the trial court to issue an instant subpoena regarding their production in court. The prosecutor was under no independent obligation to introduce the recordings into evidence, for defense counsel was aware of the existence of these recordings and could have required their production in court.

Maryland. A defendant had been convicted of murder and sentenced to death, and his defense had been insanity. During the trial contradictory psychiatric testimony was presented, and two psychiatrists who testified that the defendant was sane had used a clinical psychologist to conduct background tests. On the basis of a statement by the clinical psychologist that the defendant was insane at the time of the offense, the defense sought and was granted a new trial. The order of the trial court granting the new trial was reversed by the Court of Appeals of Maryland. State v. Tull, 212 A.2d 729 (Md. 1965). The Court of Appeals reviewed the propriety of a psychologist's testimony on the issue of insanity and held that he was a technician assisting the doctors, hence his testimony was cumulative. No fundamental unfairness occurred in not presenting the testimony of the psychologist to the jury.

Massachusetts. In Commonwealth v. T. J. Ford, 213 N.E.2d 399 (Mass. 1966), the defendant, a state trooper, was charged with solicitation of a bribe of \$9. During the bench trial a state police major sat through the testimony of a prosecution witness without objection or comment, knowing that the testimony presented to the court differed from what this witness had told him previously. The defendant, with the affidavit of his investigator, moved for a new trial on the failure of the prosecution to reveal this potentially dispositive deviation from prior statement. The Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts affirmed the judgment of the trial court. The court held that (1) the prosecutor did not have knowledge of the evidence suppressed, (2) the testimony of this prosecution witness played no part in the finding of guilty, and (3) the defendant through his lawyer was constructively aware at the time of trial of the defendant's testimony.

Missouri. In State v. Thompson, 395 S.W.2d 111 (Mo. 1965), the defendant was convicted of first degree murder and sentenced to death. A jury found him guilty of shooting and killing a police officer. The defendant and a companion had been riding in a car and were stopped by the police. The companion shot and killed a police officer. The testimony at trial also indicated that the defendant shot and killed another police officer. When the defendant was arrested, two automatic pistols of the same caliber were taken. At trial the defendant claimed that he did not fire his pistol. The empty shells found at the scene were examined by an expert and reported as all having come from one gun, not the gun of the defendant; but this information was not revealed to the defendant. During the trial the prosecutor argued to the jury the failure of the defense to show the whereabouts of any spent shell casings in proving that the defendant did not fire his gun. When the report was discovered the defendant moved to set aside the judgment, but the trial court denied the motion without a hearing. The Supreme Court of Missouri on habeas corpus reversed because of both the failure to disclose and the argument of the prosecutor.

The court stated:

"Vari[ous] courts have held that the suppression of (or failure to disclose, evidence) in the prosecution or control of the prosecution, which is favorable to defendant and which might be persuasive to a jury, constitutes such a fundamental unfairness as to invalidate a conviction because violative of due process." 393 S.W.2d 697, 700.

This language was criticized as too broad by Chief Justice Starkman in his concurring opinion. 396 S.W.2d 697, 706.

New Jersey. In State v. Cook, 206 A.2d 359 (N.J. 1965), the defendant while in custody on charges of murder was examined by psychiatrists designated by the State. The court granted defense counsel's request for the appointment of a psychiatrist to examine defendant but denied his request to examine the State's medical reports, even though defense counsel was willing to disclose his psychiatric reports. The Supreme Court of New Jersey reversed the trial court's denial and held:

"The county prosecutor's function is not to convict but to see that justice is done; he must seek the truth whether it be helpful to the State or defendant. (Citation.) He must deal fairly and may not constitutionally withhold material evidence which favors the defendant. (Citing Brady v. Maryland.) Cross-disclosure of the psychiatric reports, as now sought by the defendant, would not only aid in ferreting out the truth but would also avoid any question of unconstitutional withholding." 206 A.2d 359, 364.

New Mexico. In Trimble v. State, 403 P.2d 112 (N.M. 1965), a member of the clergy was charged with murder, and he claimed self-defense in that the decedent was about to hit him with a chair when the defendant shot him. The defendant alleged that the decedent had made indecent proposals to the defendant's wife, and that he had made a tape recording of one of the decedent's conversations with his wife and had written a letter to his bishop about this matter. The police took from the defendant prior to trial the tape recording and four copies of his letter to the bishop. When they were demanded at trial, the copies of the letters could not be found and the tapes had been erased. The state claimed that no pre-judice was shown and that the suppression was not willful, but the Supreme Court of New Mexico reversed because of this lost exculpatory evidence.

In State v. Gomez, 403 P.2d 46 (N.M. 1965), this same court held that under the principles of Brady v. Maryland and Trimble v. State, the defendant was entitled to a supplemental police report reflected in the testimony of a police officer.

New York. In People v. Fain, 219 N.E.2d 374 (N.Y. 1966), the defendant, a businessman, was convicted of murdering his "book-maker." The principal prosecution testimony against him was that of his girl friend, a prostitute. Another prostitute differed with this prosecution witness as to a preliminary occurrence and had confronted her. The prosecution witness thereafter recanted her story. (She had recanted her story once before.) The Court of Appeals held, with one judge dissenting, that this nondisclosure of the change in the statement of the witness upon confrontation with another was not prejudicial.

Ohio. In Melfulen v. Maxwell, 209 N.E.2d 449 (Ohio 1965), the defendant contended on a petition for a writ of habeas corpus that his conviction for murder should be set aside because he was denied a fair trial. His conviction was based upon circumstantial evidence, including the adverse results of a lie detector test administered pursuant to a stipulation between counsel. The witnesses for the state indicated that on the evening of the murder the defendant was in possession of a snub-nosed .38 caliber revolver. The prosecutor had possession of a ballistics report indicating that the murder weapon was a long-barreled .38 caliber revolver, but failed to disclose it. The Supreme Court of Ohio reversed, and it announced a rule that prejudice from nondisclosure is an issue determination:

"Whether the prosecutor has a duty to disclose evidence which is favorable to the accused or whether his failure to do so constitutes a denial of due process will depend upon the particular circumstances of each case." 209 N.E.2d 449, 454.

Pennsylvania. In Commonwealth v. Smith, 206 A.2d 219 (Pa. 1965), the defendant was charged with assault and battery on a police officer. The defendant had been stopped for a traffic violation, and an altercation followed. The specific factual issue turned on who struck the first blow. The defendant conspired to the local federal authorities that he was beaten after his arrest by three police officers at the station, and the federal grand jury indicted those police officers under the Civil Rights Act. The defendant was convicted and was given 30 days imprisonment and a \$1,000 fine. Prior to trial the defendant requested that a subpoena duces tecum be served on the FBI Special Agent in Charge in Philadelphia to have him produce the statements made by two witnesses who later testified for the Commonwealth. The trial court denied the request, and the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, on a remand from the U.S. Supreme Court, reversed. On the value of the statements withheld, the Court noted:

"Thus, denying Smith the opportunity to use such statements would unquestionably be a denial of 'fundamental rights of our citizenry.' But even if the FBI statements corroborate generally what Sweet and Corcoran said or may say at a new trial, as to the details of the physical combat between Smith and Elliott, but differ from the witnesses' courtroom testimony on minor points, such differences can be the subject for consideration of the believability to assign to the witnesses. The question of credibility sometimes depends on the slightest inclination of the scales.

98

Where the jury is in doubt as to whether or not to believe a witness, the smallest feather of a palpable exaggeration or an inconsistency in a witness's statement on a minor point may be the very item to tip the scales and discredit the witness on his main testimony." 203 A.2d 219, 225-6.

PRIVILEGE AGAINST SELF-INCRIMINATION

Two recent 5-4 decisions of the U.S. Supreme Court extended the privilege against self-incrimination to not only forbid the use in a criminal prosecution of testimony given under threat of removal from public office in a related non-criminal judicial inquiry, but also to compel reversal of disbarment proceedings based on a refusal to testify and produce records before a state judicial inquiry into a lawyer's unethical practices.

In Garley v. New Jersey, 35 U.S. Law Week 4135 (16 January 1967), police officers suspected of fixing traffic tickets were warned in the course of a judicial investigation: (1) that any statements might be used against them in criminal proceedings, (2) that they were privileged not to give incriminating disclosures, but that (3) pursuant to statute, refusal to answer would subject them to removal from office. The officers submitted to depositions, and some of the statements were admitted, over objection, in a later criminal conspiracy prosecution. The Court held that:

"...the protection of the individual under the Fourteenth Amendment against coerced confessions prohibits...in subsequent criminal proceedings of confessions obtained under threat of removal from office and that it extends to all, whether they are policemen or other members of our body politic." 35 U.S. Law Week 4135, 4137.

The majority opinion pointed out that "coercion that vitiates a confession... can be mental as well as physical... [and] the question is whether the accused was deprived of his 'free choice to admit, to deny or to refuse to answer.'" 35 U.S. Law Week 4135, 4136.

Justices Harlan, Clark and Stewart dissented on the grounds that no duress was exerted in obtaining the statements, so that the only issue was whether the threat of dismissal imposed on the exercise of the privilege made the statements inadmissible.

"...[N]othing in the logic or purposes of the privilege demands that all consequences which may result from a witness' silence be forbidden merely because that silence is privileged. The validity of a consequence depends both upon the facts, if any, it presents to the integrity of the privilege and upon the urgency of the public interests it is designed to protect." 35 U.S. Law Week 4135, 4139.

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In Garrity v. New Jersey, 35 U.S. Law Week 4135 (16 January 1967), police officers suspected of fixing traffic tickets were warned in the course of a judicial investigation: (1) that any statements might be used against them in criminal proceedings, (2) that they were privileged not to give incriminating disclosures, but that (3) pursuant to statute, refusal to answer would subject them to removal from office. The officers submitted to depositions, and some of the statements were admitted, over objection, in a later criminal conspiracy prosecution. The Court held that:

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Respectfully submitted,

GRANT B. COOPER,
EMILE Z. BERMAN and
RUSSELL PARSONS

by

Grant B. Cooper
GRANT B. COOPER

87

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

CRIMINAL

DECEMBER 23, 1966

ERNEST T. FAIRER

A. FAIRER

PLA

APPEARANCES:

State and County of Los Angeles
County of Los Angeles

T. FAIRER, DEPUTY ATTORNEY

Case No. A 233,221

State of California District Attorney

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

J. Robert

Reple

R. A. Sisk, Public Defender

X1 SHERMAN STRAIN

Reple

X2 J. Parsons, J. Cooper and J. Derran

Defendant's pre-trial discovery motion is called for hearing. Defendant's pre-trial discovery motion is granted as set forth in his written supplemental motion for discovery filed December 13, 1966 in items 1 through 6 and 8 through 17. Item 7 is abandoned by the defendant. On motion of the defendant, the Court requests the District Attorney to make such investigation as he may deem appropriate to correct the article reported in the Los Angeles Times re defendant having forged a check for \$10.50. The defendant personally and all counsel stipulate conferences during trial may be had in chambers without the defendant. The defendant personally consents to being inoculated for a flu shot. Remanded.

EWALD J. YOUNGER
District Attorney of Los Angeles County
400 Hall of Justice
Los Angeles, California 90012
Telephone: 626-3088

Attorney for Plaintiff

201
ORIGINAL
FILED

FEB 23 1969

CLERK OF COURT, Los Angeles

U. S. District Court
217

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Plaintiff,

v.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN,

Defendant.

No. A-233121

The following names and files are hereby included as
People's Exhibit 84 - (Ambassador); People's Exhibit 85 -
(Background); People's Exhibit 86 - (Medical); People's Ex-
hibit 87 - (Miscellaneous); People's Exhibit 88 - (Range):

AMBASSADOR

ALVAREZ, Richard

AUSRY, Richard

BEILINSON, Anthony

BEILINSON, Delores (Mrs.)

BERRY, Lauri Margaret

BRESLIN, Mr. James (Jimmy)

BRUCE, Rae

CABRILLO, Henry

CASDEN, Robin

CEPAR, Thane

1 CHARACH, Theodore R.
2 CUCCIA, Nicky
3 DEAN, Larry
4 DIVYAK, Andrew John
5 DRATKE, Dick
6 DREW, Richard
7 DUTTON, Fred
8 ELMORE, Ralph
9 ELLIS, Albert Victor
10 EVANS, Arthur W.
11 FARR, Gloria
12 FINLEY, Mrs. Charles (Frances)
13 FINLEY, Mrs. Jeffery (Margaret)
14 FREED, Evan Phillip
15 FRICK, Richard
16 FUNK, Robert
17 GREEN, George
18 GRIFFIN, Booker
19 GUY, Virginia
20 HAMILL, Pete
21 HAPDY, James Howard (Cap)
22 HEALY, Robert Leo
23 HEATH, Thaddeus
24 HOLDE, Barbara
25 HUNTLEY, Robert
26 JACKSON, Larry
27 JAYNE, David
28 KADAR, Gabon
29 KAMAROC, Stanley Steven
30 KHOURY, John A.
31 LA HIVE, Joseph A.

1 LEWIS, Daine
2 LOCKE, Suzanne
3 LUBIC, Richard G.
4 MALLARD, Augustus
5 MANHENTICZ, Frank
6 MARCUS, Michael D.
7 MARDER, Gary
8 MINNS, Blaise Max
9 MURRAY, Barbara J.
10 MURRAY, Dave
11 MC BROCK, Marcus
12 MC DONALD, Hugh
13 PLIMPTON, Mrs. Freddy
14 PULLEN, John William
15 RANELLE, Jennie
16 RICH, Timothy Paul
17 RICH, Walter G.
18 RISING, Nelson
19 ROGERS, Warren
20 ROSEN, Richard
21 RUBIN, Barbara
22 SCHLEI, Norbert
23 SERRANO, Sandra
24 SULLIVAN, Acquelina
25 STALPERS, Frans
26 TIMANSON, Uno
27 TOIGG, Robert A.
28 TOWNSEND, Alvin
29 TUCK, Richard
30 UNRUH, Bradley
31 VALLOCH, Sander
32 WYNN, Michael

1 WEST, Andrew
2 WILLAMAN, Earl C.
3 WILSON, James S.
4 WINKER, Kristi
5 WITCOBER, Jules J.
6 YARC, Boris
7 YOSHIO, Niwa

8 BACKGROUND

9 ALEX, Abraham
10 BUCKLES, Jess P.
11 DAVIES, Jack
12 DAY, Donald N. (Sgt.)
13 DILL, John D.
14 DISMUKES, Martin R.
15 DONNORAMA, Frank
16 (aka RAMISTALLA, H.R.)
17 DRAKE, Retta
18 EDELMAN, L.R.
19 FETHERSTON, Irene
20 FINEBERG, Sherwood M.D.
21 FUCHS, Kasper M.D.
22 GARCIA, Ivan
23 GARNER, John C. M.D.
24 GEARHART, John Glenn
25 GREENBERG, David S.
26 GREENE, Jeannie (Van Auswerg)
27 GUHM, Gwendalee (Gwen)
28 HAGGERTY, Michael F.
29 HEMMINGWAY, Jerrald Bryan
30 HERNICK, Jeanne S.
31 HOGUE, W.F.
32 JONES, Milton

WILSH, Terry M.

... ..

1 SKINNER, Earle C. M.D.

2 TASHMA, Albert M.D.

3 WALKER, Richard Elaire

4 YANSHON, Leonard J. M.D.

5 MISCELLANEOUS

6 CHRISTIAN, John G.

7 CROME, Walter S. Jr.

8 DUARTE, Jose A.

9 FAHEY, John

10 GENDROS, Robert

11 GOLDEN GARTER (Alhambra)

12 KEAM, Khalil r

13 ROBBIE'S RESTAURANT (Pomona)

14 CHEN, Jerry

15 RANGE

16 ALTENBAUGH, Charlie

17 ATALIO, William

18 CARDONA, Jesse

19 EDWARDS, Corliss

20 EDWARDS, Robert E.

21 FARRELL, Thomas A.

22 FOSS, Brent C.

23 GOODSELL, Maynard

24 GREGALVA, Richard

25 GREGALVA, Roberta

26 HAGER, Lloyd

27 HANSON, Leland B.

28 HARLEN, Parker

29 HICKS, Harry

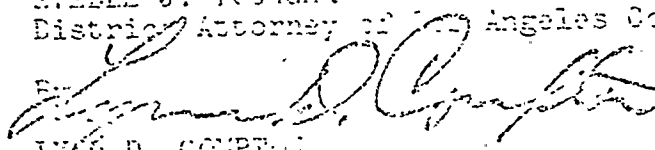
30 HOLGATE, Mike Roy

1 HENDALL, Charles
2 LEE, Harry
3 LEIS, Gilbert
4 MILLNER, Charles M. Jr.
5 MISCHE, George S.
6 MISCHE, Mara
7 MC CHESNEY, Grove
8 PACK, Dean
9 RENTZ, M.R.
10 RIPP, James F.
11 SEM, Kenneth Richard
12 SHOOTZ, Les
13 STEWARD, Richard
14 STEPP, Marion Henry
15 TESCHER, Joseph
16 THORN, Margie
17 THORNBROUGH, James J.
18 TRAMER, Ben
19 TROUP, Orie
20 WEAVER, Russell Doyle
21 WHITE, Robert

22 DATED this 28th day of February, 1969.

23 Respectfully submitted,

24 SVELLE J. YOUNGER
25 District Attorney of Los Angeles County

26 
27 IVAN D. COMPTON
28 Chief Deputy District Attorney

29 Attorney for Plaintiff
30

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)(P)

DATE: 4/16/71

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Mr. JOHN E. HOWARD, Chief Deputy District Attorney, Los Angeles County, on 4/15/71 made available a copy of an affidavit prepared by him in connection with a request made of his ~~office~~ ^{U.S. Dept. of Justice} by the Committee to Investigate Assassinations, Inc., 927 - 15th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

This affidavit is in connection with the prosecution of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN for the murder of the late Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

Mr. HOWARD specifically pointed out that page 2 of the affidavit, starting with line 25 through and including line 31, and page 3, starting with line 26 through and including line 29, are pertinent with respect to information made available by his office at the time of the trial to the defense in conformance with a court order.

The affidavit by HOWARD was pursuant to a request from Deputy Attorney General WILLIAM S. LYNCH, assigned to Analysis and Planning, Internal Security Division, U. S. Department of Justice. The affidavit was requested in a letter from Mr. LYNCH dated 3/15/71.

RJLJ:CM
(1)



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

H. O. Puchner

56-156-3046

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APR 26 1971	
FBI — LOS ANGELES	



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

April 15, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

NAJI MEHDI ALASH

Also Known As

Naji Baba

INTERNAL SECURITY - MIDDLE EAST

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/UB

C.N. 255,315

The following background data was obtained from File
A8 154 099 at the Immigration and Naturalization Service, San
Francisco (INS-SF):

Name:	NAJI MEHDI ALASH
Birth:	9/16/28 Baghdad, Iraq
Father:	MEHDI ALASH - Deceased
Mother's Maiden Name:	SALIMA AHMED - Residing Baghdad (1951)
Arrival in U.S.:	10/18/51 at New York City
Relative in U.S.:	SALEH ALASH - Brother, San Francisco State College (SFSC) (1951)
Friend in U.S.:	KAMEL AYOUB 570 Junipero Serra San Francisco (1959)
Marital Status:	Married on 11/25/58 at Reno, Nevada, to CARLENE MARIE ALASH (POLA) who was born 3/7/34 in Oakland, California
Organizational Membership:	International Relations Club, SFSC, and Arabian Club of San Francisco (1959)
Immigration Status:	Adjusted to status of permanent resident as of 5/1/59 at San Francisco

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Above INS file showed ALASH was enrolled as a student
at SFSC between September, 1951, and June, 1957, when he was
disqualified. He had been having scholastic difficulties.

INS file showed that in 1956 ALASH advised he had
periodically suffered from "very severe mental depression
attacks" which he first experienced after his arrival in the
United States. He received psychiatric treatment for this
illness.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your
agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

NAJI MEHDI ALASH

The 1971 Alien Address Report Card for ALASH shows he resides at 1293 Union Street, San Francisco, and is self-employed as a carpet layer, Social Security Number [REDACTED]. He is a citizen of Iraq.

The files of the San Francisco County Clerk reflect that CARLENE MARIE ALASH received final judgement of divorce from ALASH on October 25, 1960.

On April 14, 1971, ALASH advised he is self-employed as a carpet layer and lives in an apartment at the rear of his shop at 1293 Union Street. He stated he no longer is associated with the coffee shop called Naji's at 347 Columbus Avenue as he could not keep a satisfactory manager.

ALASH advised he had no knowledge of any possible terrorist activity on the part of the Arab people in the San Francisco area. He noted his primary organizational contact with other Arabs was through U.S. Omen which he described as a fund raising organization made up primarily of middle aged or older Arab businessmen. Funds go to educational and relief activity for Arabs in the Middle East.

ALASH advised he was not personally acquainted with SIRHAN SIRHAN and had met his mother only once about six months ago when she was in a car that brought ADEL SIRHAN to ALASH's shop.

ALASH further explained he had known ADEL SIRHAN and worked with him as a musician. ALASH plays the drums and SIRHAN a stringed instrument. ADEL SIRHAN lived at ALASH's shop for a couple of months in the Fall of 1970 and worked as a helper with ALASH but work was slow and he has returned to the Los Angeles area.

ALASH advised that ADEL SIRHAN did not discuss his brother in any detail but appeared to want to continue to live in the United States for ADEL commented he would have gone home if he did not like it in the United States. ALASH stated he believed that this was also the feeling of Mrs. SIRHAN and others in their family.

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-208313)

4/15/71

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-26451) (C)

CHANGED
NAJI MEHDI ALASH, aka
Naji Baba
IS - MIDDLE EAST

OO:SF

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 8-11-86 BY SP6 BJA/ur
C.N. 255,315

Title is changed to show Subject's middle name as
obtained from INS file.

Re San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 1/6/71.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are five copies of
an LHM dated and captioned as above.

One information copy is furnished Los Angeles Office
in view of Subject's comments regarding ADEL SIRHAN whose
contact with Subject was the original basis of this investi-
gation.

It is noted ALASH was friendly during interview and
indicated he would advise the FBI if he received any infor-
mation concerning possible Arab terrorist activity in the
future.

Instant investigation is being closed but ALASH
will be contacted in the future concerning Arab matters should
logical reason arise.

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 5) (RM)
1 - Los Angeles (Encl. 1) (Info) (ADEL SIRHAN) (RM)
2 - San Francisco
(1 - 105-26421) (ADEL SIRHAN)

RES/cmp
(5)

56-156-3048

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 16 1971	
FBI-LOS ANGELES	

File - Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 12-15-60)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____ Date _____

☐ Pending

☐ Closed

Serial No. _____ Description of Serial _____ Date Charged _____

Serial 3049

Skipped During

Serialization

Employee _____

RECHARGE

Date _____

To _____ From _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Sirhan Appeal Reply Filed

SAN FRANCISCO (AP)—The state filed a 291-page reply with the California Supreme Court Friday challenging Sirhan B. Sirhan's appeal from his conviction and death sentence for the fatal shooting of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy in Los Angeles June 5, 1968.

The brief was signed by Atty. Gen. Evelle Younger, Asst. Atty. Gen. William E. James and Dep. Atty. Gen. Ronald McGeorge.

The state argues that Los Angeles Superior Judge Herbert Walker did not err with respect to Sirhan's two unsuccessful attempts to plead guilty.

It also attacks claims of illegal search, illegal selection of the grand jury and trial jury and exclusion of jurors because of opposition to capital punishment.

A jury found Sirhan guilty of murdering Sen. Kennedy and of assault with intent to commit murder involving five other persons wounded in the incident.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

4-10 Los Angeles Times
Los Angeles, Calif.

Date: 5/8/71
Edition: Saturday Final
Author:
Editor:
Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Los Angeles

☐ Being Investigated

56-156-3050

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MAY 10 1971	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Adverse Be
sketch
copy
Richard

F B I

Date: 5/17/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)
RE: KENSALT

Re: Appeal of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau, 5/13/71.

On 5/14/71, a copy of the respondent's brief to the appeal for SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN was obtained from Deputy Attorney General WILLIAM JAMES. This document contains 291 pages.

JAMES advised that his office has only one copy of the appeal filed by SIRHAN's attorney, but would make it available to this office for Xeroxing of extra copies. The appeal consists of four volumes totaling almost 800 pages.

The desires of the Bureau are requested as to whether the Bureau and/or the Department want a copy of either or both of the appeal and the answer to the appeal for the completion of their files in this matter.

One copy of the appeal and of the answer to the appeal will be made a part of the Los Angeles file.

2 - Bureau
2 - Los Angeles
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Special Agent in Charge 2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

SAC, Los Angeles (56-156) *✓*

May 28, 1971

Director, FBI (62-587)

KENSALT

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Director dated 5/17/71.

In order that our files may be complete with respect to this investigation, two copies of Sirhan's appeal and the respondent's brief to the appeal should be submitted to the Bureau.

One copy will then be furnished the Department.

56-156-3052

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[Handwritten signature]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)

DATE: 6/1/71

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 5/28/71, an individual identifying himself as JOSEPH M. HANNON, Chief of the Civil Rights Division, U. S. Attorney's Office, Washington, D.C. (telephone 202-426-7281), telephonically advised the writer as follows:

An organization known as the "Committee to Investigate Assassinations", has filed a request with the U. S. Department of Justice for admission of FBI files. In connection therewith, they stated, in part, "FBI Agent ROGER LA JEUNESSE was aware of ROBERT KAISER's access to the records and his plan to publish a book which was based in part upon such records, at the conclusion of SIRHAN trial." Mr. HANNON desired to know whether or not the foregoing was a true statement, at which time the writer advised him that he had no such knowledge of any FBI records having been made available to KAISER for the preparation of a book.

Mr. HANNON requested that an affidavit be prepared and submitted to his office in response to the foregoing. He further stated, upon determination of the telephone conversation, "You make a record of this conversation and I'm doing the same."

The foregoing is being made the subject of this memorandum in the event it is of possible future significance.

RJL/kap
(2)

56-156-3053

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Los Angeles (56-156) / 2

DATE: May 28, 1971

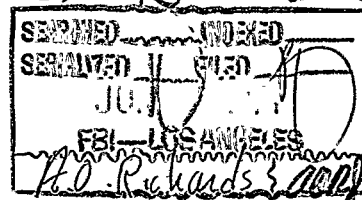
✓ FROM : Director, FBI (62-587)

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Director dated 5/17/71.

In order that our files may be complete with respect to this investigation, two copies of Sirhan's appeal and the respondent's brief to the appeal should be submitted to the Bureau.

One copy will then be furnished the Department.



F B I

Date: 5/13/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)(P)
RE: KENSALT
RE: Appeal of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

News article in Los Angeles "Times" of 5/8/71, states that State of California filed a 291-page reply with the California Supreme Court challenging SIRHAN's appeal from his conviction of the fatal shooting of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

The state, in this reply, according to the news article, argues that Los Angeles Superior Court Judge HERBERT WALKER did not err with respect to SIRHAN's two unsuccessful attempts to plead guilty.

The reply by the state also attacks claims of illegal search, illegal selection of the Grand Jury and trial juries and exclusion of jurors because of opposition to capital punishment.

On 5/13/71, JOHN E. HOWARD, Chief Deputy District Attorney of Los Angeles County, was requested to furnish this office a copy of the appeal and of the state's reply to this appeal of SIRHAN.

3 - Bureau
2 - Los Angeles

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(4)

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

22.

ROGER J. LA JEUNESSE, JR., being duly sworn, deposes and says

I am a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Los Angeles, California. Following the shooting of the late Senator Robert F. Kennedy on June 5, 1968, in Los Angeles, California, I was assigned liaison responsibility between the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the prosecutive agencies responsible for the prosecution of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, who was charged with the murder of Senator Kennedy.

That, in connection with those liaison responsibilities, Reports and Letterhead Memoranda were prepared and were disseminated to the United States Attorney at Los Angeles, and the District Attorney's Office for the County of Los Angeles, State of California, the latter being the prosecuting authority for this case.

That, during the investigation of the murder of Senator Kennedy, I had contact with personnel of the prosecuting agencies from June 5, 1968, through the termination of the guilt phase of the trial in April 1969. Between March 3, 1969 and April 4, 1969, I had no contact with any members of the prosecution or Defense Team owing to having been off duty following surgery during the above period of time. In addition, various members of the Defense Team representing Sirhan were continually present in court during the trial, one of whom was Robert Blair Kaiser, who had been included as an "investigator" member of the Defense Team. In his capacity as an "investigator" for the Defense Team, it would appear that Kaiser might have had access to

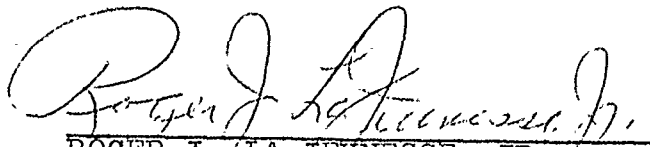
1 any records and or files made available to the Defense by
2 Court order.

3 On May 1, 1969, following completion of the guilt phase
4 of the trial, Mr. Kaiser telephonically advised me that he
5 was in the process of putting together a book concerning the
6 assassination of Senator Kennedy. In connection therewith,
7 he stated he had previously directed a letter to J. Edgar
8 Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation,
9 Washington, D. C., requesting to know specifically "how the
10 FBI went into action" in connection with the assassination.
11 He stated that he had advised the Federal Bureau of Investi-
12 gation that as a member of the Defense Team, he had already
13 had access to part of the investigation conducted by the
14 Federal Bureau of Investigation. Mr. Kaiser further
15 explained that he had received a letter from Mr. Hoover
16 advising him that the information contained in the files of
17 the Federal Bureau of Investigation is confidential.

18 Furthermore, on May 1, 1969, I had no personal know-
19 ledge of any alleged correspondence between Kaiser and the
20 Federal Bureau of Investigation. I had a subsequent
21 telephone conversation with Mr. Kaiser at which time I made
22 reference to a letter addressed to him from Mr. Hoover,
23 dated April 29, 1969, in which Mr. Kaiser was advised of the
24 confidential nature of Federal Bureau Investigation files
25 and telling him it would not be possible to furnish
26 information to him regarding Sirhan Bishara Sirhan.

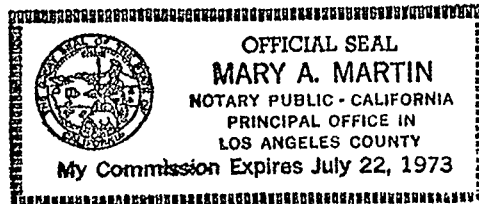
27 That, at no time was any dissemination made by me to
28 Robert Blair Kaiser of any written matter, nor was there
29 any oral dissemination made to Mr. Kaiser.
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ROGER J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.
Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before
me this 1st day of June, 1971.


Notary Public in and for said
County and State



F B I

Date: 6/2/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (REGISTERED)
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau dated 4/20/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following:

The original and one copy of an affidavit prepared by SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR. attesting to points regarding dissemination of Bureau reports and letterhead memorandum.

Also enclosed are two copies of an undated letter from ROBERT B. KAISER to the Director, and two copies of a letter from the Director to Mr. ROBERT BLAIR KAISER, 2762 Woodshire, Hollywood, California, 90028, dated 4/29/69.

For the information of the Bureau, Mr. JOSEPH M. HANNON Chief of the Civil Rights Division, United States Attorney's Office, Washington, D. C., telephonically advised SA LA JEUNESSE on 5/28/71, as follows:

An organization known as the "Committee to Investigate Assassinations" has filed a request with the U. S. Department of Justice for admission of FBI files. In connection therewith, the Committee has advised that "FBI Agent ROGER LA JEUNESSE was aware of ROBERT KAISER's access to the records and his plan to publish a book which was based in part upon such records at the conclusion of SIRHAN trial".

2 Bureau (Enc. 6)
2 Los Angeles

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

LA 56-156

Mr. HANNON was advised by SA LA JEUNESSE that he had no such knowledge and, in fact, was advised that Mr. KAISER had made a previously written request of the Bureau for such information and was subsequently advised by the Bureau that information he was seeking would not be made available to him (see enclosed letters).

Mr. HANNON requested that SA LA JEUNESSE prepare the enclosed affidavit and that also copies of correspondence from KAISER to the Director, and from the Director to KAISER be likewise be made available to him. Copies of these letters are being made available to the Bureau in the event it is deemed desirable to furnish them to Mr. HANNON.

F B I

Date: 6/8/71

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR (62-587)
FROM: LOS ANGELES (56-156)

KENSALT.

RELA AIRTEL TO BUREAU, JANUARY NINE, NINETEEN SIXTY NINE;
BUAIRTEL TO LOS ANGELES, JANUARY SIXTEEN, NINETEEN SIXTY NINE;
LOS ANGELES TEL TO BUREAU, JUNE TWO, LAST.

RICHARD HECHT, DEPUTY DA, LOS ANGELES, ADVISED IN VIEW
OF ADVERSE PUBLICITY CONCERNING BALLISTICS EXAMINATION IN
CAPTIONED CASE, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO RE-EXAMINE BALLISTICS
EVIDENCE. HECHT STATED INASMUCH AS LAPD CRIME LABORATORY
IS SUBJECT OF CRITICISM, CREDIBILITY OF RE-EXAMINATION WOULD
BE QUESTIONED IF CONDUCTED BY LAPD LABORATORY. HECHT
COMMENTED IN VIEW OF JOINT INVESTIGATION IN CAPTIONED MATTER
BY FBI AND LAPD AND BECAUSE OF FBI LABORATORY PROMINENCE IN
LAW ENFORCEMENT FIELD, CONSIDERATION BEING GIVEN BY DISTRICT
ATTORNEY'S OFFICE TO REQUESTING FBI LABORATORY TO MAKE

RHB/gcw

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Special Agent in Charge

LA 56-156

PAGE TWO

RE-EXAMINATION. DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE AWARE OF BUREAU POLICY CONCERNING RE-EXAMINATION OF EVIDENCE BY FBI LABORATORY AND FOR THIS REASON, IS MAKING CONFIDENTIAL INQUIRY AT THIS TIME TO DETERMINE IF IN VIEW OF UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCES, FBI LABORATORY WOULD MAKE RE-EXAMINATION.

IN VIEW OF LONG STANDING POLICY OF FBI LABORATORY CONCERNING SUCH EXAMINATIONS, AND THE CURRENT CONTROVERSY SURROUNDING LAPD CRIME LABORATORY AS SET FORTH IN LA TEL JUNE TWO, LAST IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT DA BE ADVISED THAT THESE RE-EXAMINATIONS CANNOT BE CONDUCTED BY FBI.

BUREAU REQUESTED TO SUTEL.

F B I

Date: 6/2/71

16

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE NITEL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

KENSALT.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL JUNE TWO INSTANT.

LOS ANGELES PRESS ^{ARTICLE} ~~AIRTEL~~ MAY TWENTY NINE LAST, STATED
CHARGE BY LOS ANGELES ATTORNEY BARBARA WARNER BLEHR THAT
CRIMINALIST DE WAYNE A. WOLFER ^{Los Angeles Police Department} ERRED IN BALLISTICS
INVESTIGATION OF SIRHAN CASE.

BLEHR ALLEGES THAT WOLFER NEVER TEST FIRED GUN
TAKEN FROM SIRHAN ON NIGHT SENATOR KENNEDY SHOT. SHE
FURTHER ALLEGES WOLFER TEST FIRED A DIFFERENT GUN AND
THAT BULLETS TAKEN FROM VICTIMS OF KENNEDY SHOOTING
MATCHED THIS SECOND GUN.

TWO PHOTOS FORWARDED BY BLEHR WITH HER LETTER TO
THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION IN EFFORT TO BLOCK WOLFER'S
APPOINTMENT AS PERMANENT HEAD OF LAPD CRIME LAB ARE OF

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Special Agent in Charge 2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

LA 56-156

PAGE TWO

EXHIBIT FIFTY FIVE FROM THE SIRHAN TRIAL. EXHIBIT FIFTY FIVE IS ENVELOPE CONTAINING THREE BULLETS PURPORTEDLY FIRED FROM SIRHAN'S GUN. THIS EXHIBIT IS CURRENTLY IN SAN FRANCISCO AT STATE APPELATE COURT. ~~THE~~ ACCORDING TO BLEHR, ~~ALSO THIS EXHIBIT~~ ^{BEARS} ~~BEARING~~ IN WOLFER'S HANDWRITING NOTATION THAT SIRHAN'S GUN BORE SERIAL NUMBER H ONE EIGHT SIX ZERO TWO.

TRIAL RECORDS SHOW GUN TAKEN FROM SIRHAN BORE SERIAL NUMBER H FIVE THREE SEVEN TWO FIVE. BLEHR ALLEGES THAT ONLY CONCLUSION THAT CAN BE REACHED IS THAT TWO SIMILAR GUNS WERE FIRED AT SCENE OF KENNEDY SHOOTING.

JOHN E. HOWARD, CHIEF DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, WHO WAS ONE OF THE SIRHAN PROSECUTORS, ADVISED ON JUNE TWO INSTANT THAT ON JUNE SIX SIXTY EIGHT WOLFER TEST FIRED GUN TAKEN FROM SIRHAN, SERIAL NUMBER H FIVE THREE SEVEN TWO FIVE. ON JUNE SEVEN SIXTY EIGHT, WOLFER TESTIFIED FOR GRAND JURY INDICTMENT OF SIRHAN THAT SPENT BULLET RECOVERED FROM KENNEDY'S BODY WAS FIRED FROM SIRHAN GUN SERIAL NUMBER H FIVE THREE SEVEN TWO FIVE. HOWARD ADVISED PRELIMINARY SKIM OF GRAND JURY AND TRIAL TRANSCRIPT SHOWS NO INCONSISTENCY IN WOLFER'S TESTIMONY. ^{SIRHAN} ~~THIS~~ GUN WAS ENTERED AS EVIDENCE AT GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS JUNE SEVEN SIXTY EIGHT. LAPD INVESTIGATION

LA 56-156

PAGE THREE

SUMMARY OF THE SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY ASSASSINATION ON PAGE SIX FORTY NINE, VOLUME FIVE, SETS FORTH THAT COMPARISON BETWEEN SIRHAN GUN AND SPENT BULLET REMOVED FROM SIXTH CERVICAL VERTEBRA OF SENATOR KENNEDY SHOWED BULLET FIRED FROM SAME GUN, SERIAL NUMBER H FIVE THREE SEVEN TWO FIVE.

JOHN HOWARD FURTHER ADVISED THAT WOLFER MADE ROUTINE REQUEST FOR GUN SIMILAR TO SIRHAN GUN FOR TEST FIRING FOR POWDER BURNS AND THAT THIS GUN, SERIAL NUMBER H ONE EIGHT SIX ZERO TWO, WAS LATER DESTROYED.

ON BASIS OF INQUIRY MADE TO DATE, POSSIBILITY EXISTS THAT WOLFER PUT WRONG SERIAL NUMBER OF GUN ON EXHIBIT FIFTY FIVE.

HOWARD IS CONDUCTING COMPLETE INQUIRY INTO TRIAL TRANSCRIPT TO RESOLVE THIS MATTER. HOWARD IS DESIGNATING DEPUTY ATTORNEY TO THOROUGHLY EXAMINE GRAND JURY AND TRIAL TRANSCRIPT AND ~~TO EXAMINE~~ ALL PERTINENT EXHIBITS. HOWARD ESTIMATES COMPLETE REVIEW WILL TAKE SEVERAL DAYS.
Bureau will be kept advised.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 6/4/71

FROM : SUPERVISOR RICHARD H. BLOESER *RHB*

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 6/4/71, Mr. RICHARD HECHT, Deputy District Attorney, Los Angeles, contacted this office and asked to speak to the Special Agent in Charge. In your absence, he asked for the writer.

Mr. HECHT advised that he was calling in regard to the Sirhan case and the recent attacks made against the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) Crime Laboratory in connection with this case. Mr. HECHT indicated that there was some suspicion that the ballistics evidence in this case had been tampered with by a member of a black militant group and that because of the mounting publicity concerning charges made against the LAPD Crime Laboratory, it would probably be necessary to re-examine the ballistics evidence in this case.

He stated that inasmuch as the LAPD Laboratory is the subject of the criticism, that their credibility would be questioned if that Laboratory did the re-examination. He stated that inasmuch as the FBI conducted a joint investigation with the LAPD in the Sirhan case and inasmuch as the FBI Laboratory is so prominent in the field of law enforcement, consideration is being given to requesting the FBI Laboratory to make such a re-examination.

He stated that he realized that basic Bureau policy was that if evidence had previously been examined by another agency, the FBI Laboratory would not examine it. He stated that in view of this, he was making a confidential inquiry at this time to attempt to determine what the Bureau's answer would be if an official request were made.

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He stated that in view of the unusual circumstances it is highly possible that a re-examination will be necessary and that the District Attorney's Office does not want to be in the position of making a public statement that the FBI will be requested to re-examine the material if the FBI, in effect, would decline to examine the evidence.

He was advised that this matter would be brought to your attention promptly and that he would be notified as soon as possible of the Bureau's decision.

For your information, the Criminal Conspiracy Section of the LAPD has advised that recently, LUKE MC KISSACK, who was SIRHAN's attorney and who is also the attorney for ELMER PRATT, a BPP functionary presently awaiting trial for murder in connection with the shooting of a Santa Monica couple several years ago, has reportedly made the statement that he will get PRATT off on the murder charges because of defects in ballistics examinations.

Recently, the Los Angeles Office determined that an individual sympathetic to the Black Panther Party was working in the County offices and had access to court records and evidence. This information was made available to the LAPD and the Los Angeles Sheriff's Office, and steps have been taken to insure that this individual is reassigned to a less sensitive position.

The LAPD has determined that while this individual was employed in the courts, certain evidence concerning the forthcoming trial of the Black Panther Party members arrested during the shoot-out, was missing for a period of time.

In view of statements made by MC KISSACK and the fact that a Black Panther Party sympathizer had access to evidence, the LAPD is now re-examining ballistics evidence in the PRATT case and documentary evidence in the Black Panther case to determine if it has been tampered with.

NR012 WA PLAIN

1203PM URGENT 6/10/71 ELR

TO LOS ANGELES 56-156

FROM DIRECTOR 62-587

KENSALT.

RELATEL TO THE DIRECTOR JUNE EIGHT SEVENTYONE.

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE SHOULD BE ADVISED THAT
THE FBI WILL NOT CONDUCT BALLISTIC EXAMINATIONS OF THE
MURDER WEAPON AND BULLETS.

END

DLK

FBI LOS ANGELES CLR

*DDA Richard Hochstetler
advised 6/10/71
RMS*

(WR)

#1

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES 56-156

FROM : SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

DATE:

An article appeared in the 6/19/71 issue of the Los Angeles Times advising that Dis t. Atty. JOSEPH P. BUSCH JR. announced t hat findings of his office in an investigation of alleged ballistics test irregularities in the Sirhan Bishara Sirhan case would be made public June 28, 1971.

On 6/23/71 JANET WARD of the Los Angeles District Attorney's Office was contacted concerning the obtaining of a copy of these findings before they would be made public.

JANET WARD was designated by JOHN E. HOWARD Chief Deputy District Attorney Los Angeles to coordinate the findings of this inves tigation in the Sirhan matter.

WARD advised on 6/23/71 that there was presently a meeting in session with the District Attorney to determine what material would be publicly released and the date of the release. Later WARD called and advised that HOWARD had told her to furnish a copy of the results of the investigation prior to their being made public to this office.

WARD again called and advised tha t at the termination of the mee ting it was decided that the findings of the inves tigation would not be released until 7/6/71.

WARD advised that she would maintain contact with this office and furnish a copy of the results before these results were made public.

56-156-3062

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 6/29/71

FROM : *psk* PHILIP R. SHERIDAN

SUBJECT: KENSALT

At 9:30 AM, 6/29/71, Los Angeles District Attorney JOSEPH BUSCH advised he was calling in connection with current situation relating to allegations that DE WAYNE WOLFER of the Los Angeles Police Department erred in ballistics test conducted in the SIRHAN case. He stated that the controversy centers around a mismarked envelope which related to certain projectiles test fired from a similar gun as utilized by SIRHAN which has now been destroyed. He stated that there is no question as to the integrity of the bullet projectiles which were in the body of Senator KENNEDY and which tests by WOLFER have established were fired from the SIRHAN gun. He stated that he has been attempting to have independent experts in the field conduct ballistics tests utilizing the SIRHAN gun and to independently examine and compare them with the actual bullets removed from KENNEDY's body.

He stated that he expects a great amount of press inquiry as this matter has been receiving news media attention, and that he believes he will be asked why this evidence was not turned over to the FBI Laboratory for examination.

Mr. BUSCH was informed of the Bureau's longstanding policy concerning examinations by the FBI Laboratory and that the Laboratory would not accept for examination evidence which had been previously examined by others. It was noted that requests have been already received from his office in this matter and that the Bureau's policy in these situations has not changed.

Mr. BUSCH was very friendly and cooperative, stating that he was calling because he did expect press inquiries along the lines indicated and that he was hopeful of obtaining a sufficient number of outside experts to refute the allegations

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[Signature]



LA 56-156

relating to the SIRHAN case. He noted that he was seriously considering contacting RCMP experts to determine if they would come to Los Angeles to make appropriate examination.

ADDENDUM:

~~ASAC~~ SHERIDAN

6/29/71

At 11:30 AM, 6/29/71, District Attorney BUSCH called to advise he has tentatively scheduled a meeting with the press on Tuesday, 7/6/71, in connection with the controversy over the validity of the SIRHAN ballistics examination. He stated at that time he would announce arrangements concerning independent examinations by reputable ballistics laboratory. He stated that he again expects inquiries to be made as to why this examination is not being conducted by the FBI Laboratory, at which time he will advise the FBI Laboratory policy is not to conduct laboratory examinations where others have already examined the evidence.

F B I

Date: 7/2/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

RE ALLEGATIONS REGARDING ERROR IN BALLISTIC TESTS
IN SIRHAN CASE.

Re Los Angeles teletypes to the Bureau, 6/2/71,
and 6/10/71.

Public disclosure of results of investigation by
Los Angeles District Attorney's Office into alleged error in
ballistic tests conducted on gun in SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN
case was originally for 6/28/71.

On 6/23/71, District Attorney JOSEPH BUSCH, JR.,
postponed release of findings of District Attorney's
investigation until 7/6/71.

On 7/2/71, Chief Deputy District Attorney JOHN E.
HOWARD advised that additional and extensive investigation
was being conducted concerning this matter and that this
office was still approximately a month away from any
definite findings.

This matter is being followed by this office.
However, any involvement in this investigation is being
avoided as request for ballistic examination by FBI has been
denied. Bureau will be kept advised.

2 - Bureau
② - Los Angeles

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(4)

A. O. Richards *AKR jr.*

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Approved: _____ 2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176 _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

DIRECTOR, FBI

7/20/71

SAC, SAN JUAN

ASSASSINATION OF ROBERT F. KENNEDY
AFO

On 7/14/71, JOSE LOPEZ, U.S. Marshal (USM), San Juan, Puerto Rico, telephonically contacted the SJO and advised that LILA HURTADO, an individual who had filed an application for employment at his office, had requested an interview with him and with an agent of the FBI, who could be "trusted," regarding information that involved "national security." LOPEZ stated that he did not consider HURTADO for employment in his office, since she is not bilingual, as is required of his office.

On the same date, SA STANLEY A. PIMENTEL and LOPEZ interviewed HURTADO at the USM's office, whereupon she advised that she was currently residing at Caleta Las Monjas #50, old San Juan, P.R., and was employed by the Ford Motor Company, District Sales Office, old San Juan, P.R. Thereafter, she furnished the following information:

In October, 1968, she began employment for WILLIAM R. HUNTINGTON, an interior decorator, whose office was located at 9000 Sunset Boulevard, Los Angeles, California. HUNTINGTON was a well known interior decorator and did work on a regular basis for many of the Hollywood film stars to include SAMMY DAVIS, JR., MILTON BERLE, and PETER LAWFORD. He was also a close friend of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and the late senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

The day following the 1968 elections, when RICHARD NIXON was elected president, HUNTINGTON appeared at his office in a distraught state and commented, "I don't believe what the American public has just done." HURTADO was of the opinion that HUNTINGTON was referring to President NIXON winning the elections; however, she did not have an opportunity to question the statement made by HUNTINGTON.

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - Chicago (INFO) (RM)
- 2 - Los Angeles (INFO) (RM)
- 2 - San Juan

SAP:mjd
(8)

56-156-3065

Indyell Hayes

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1 JUL 26 1971	
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<i>Ro Richards</i>	

Several weeks later, HUNTINGTON informed HURTADO on a confidential basis and instructed her never to tell anyone that he had heard a tape recording shortly after the assassination of ROBERT F. KENNEDY in Los Angeles of a private party that had taken place shortly prior to KENNEDY's assassination. HUNTINGTON told HURTADO that the tape had been made by RONALD BUCK, an attorney in L.A., and who at that time, was the manager of a private club called, "The Factory," and that he had recorded the tape at a party where many wealthy individuals and top military and government officials were in attendance. HUNTINGTON informed HURTADO that the individuals at the party appeared to be gloating over the deaths of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and MARTIN LUTHER KING, that they appeared to be making plans for the assassination of ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

HUNTINGTON informed HURTADO that he had called ROBERT F. KENNEDY shortly after he had heard the tape in BUCK's office, and asked him to go with him to BUCK's office in order to listen to the tape. According to HUNTINGTON, BUCK played the tape for KENNEDY, and upon hearing the tape, the late senator reportedly stated, "I can't do anything about that until I become president, as that will be the time when I will have the power to do something about it." HURTADO learned from HUNTINGTON during this time, the names of three individuals who had attended the private party; however, she could only recall the name of a Mr. HUNT, who was a millionaire from Texas.

HURTADO stated that from the time that she began employment with HUNTINGTON, HUNTINGTON was in serious financial troubles. However, at times he would appear with a great deal of money, and was always more than willing to share his wealth with other people. She stated that HUNTINGTON resided in a fashionable apartment in the L.A. area with another individual who was the president of a bank (not further identified), namely, ROBERT A. MUELLER, whom HURTADO described as the "housemate and confidante" for HUNTINGTON. HUNTINGTON traveled frequently between L.A. and Chicago, where he was designing the interior decoration for "The Factory," a subsidiary of "The Factory" in L.A. HUNTINGTON on one occasion, was arrested in L.A. in a little park located directly across the street from 9000 Sunset Boulevard for reportedly "soliciting a male" in a restroom.

SJ

According to HURTADO, HUNTINGTON had four coronary attacks, and just prior to his death on 3/7/71, he visited his personal physician, Dr. D'ALLESANDRO in Chicago for a complete physical checkup. HUNTINGTON reportedly informed the doctor that his life had been threatened; however, HURTADO was not aware how his life was being threatened.

HURTADO remained employed with HUNTINGTON until approximately May of 1970, when she went to St. Thomas, U.S. Virgin Islands, and worked under a temporary contract for the Peace Corps. In September, 1970, she contacted HUNTINGTON telephonically indicating to him a desire to return as his employee; however, he emphatically informed her to stay with friends in Puerto Rico, since if she came to Chicago, she might possibly be harmed. HURTADO stated that the reason that HUNTINGTON may have made this statement was because of her knowledge of the tape recording. She suspected that HUNTINGTON was being pressured by possibly JOSEPH BORENSTEIN, an attorney with offices on South Dearborne Street, Chicago, Illinois, and BUCK, in order that he not reveal the contents of the tape.

HURTADO stated that she does not have any proof whatsoever that this was the case; only that she knew that HUNTINGTON was an honest, sincere, and sane person, and that he would at times make comments to the effect that his life was in danger. It was HURTADO's opinion that BORENSTEIN was blackmailing HUNTINGTON and that he was able to control RONALD BUCK and his activities. She believes that BORENSTEIN may have connections with La Cosa Nostra, and because of the contents of the tape, BORENSTEIN was able to pressure BUCK and HUNTINGTON. She stated that she is fearful for her life, since when she last spoke to BORENSTEIN in March, 1971, he indicated to her that he would be coming to San Juan, Puerto Rico to see her. She stated that this would be strange, inasmuch as she and BORENSTEIN were never romantically involved, except that HUNTINGTON in confidence may have informed BORENSTEIN that HURTADO was aware of the contents of the tape.

HURTADO stated that the following individuals may be able to furnish more information regarding the tape recording:

SJ

ROBERT A. MUELLER, ^{N1}housemate and confidante
of HUNTINGTON *no val*

ROBERT B. BROMBERG, associate of BORENSTEIN
in LA.

LEA PERWIN (phonetic), RONALD BUCK's former
secretary, now employed with Diamond Jim's
in L.A.

Dr. D'ALLESANDRO, Chicago, Illinois - personal
physician for HUNTINGTON.

MOSITA HARLAN, 6220 La Mirada Avenue, Apt. 23,
Hollywood, California - close, personal friend
of HUNTINGTON.

^{SIMS}FRANCISCA RIVIERE; husband JEAN CLAUDE, San
Francisco, California - worked in BUCK's office.

The above is being submitted to the Bureau, since
the SJO is not aware of the extent of investigation surrounding
the assassination of ROBERT F. KENNEDY. Copies of this
communication are being furnished to Chicago and L.A. for
information, since the Bureau may desire to have investigation
conducted at these two divisions.

56-156-3066

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<i>A. O. Richardson</i>	

STATEMENT OF
JOSEPH P. BUSCH, JR., DISTRICT ATTORNEY
OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY
JULY 10, 1971

On May 28, 1971, attorney Barbara Warner Blehr made certain charges against Los Angeles Police Department criminalist DeWayne Wolfer, including the allegation that he was guilty of violating proper procedures in the ballistics investigation of Senator Robert F. Kennedy's assassination.

Mrs. Blehr's charges were contained in a letter to the City Civil Service Commission in an effort to block the appointment of Wolfer as permanent head of the police crime laboratory.

On June 4, 1971, after conferring with Police Chief Edward Davis, it was decided that this office would conduct an independent investigation of the charges since they involved a member of the police department.

Since the District Attorney's Office was responsible for the prosecution of Sirhan B. Sirhan, I felt that it was incumbent upon this office to conduct this investigation so that there would be no loss of confidence on the part of the public as to whether the facts as presented in the courtroom were correct.

Because the original exhibits were protected by a court order which would prevent their being directly handled, we felt at the outset of the investigation that we could proceed simply by determining the validity of Mrs. Blehr's charges against Mr. Wolfer.

However, we have had to delay our findings after learning that this court order protecting the exhibits has been ignored and that the exhibits have not been properly protected by the County Clerk's Office. Indeed, there is evidence the exhibits have been directly handled by numerous persons.

We are currently in the midst of an investigation to determine whether there has been any intentional or unintentional tampering with the key exhibits involved in the trial -- including the murder weapon and the bullets taken from the body of Senator Kennedy.

Although this office has launched a full investigation into this matter, I have been authorized by the Los Angeles Police Department to state that there has been no reactivation of the Special Unit Senator section which conducted the initial comprehensive probe into the Senator's assassination.

At the conclusion of our investigation we will take appropriate action and make a full report to the public.

We are still confident at this point that the original investigation was thorough and that the subsequent trial outcome was valid. Our concern now is whether there has been any violation of the integrity of the exhibits. We are terribly concerned about the possibility that they have been tampered with.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 7/26/71

FROM : SUPERVISOR RICHARD H. BLOESER *RHB*

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Several months ago, investigation by the Los Angeles Division determined that one DASHALL HART, a sympathizer of the Black Panther Party (BPP), was employed in the County Clerk's Office. This information was furnished to the Los Angeles Police Department and to the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office, inasmuch as it was believed that HART, in this sensitive position, could possibly compromise activities of the Los Angeles PD or the Los Angeles SO.

Shortly after this, the Los Angeles PD received information indicating that LUKE MC KISSACK, the Attorney in the SIRHAN case who is also the Attorney for ELMER PRATT, a BPP functionary presently charged with murder, had commented that he intended to get PRATT acquitted on the basis of ballistics examination.

On 7/26/71, Deputy District Attorney RICHARD HECHT, Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, advised the writer that the above two incidents caused his office to make an inquiry into the functions of the County Clerk's Office, particularly in regard to the safekeeping of evidence.

Mr. HECHT stated that in regard to the SIRHAN case, the evidence, because of its historical value, had been ordered sealed by the court. However, inquiry at the Clerk's Office revealed that the evidence had been made available to a large number of individuals who had no official reason for reviewing the evidence. HECHT advised that this was in strict violation of the court order and that because of this indiscriminate handling of the evidence, the evidence now is practically worthless.

RHB/gcw
(1)

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LA 56-156

HECHT stated that after determining the nature of the handling of the SIRHAN evidence, he then inquired of the Chief Clerk PETER J. TALMACHOFF as to whether or not the evidence in the PRATT case had been securely safeguarded. TALMACHOFF insisted that he had personally kept the evidence under lock and key.

HECHT stated that his office then conducted an intensive investigation and interviewed practically all members of the County Clerk's Office and then placed a number of individuals on a polygraph. The polygraph examinations indicated possibly that money had changed hands among members of the Clerk's Office in connection with the handling of evidence. The polygraph of TALMACHOFF indicated that he had not safeguarded the PRATT evidence and that he had indeed shown it to a number of individuals.

HECHT advised that his investigation has shown that in a number of prominent cases presently pending, that either a portion or the entire package of evidence has disappeared.

HECHT advised that in view of this, his office is contemplating bringing this matter before a local grand jury in secret hearings in approximately three weeks. This grand jury proceeding will be civil in nature and the transcriptions of the proceeding will then be made available to the court, to the County Clerk's Office, the District Attorney's Office, the Los Angeles PD, and to other interested parties to determine if the administrative procedures of the County Clerk's Office should be changed.

HECHT intimated that in addition, this proceeding will lay a foundation for showing the method under which the SIRHAN evidence was handled inasmuch as HECHT believed that it would be necessary to re-examine the gun involved in the SIRHAN case and if such re-examination shows that the incorrect gun is in the evidence locker, a foundation will have been laid to show that the evidence has possibly been tampered with.

LA 56-156

HECHT further stated that it is hoped that possibly during this proceeding, witnesses from the Clerk's Office may "break" and confess to mishandling of evidence.

HECHT stated that he was contacting the FBI for a number of reasons; the first being that the FBI did conduct a joint investigation in the SIRHAN case and, therefore, has a vested interest in the case. HECHT requested that if possible, the Los Angeles Division furnish him with any information in our files obtained from confidential sources or otherwise which would tend to prove that evidence in the County Clerk's Office has been tampered with.

He further requested that inasmuch as the constitutionality of electronic surveillances approved by the President is now being tested, that should the Bureau or the Department wish to enter evidence obtained from such surveillances concerning tampering of evidence into a civil proceeding to show the value of a domestic electronic surveillance, that this grand jury proceeding would be an excellent forum for such a matter.

Mr. HECHT was advised that his request would be made a matter of record and would be reviewed by proper authority for a decision.

F B I

Date: 7/29/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

RE: ALLEGATIONS REGARDING ERROR IN BALLISTIC
TESTS IN SIRHAN CASE.

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau, 7/2/71.

As set forth in referenced communication, JOHN E. HOWARD, Chief Deputy District Attorney of Los Angeles County, advised on 7/2/71, that he did not expect that the investigation into this matter by the District Attorney's Office would be completed for at least one month.

On 7/10 and 7/11/71, articles appeared in the Los Angeles press quoting District Attorney JOSEPH P. BUSCH, JR. to the effect that exhibits from the trial of SIRHAN "have not been properly protected and have been directly handled by numerous persons."

Further, District Attorney BUSCH is quoted "we currently are in the midst of an investigation to determine whether there has been any intentional or unintentional tampering with the key exhibits involved in the trial, including the murder weapon and the bullets taken from the body of Senator KENNEDY."

2 - Bureau
② - Los Angeles

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

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LA 56-156

This, according to the press articles, explains the reason for the delay in the scheduled 7/6/71 statement concerning the alleged irregularities in the ballistic examination in the SIRHAN trial.

Set forth below is a copy of the prepared press statement of JOSEPH P. BUSCH, JR., District Attorney of Los Angeles County on 7/10/71:

LA 56-156

STATEMENT OF
JOSEPH P. BUSCH, JR., DISTRICT ATTORNEY
OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

JULY 10, 1971

On May 28, 1971, attorney Barbara Warner Blehr made certain charges against Los Angeles Police Department criminalist DeWayne Wolfer, including the allegation that he was guilty of violating proper procedures in the ballistics investigation of Senator Robert F. Kennedy's assassination.

Mrs. Blehr's charges were contained in a letter to the City Civil Service Commission in an effort to block the appointment of Wolfer as permanent head of the police crime laboratory.

On June 4, 1971, after conferring with Police Chief Edward Davis, it was decided that this office would conduct an independent investigation of the charges since they involved a member of the police department.

Since the District Attorney's Office was responsible for the prosecution of Sirhan B. Sirhan, I felt that it was incumbent upon this office to conduct this investigation so that there would be no loss of confidence on the part of the public as to whether the facts as presented in the courtroom were correct.

Because the original exhibits were protected by a court order which would prevent their being directly handled, we felt at the outset of the investigation that we could proceed simply by determining the validity of Mrs. Blehr's charges against Mr. Wolfer.

However, we have had to delay our findings after learning that this court order protecting the exhibits has been ignored and that the exhibits have not been properly protected by the County Clerk's Office. Indeed, there is evidence the exhibits have been directly handled by numerous persons.

We are currently in the midst of an investigation to determine whether there has been any intentional or unintentional tampering with the key exhibits involved in the trial -- including the murder weapon and the bullets taken from the body of Senator Kennedy.

Although this office has launched a full investigation into this matter, I have been authorized by the Los Angeles Police Department to state that there has been no reactivation of the Special Unit Senator section which conducted the initial comprehensive probe into the Senator's assassination.

At the conclusion of our investigation we will take appropriate action and make a full report to the public.

LA 56-156

We are still confident at this point that the original investigation was thorough and that the subsequent trial outcome was valid. Our concern now is whether there has been a violation of the integrity of the exhibits. We are terribly concerned about the possibility that they have been tampered with.

On 7/13 and 7/14/71, additional articles appeared in the Los Angeles press indicating that the recent disclosure concerning the handling of evidence in the SIRHAN case led to developments which focused attention on the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office.

These developments included an order to Los Angeles County Clerk WILLIAM SHARP to inspect his office for possible security breaches, to re-evaluate its control system and to inventory exhibits and transcripts from the SIRHAN trial.

SHARP issued a statement that a personnel investigation failed to disclose any mishandling of key exhibits, although further investigation remains. SHARP stated that after the trial of SIRHAN was concluded Superior Court Judge HERBERT V. WALKER ordered certain key exhibits "sealed" by a court order. However, this order permitted "counsel of record" and attorneys for both the prosecution and defense, as well as agents for these attorneys, access to crucial exhibits. .

RICHARD HECHT, Deputy District Attorney of Los Angeles County, advised this office that polygraph examinations were being given to employees of the County Clerk's Office and that they expect to convene a civil grand jury in approximately three weeks to make inquiries into the administrative handling of evidence by the County Clerk's Office.

This investigation of the Office of the County Clerk may delay the original investigation into the alleged irregularities in the SIRHAN ballistics examination.

In a news article dated 7/24/71, information was contained that police ballistics specialist, DE WAYNE WOLFER, had filed a suit in Superior Court, which charged that Los Angeles Attorney BARBARA WARNER BLEHR's 5/28/71 letter to the City Personnel Commission intended to block WOLFER's appointment as Crime Lab Chief, was a malicious, unjustified publication of defamation and untruthful accusations.

This matter is being followed by this office and the Bureau will be kept advised.

F B I

Date: 8/2/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

SUBJECT: KENSALT

RE: Allegations Made by LILA
HURTADA Regarding Tape
Concerning Assassination
of ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Re San Juan letter to the Director dated 7/20/71,
and Bureau airtel to Los Angeles 7/28/71.

In response to referenced Bureau airtel, Chicago
is requested to identify Dr. D'ALLESANDRO and interview him
concerning his knowledge of HUNTINGTON and for information
he has concerning the allegations by LILA HURTADO of the tape
allegedly prepared by RONALD BUCK.

Information received from Chicago will be incorporated
into a letterhead memorandum to be prepared by Los Angeles.

2 - Bureau
2 - Chicago
② - Los Angeles

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Approved: [Signature]

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

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Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date: 8/10/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)
SUBJECT: KENSALT
RE: ALLEGATIONS REGARDING
ERROR IN BALLISTIC TESTS
IN SIRHAN CASE

~~Re~~ Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau dated 7/29/71.

News article dated 8/4/71, in Los Angeles press relates that as of 8/2/71, Attorney GODFREY ISAAC was named as the new defense counsel for SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN.

ISAAC disclosed to the press that he did not contest that SIRHAN was armed and fired shots in the pantry of the Ambassador Hotel on the night KENNEDY was shot.

However, ISAAC stated new evidence has arisen that points to the existence of a second gunman, unrelated to SIRHAN, who used SIRHAN's gunshots as a cover for his own and actually fired the fatal bullet while SIRHAN's straying gunfire wounded five other persons.

ISAAC is the same attorney who previously filed a complaint for disclosure of information concerning this case on behalf of Investigative Journalist THEODORE CHARACH who claimed that information concerning a second gunman was withheld or not sufficiently investigated.

2 - Bureau
② - Los Angeles

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Special Agent in Charge

LA 56-156

This theory was also the basis of an affidavit by Los Angeles Attorney BARBARA WARNER BLEHR who charged Los Angeles Police Department Criminologist DE WAYNE WOLFER with improper ballistics investigation. This matter is currently under investigation by the Office of the Los Angeles District Attorney.

On 8/10/71, Deputy District Attorney RICHARD HECHT, Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, advised that on Monday, 8/16/71, his office was beginning Grand Jury hearings on the alleged mishandling of evidence by the Clerk of Court office. This investigation has delayed the investigation by the District Attorney's Office concerning the alleged irregularities of the ballistic examination.

The Bureau will be kept advised of further developments.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Los Angeles (56-156)

DATE: 8/11/71

FROM : SA DALE DAVID WIERSCHKE

SUBJECT: KENSALT

At 4:25 pm writer received a telephone call from BAXTER WARD who stated he was calling as a private citizen although he is a TV commentator on Channel 9. He stated he wished to furnish certain information to an Agent of the FBI through a personal interview. The personal interview he desired is in connection with a "boy" in Orange County who was shot at the night before last (Monday, 8/9/71). WARD stated he had gone to the "boy's" residence today, had talked to the "boy's" parents and observed the vehicle the "boy" was driving at the time the shooting occurred. WARD stated the "boy" has information concerning the ROBERT KENNEDY assassination which information WARD would like to furnish the FBI.

WARD stated he would not furnish the names or identify the "boy" involved until he was contacted personally by an Agent.

WARD was specifically asked whether he had advised the appropriate local authorities and stated he did not intend to publicize the matter because the parents were fearful that some harm would come to the "boy".

WARD stated a personal interview could be arranged by contacting him at telephone number H02-2133.

DDW 8-12-71
(1)

SAC's Note - Ward is highly critical of the Director and the FBI and our files show it. He even broadcast the anonymous letter several years ago highly critical of Sr. Agents, officials, etc. Our files show he is of questionable character & married the Relative of a top hoodlum. We have nothing to gain by getting in personal contact with him and interviewing him. He may even record the interview. From above info. it does not appear there is a Fed. violation. His alleged information should be furnished direct by him to appropriate local authorities. He should be so advised orally by Sr. V.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

FROM : SUPERVISOR CHESTER E. ST. VINCENT

SUBJECT: KENSALT

DATE: 8/12/71

At 9:45 AM, this date, an effort was made to telephonically contact BAXTER WARD. It was determined that he was not in his office and the following information was furnished to CHERYL OSTEEN, WARD's personal secretary:

My call was being made in response to his call to this Office on 8/11/71. From the facts furnished by Mr. WARD on 8/11/71, there does not appear to be a Federal violation over which the FBI has ~~Federal~~ jurisdiction. Since SIRHAN SIRHAN has been convicted for the killing of Senator KENNEDY in Los Angeles County Superior Court and since the case is now on appeal, any information relating to this case should be properly furnished to District Attorney JOSEPH BUSCH or his staff.

OSTEEN advised she would be certain to furnish this information to Mr. WARD today.

He has not called back as of 4³⁰ 8/13/71

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Holan

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 8-11-71

Subject Baxter WARD, Channel TV 9 Commentator

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female
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☐ Exact Spelling	☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only	☐ Restrict to Locality of
☐ All References	☐ Criminal References Only	
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only	☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)	
☐ Subversive References Only	☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)	

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
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100-19333-2088 p. 38 (8/70)			
✓ 62-5048-290 (3/70)			
✓ 94-484-66 (10/69)			
✓ 92-742-252 p. 3 (6/69)			
✓ 95-81796-K-7 p. 25 (3/69)			
✓ 92-107-1153 p. 2 (3/67)			
✓ 162-170-122 (5/65)			
✓ 134-332A-132A (8/70)			
✓ 134-811A-1401A p. 2 (1/67)			
✓ 157-945-1 (8/64)			
✓ 62-3271-454 (6/64)			
✓ 31-4116-1528 (7/63)			
✓ 134-2332A-267A (5/70)			
162-170			

Requested by <u>SA Elabo David W. Smith</u>	Squad <u>1</u>	Extension <u>2392</u>	File No.
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Searched by _____ (date) _____

Consolidated by _____ (date) _____

Reviewed by _____ (date) _____

File Review Symbols

I - Identical ? - Not identifiable
NI - Not identical U - Unavailable reference GPO 875-388
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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

[Signature]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

August 13, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

On July 14, 1971, Lila Hurtado, who resides at Caleta Las Monjas Number 50, Old San Juan, Puerto Rico, and is employed by the Ford Motor Company, District Sales Office, Old San Juan, Puerto Rico, furnished the following information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Puerto Rico:

In October 1968, she began employment for William R. Huntington, an interior decorator, whose office was located at 9000 Sunset Boulevard, Los Angeles, California. Huntington was a well known interior decorator and did work on a regular basis for many of the Hollywood film stars to include Sammy Davis, Jr., Milton Berle, and Peter Lawford. He was also a close friend of President John F. Kennedy and the late Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

The day following the 1968 elections, when Richard Nixon was elected President, Huntington appeared at his office in a distraught state and commented "I don't believe what the American public has just done". Hurtado was of the opinion that Huntington was referring to President Nixon winning the election; however, she did not have an opportunity to question the statement made by Huntington.

Several weeks later, Huntington informed Hurtado on a confidential basis and instructed her never to tell anyone that he had heard a tape recording shortly after the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy in Los Angeles of a private party that had taken place shortly prior to Kennedy's assassination. Huntington told Hurtado that the tape had been made by Ronald Buck, an attorney in Los Angeles, and who at that time, was the Manager of a private club called The Factory, and that he had recorded the tape at a party where many wealthy individuals

5 - Bureau (62-587)

1 - Chicago

1 - San Juan

② - Los Angeles (56-156)

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SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

and top military and government officials were in attendance. Huntington informed Hurtado that the individuals at the party appeared to be gloating over the deaths of President John F. Kennedy and Martin Luther King, that they appeared to be making plans for the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy.

Huntington informed Hurtado that he had called Robert F. Kennedy shortly after he had heard the tape in Buck's office, and asked him to go with him to Buck's office in order to listen to the tape. According to Huntington, Buck played the tape for Kennedy, and upon hearing the tape, the late Senator reportedly stated, "I can't do anything about that until I become President, as that will be the time when I will have the power to do something about it". Hurtado learned from Huntington during this time, the names of three individuals who had attended the private party; however, she could only recall the name of a Mr. Hunt, who was a millionaire from Texas.

Hurtado stated that from the time that she began employment with Huntington, Huntington was in serious financial troubles. However, at times he would appear with a great deal of money, and was always more than willing to share his wealth with other people. She stated that Huntington resided in a fashionable apartment in the Los Angeles area with another individual who was the President of a bank (not further identified), namely, Robert A. Mueller, whom Hurtado described as the "housemate and confidante" for Huntington. Huntington traveled frequently between Los Angeles and Chicago, where he was designing the interior decoration for the The Factory, a subsidiary of The Factory in Los Angeles. Huntington, on one occasion, was arrested in Los Angeles in a little park located directly across the street from 9000 Sunset Boulevard for reportedly soliciting a male in a restroom.

According to Hurtado, Huntington had four coronary attacks, and just prior to his death on March 7, 1971, he visited his personal physician, Dr. D'Allesandro in Chicago for a complete physical checkup. Huntington reportedly informed the doctor that his life had been threatened; however, Hurtado was not aware how his life was being threatened.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Hurtado remained employed with Huntington until approximately May 1970, when she went to St. Thomas, U. S. Virgin Islands, and worked under a temporary contract for the Peace Corps. In September 1970, she contacted Huntington telephonically, indicating a desire to return as his employee; however, he emphatically informed her to stay with friends in Puerto Rico, since if she came to Chicago, she might possibly be harmed. Hurtado stated that the reason that Huntington made this statement was because of her knowledge of the tape recording. She suspected that Huntington was being pressured by possibly Joseph Borenstein, an attorney with offices on South Dearborne Street, Chicago, Illinois, and Buck, in order that he not reveal the contents of the tape.

Hurtado stated that she does not have any proof whatsoever that this was the case, only that she knew that Huntington was an honest, sincere, and sane person, and that he would at times make comments to the effect that his life was in danger. It was Hurtado's opinion that Borenstein was blackmailing Huntington and that he was able to control Ronald Buck and his activities. She believes that Borenstein may have connections with La Cosa Nostra, and because of the contents of the tape, Borenstein was able to pressure Buck and Huntington. She stated that she is fearful for her life, since when she last spoke to Borenstein in March 1971, he indicated to her that he would be coming to San Juan, Puerto Rico to see her. She stated that this would be strange inasmuch as she and Borenstein were never romantically involved, except that Huntington, in confidence, may have informed Borenstein that Hurtado was aware of the contents of the tape.

Hurtado stated that the following individuals may be able to furnish more information regarding the tape recording:

Robert A. Mueller

Housemate and confidante of Huntington

Robert B. Bromberg

Associate of Borenstein in Los Angeles

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Lea Perwin (phonetic)
Ronald Buck's former Secretary
now employed with Diamond Jim's in Los Angeles

Dr. D'Allesandro
~~Chicago, Illinois~~
Personal physician for Huntington

Rosita Harlan
6220 La Mirada Avenue
Apartment 23
Hollywood, California
Close personal friend of Huntington

Francisca Riviere
~~Husband - Jean Claude~~
~~San Francisco, California~~
worked in Buck's office

The following investigation was conducted at Los Angeles, California, regarding Lila Hurtado's allegations:

Records of the Los Angeles Police Department and Los Angeles Sheriff's Office contained no information identifiable with Lila Hurtado or any of the individuals listed above reportedly from the Los Angeles area.

Ronald Buck, Attorney, 9000 Sunset Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, on August 3, 1971, furnished the following:

He had known William R. Huntington prior to his death in early 1971, for several years. Huntington was a personal friend and had also been employed by Buck as an interior decorator. Buck is a partner in The Factory, a private club in Los Angeles. Huntington did the interior decorating in this club, and was working there in 1968. Huntington had no interest whatsoever in politics; had never, to his recollection, mentioned the Kennedys, Martin Luther King, or showed any concern over the Nixon Presidential Election.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Buck does recall about that time, a young attorney whose name he does not recall who was with Jim Garrison in New Orleans, coming to his office with various photographs, charts, and reports on the President John Kennedy assassination. This individual convinced Buck there was probable cause that individuals in addition to Oswald must have been involved in the assassination. He does not now recall the details of this theory, nor at this time, believe it valid. He does not believe he ever discussed this matter with Huntington. Huntington did not know Robert Kennedy. Buck was personally acquainted with Robert Kennedy, but never discussed the above Garrison information with Kennedy.

Mr. Buck stated that he did not make any tape recording of conversations of anybody discussing the Kennedy assassination and is positive he never had a discussion with either Robert Kennedy or William Huntington regarding a tape recording of any kind. Mr. Buck emphasized Huntington's non-political status and was positive that any allegations purporting that he was politically inclined are false. Mr. Buck knew Lila Hurtado, who was employed as a Secretary by Huntington, but was not well enough acquainted with her to make a statement regarding her reliability. Mr. Buck, Pierre Sallinger, Peter Lawford, and others were waiting at The Factory on the night of the Robert Kennedy assassination for Robert Kennedy to attend a party in his honor at The Factory. Robert Kennedy was never in Mr. Buck's office, nor was he ever at The Factory while Huntington was present. Mr. Buck advised that William Huntington was a close personal friend of his; however, he was financially irresponsible; he was a homosexual; and frequently lied without any reason. He advised that William Huntington's interests were in his interior decorating work and his close friends. Other than this, he had no interests known to Mr. Buck. Mr. Buck advised that he is not acquainted with Robert Bromberg. He advised that after the completion of the decoration of The Factory in 1968, William Huntington went to Chicago to establish a similar type club in Chicago, and Mr. Buck had limited contact with him, thereafter until Huntington's death in early 1971.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Lea Purwin, 11700 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, on interview on August 4, 1971, furnished the following information:

In 1968, she was employed in an executive capacity in the management of The Factory, a private club in Los Angeles. She was in frequent daily contact with both Ronald Buck and William Huntington, and as such, was aware of their business and personal problems. Huntington was employed in the interior decoration of The Factory. Huntington was a homosexual, and he lived with another homosexual named Robert A. Mueller. Huntington was a very personable individual, but was almost a psychopathic liar, and in her opinion, ended up believing many of the lies he told. She advised that Huntington was completely non-political, and had no interest whatsoever in politics. She had never heard him mention the Kennedys, Martin Luther King, nor had he expressed concern over the election of Nixon. She advised that Ronald Buck was an attorney, an author, and a part owner of The Factory. She stated he was very garrulous, and discussed many things with her that involved his personal life. She advised that if any such incident as the alleged tape recording had occurred, and it had been discussed with either Ronald Buck or William Huntington, that she would have been aware of it from both of them. She advised that she would recall if any such discussion had taken place, and that none had. She advised that Ronald Buck was acquainted with Robert Kennedy, Pierre Sallinger, and Peter Lawford, but that Huntington was not acquainted with Robert Kennedy.

She advised that Lila Hurtado worked as a Secretary for William Huntington, that she was a very emotional girl, and that she was presently employed in San Juan, Puerto Rico. She advised that Rosita Harlan was regarded by Huntington as a clairvoyant, and that Huntington would discuss any personal problems or any important decisions with Harlan prior to taking any action. She advised that Francisca Riviere is undoubtedly Francisca Simms who was employed by Purwin, and in Purwin's opinion, would be unable to furnish any information regarding allegations regarding tape recordings

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

made by or in the possession of Ronald Buck. She stated that she is not acquainted with, nor does not know of a Robert Bromberg.

Robert A. Mueller was interviewed at the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Los Angeles, on August 5, 1971. He advised that he could always be contacted through telephone number OL 27011. He furnished the following information regarding William R. Huntington:

He resided with Huntington at 9260 Cordell Drive, Los Angeles, California, from 1967 to 1969, and had been acquainted with him for several years prior to that time. He stated that Huntington had absolutely no political interests; that he, Mueller, had asked him to vote in the last two elections, one Presidential and one State, prior to Huntington going to Chicago, and that Huntington had declined to do so. He never knew Huntington to make any statements or express any concern regarding the assassinations of the Kennedys or Martin Luther King. He never heard Huntington make any statement regarding any type of tape recording made by Ronald Buck or in the possession of Ronald Buck or any tape recording regarding an assassination. He advised that Lila Hurtado was employed by William Huntington as a secretary, and took care of some of his interests after Huntington went to Chicago.

He stated that Lila Hurtado was an extremely emotional girl; that she was, he believed, romantically involved with Joseph Borenstein, a Chicago attorney, who was involved in The Factory in Chicago. He stated that Lila Hurtado, when she left here, stored some of her belongings at Mueller's aunt's place. She recently travelled from San Juan, Puerto Rico, to Los Angeles for the purported purpose of checking her belongings at his aunt's house. He stated that in his opinion, there was nothing of sufficient value that was stored in his aunt's home to warrant this trip. She told him upon leaving Los Angeles, that she intended to travel to Chicago. She told him that Joseph Borenstein was apparently dissatisfied with Mueller's involvement in Huntington's affairs, and was

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

out to get him. Mueller advised that in view of statements made by Purwin, that he was concerned over what action Borenstein might take regarding him. He advised Borenstein reportedly had hoodlum connections in Chicago. He advised that Rosita Harlan was in Huntington's opinion, a clairvoyant, and Huntington consulted her on matters of importance. Mueller does not know of a Robert Bromberg. Mueller advised that he considered any allegations that Huntington was emotionally concerned about any political matter were undoubtedly false.

Rosita Harlan, 6220 La Mirada Avenue, Apartment 23, Los Angeles, California, advised that she has known William Huntington for several years, and that he was a close personal friend. She advised that prior to his death in March 1971, that he discussed many of his personal and professional problems with her. She stated that he never had any discussion with her regarding any allegations involving the Kennedy assassinations or the assassination of Martin Luther King. She stated that he had no political interests. She advised that prior to the 1968 elections, she asked him who he thought she should vote for, and his comment was "I guess Nixon is as good as anyone". She advised that she knew Lila Hurtado and that Hurtado is an extremely emotional person; she would cry at the slightest provocation; she had a tendency to exaggerate things out of complete proportion; and she considered her extremely unreliable. She stated that she is not acquainted with a Robert Bromberg. She advised that to her knowledge, Huntington did not know Robert Kennedy, and that if he had ever been in contact with Kennedy, or if any allegations regarding the Kennedys had been made to him, that she is certain that she would be aware of them.

Chicago sources have described Joseph Borenstein as a legitimate businessman, accountant, and attorney, who has for years, done work for the hoodlum element in Chicago, and remains associated with them. According to the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Chicago, although Borenstein does associate with and does accounting and legal work for the hoodlum element, there is no indication that any of his activities with them are illegal. Borenstein has been uncooperative on contact in the past regarding his hoodlum associates.

F B I

Date: 8/13/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)
RE: KENSALT

RE: ALLEGATIONS MADE BY
LILA HURTADO REGARDING
TAPE RECORDING CONCERNING
THE ASSASSINATION OF
ROBERT F. KENNEDY

Re San Juan letter to the Director dated 7/20/71,
Bureau airtel to Los Angeles dated 7/28/71, and Los Angeles
airtel to the Director dated 8/2/71.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are five copies
of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) regarding investigation
concerning the above allegations.

Enclosed for Chicago and San Juan are one copy
each of the above LHM.

A lead was set out in referenced 8/2/71, airtel
for the Chicago Office to interview Dr. D'ALESSANDRO.
Inasmuch as it would appear that the investigation at Los
Angeles would refute the reliability of LILA HURTADO, Chicago
should discontinue efforts to locate and interview D'ALESSANDRO.

Inasmuch as no substantiation of the allegations
of HURTADO was developed at Los Angeles, no further action
is being taken in this matter by Los Angeles.

- 2 - Bureau (Encl. 5)
- 2 - Chicago (Encl. 1)
- 2 - San Juan (Encl. 1)
- ② - Los Angeles

EBD/fsc
(8)

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Approved: Waggoner

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

56-156-3075

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 8/18/71

FROM : SA R.J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 8/11/71, Mr. ~~SID TRAPP~~, Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, telephonically advised the writer as follows:

There is a special Grand Jury being convened in Los Angeles County to look into alleged irregularities on the part of the office of the Los Angeles County Clerk with respect to evidence which may have been mishandled by that agency in connection with the SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN prosecution. In connection therewith, Mr. TRAPP was attempting to determine if his office might obtain a photographic or photostatic copy of the original SIRHAN notebooks; the identity of the employee who made such a copy and the location of the negatives.

Mr. TRAPP advised further he did not desire that these items be turned over to him or his office at this time, but was merely attempting to ascertain their whereabouts in the event that they were subsequently needed.

This is being made the subject of a memorandum in event it is of possible future significance.

RJL/yfs

(2)

*Not to be given at this time
return at letter*

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56-156-①

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)

DATE: 8/18/71

FROM : SA R.J. LA JEUNESSE, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSAULT

On 8/18/71, the writer contacted Miss JANET WARD, Secretary to JOHN HOWARD, Assistant Los Angeles County District Attorney. Miss WARD advised that the Los Angeles County Grand Jury presently in session is continuing to hear evidence presented by Deputy Los Angeles County District Attorney RICHARD HECHT. The presentation concerns itself with the examination of employees of the Los Angeles County Clerks Office who were charged with the handling of the evidence in the SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN trial. In addition, testimony is being taken from other individuals who allegedly were given access to the items of physical evidence.

One of the individuals scheduled to appear before the Los Angeles County Grand Jury on 8/18/71, is THEODORE CHARACK who recently prepared a "documentation" film on the assassination of the late Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY.

Another individual scheduled to appear before the Grand Jury on that same date is ROBERT BLAIR KAISER who authored the book entitled "RFK Must Die", following the SIRHAN trial.

Investigator DEWITT LIGHTNER of the Los Angeles County District Attorney Investigators staff advised his office is in possession of an interview with one DONALD SCHULMAN. The interview was conducted at the time of the assassination of the late Senator KENNEDY and was formerly associated with Radio Station KNXT in Los Angeles. The interview of SCHULMAN was being utilized by Mr. HECHT in his presentation to the Grand Jury on 8/18/71, and would be made available at a subsequent date.

Miss WARD explained it is anticipated the Grand Jury proceedings would continue through Thursday 8/19/71.

The writer, as instructed, will continue to follow this matter and keep the office appropriately advised.

RJL/klh

(1)

klh



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F B I

Date: 8/19/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: *[Signature]* SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re Los Angeles airtels to the Bureau dated 8/10/71, and 8/13/71.

Los Angeles County Grand Jury convened 8/17/71, for purposes of examining employees of Los Angeles County Clerk's Office. Those employees who had access to physical evidence utilized by prosecution in trial of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN have been summoned before Grand Jury to testify as to possible improprieties in handling of evidence.

In addition, individuals whose names have appeared as having had access to items of physical evidence subsequent to SIRHAN trial have also been subpoenaed to testify. Among those called are THEODORE CHARACK and ROBERT BLAIR KAISER, author of book entitled "RFK Must Die".

Representatives of Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office anticipate Grand Jury proceedings would possibly terminate 8/20/71. Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office representative today advised further Grand Jury proceedings will probably continue until 8/23/71, or 8/24/71.

Los Angeles will continue to follow and keep the Bureau appropriately advised.

2 - Bureau
② - Los Angeles

RJL/nc
(4) *[Signature]*

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 8/11/71

FROM : SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 8/10/71, Deputy District Attorney RICHARD HECHT of the Los Angeles District Attorney's Office advised that as of next Monday, 8/16/71, he was commencing Grand Jury hearings concerning the alleged mishandling of evidence by the Clerk of Court Office.

HECHT stated that these Grand Jury proceedings would delay the investigation into the alleged irregularities of the ballistic examination conducted in the SIRHAN case.

HECHT reiterated that his office would still make available an advance copy of any press release made concerning the final outcome of the investigation by his office into the alleged error on the ballistics examination.

HECHT was advised that the writer would be on annual leave for a period of one week beginning on 8/16/71, so that he would be advised to furnish any information that might break concerning this matter to Supervisor WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN. HECHT stated that he did not anticipate any developments within the next few weeks.

AOR/jmb
(1) *jmb*



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[Handwritten signature/initials over stamp]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)(C)

FROM : MIDNIGHT SUPERVISOR RONALD A. HOVERSON

SUBJECT: KENSALT

DATE: 8/26/71

During the early morning hours of 8/26/71, ARTHUR AUGUST LAMBERT, 259 South Columbia Avenue, Los Angeles, telephone 484-1593, called this office on a number of occasions and furnished information a summary of which follows:

Yesterday, 8/25/71, he learned from the news media that Los Angeles County Clerk of Court WILLIAM G. SHARP has been accused of tampering with official records and documents in the SIRHAN SIRHAN case and LAMBERT said this is the typical "MODUS OPERANDI" of SHARP. On 7/7/67, LAMBERT filed a civil action in Los Angeles Superior Court under docket number 67-958CC in the court of Judge CHARLES CARR, against SHARP and one of his deputies ITTORE CONTINI, for intimidating SHARP's subordinates in forcing them to refuse to give to LAMBERT certain documents from their files. LAMBERT maintained that ~~KANKEK~~ SHARP and CONTINI mutilated and destroyed certain documents by beating on them with their fists.

LAMBERT continued to criticize SHARP as being inept and dishonest, that for a price anyone could have records removed from the Clerk of Court's office.

See 62-228-5186 regarding LAMBERT.

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RAH:



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H. Richards

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

F B I

Date: 8/24/71

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re Los Angeles airtel to Bureau, 8/19/71.

Los Angeles County Grand Jury completed hearing testimony, 8/23/71 from employees of Los Angeles County Clerk's Office and other individuals who reportedly had access to items of evidentiary nature while in possession of Los Angeles County Clerk.

In addition to THEODORE CHARACK and ROBERT BLAIR KAISER, author of book entitled, "RFK Must Die," JOHN CHRISTIAN was also subpoenaed to appear. CHRISTIAN failed to appear. However, since service of subpoena was made to him by mail at his request, CHRISTIAN directed letter to foreman of Grand Jury with copy to Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office advising, in substance, that he would be away from Los Angeles for three to four weeks and in addition, felt he had nothing to offer to Grand Jury inquiry.

Foregoing information concerning CHRISTIAN furnished to Bureau Agent on extremely confidential basis by representative of District Attorney's Office, who requested it not be disseminated outside of Bureau.

On 8/24/71, JOHN HOWARD, Assistant Los Angeles County District Attorney, confidentially advised his office did not seek criminal complaints against Los Angeles County Clerk or employees of that office. HOWARD also

2 - Bureau
2 - Los Angeles

RJL/mgr
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Approved:

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Per

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

* U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1969 O - 346-080 (11)

LA 56-156

confidentially advised that CHRISTIAN is believed by his office to have had access to evidence subsequent to SIRHAN's trial and may have actually removed portions of copy of SIRHAN's notebooks in possession of Los Angeles County Clerk. HOWARD requested this information pertaining to CHRISTIAN not be disseminated.

According to HOWARD, Los Angeles County Grand Jury had not yet returned verdict concerning their deliberations.

Los Angeles will continue to follow and keep the Bureau advised.

56-150-3082

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[Handwritten signature]

1 RICHARD A. ROCHA
2 Attorney at Law
3 3435 Wilshire Blvd., 29th Floor
Los Angeles, Calif. 90010

4 Telephone: 388-1434

5 Attorney for Plaintiff
6
7

8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
10

11 FERNANDO FAURA, on behalf of himself,)
12 and all other residents of the State)
of California,)

13 Plaintiff,)

14 vs.)

15 SAMUEL YORTY, Mayor of the City of Los)
Angeles; THE LOS ANGELES POLICE)
16 DEPARTMENT; EDWARD M. DAVIS, indivi-)
dually and as Chief of Police of the)
17 City of Los Angeles, and as representa-)
tive of the class of members of the Los)
18 Angeles Police Department; JOSEPH P.)
BUSCH, JR., individually and as)
19 District Attorney of the County of Los)
Angeles, and as representative of the)
20 class of members of the office of the)
District Attorney of Los Angeles)
21 County; EVELLE J. YOUNGER, individua-)
lly, and as Attorney General of the)
22 State of California, and as represent-)
ative of the class of members of the)
23 office of the Attorney General of the)
State of California; ROBERT A.)
24 HOUGHTON; Los Angeles Police Officer)
McGANN; Los Angeles Police Officer)
25 O'STEEN; and DOES I through XX,)
Inclusive,)

26 Defendants.
27

NO. _____

COMPLAINT FOR

DISCLOSURE OF
INFORMATION

(Gov. Code Sec. 54950)

28 Plaintiff alleges on behalf of himself and all other

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III

Defendant SAMUEL YORTY is now, and, at all times mentioned, was the Mayor of the City of Los Angeles and the chief executive officer of said city. Said defendant does not have the right to decide what is good for the people to know and what is not good for them to know.

IV

Defendant LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT is the agency and department of the City of Los Angeles, State of California, responsible for the police protection of that city within the State of California, and for the police investigations of all crimes committed within that city. Said defendant does not have the right to decide what is good for the people to know and what is not good for them to know.

V

Defendant EDWARD M. DAVIS is the Chief of Police of the City of Los Angeles, State of California. He is responsible for the supervision, control, regulation and management of the Police Department and each and every officer thereof, and for the investigation into all crimes committed within the City of Los Angeles, and, in June of 1968 as Deputy Chief of Police, particularly that investigation into the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy on June 5, 1968. He is empowered and has the responsibility to set policy for and to make and enforce all necessary and desirable rules and regulations of said Police Department. He is sued individually and in his capacity and as representative of the members of the defendant Police Department, who have carried out, and continue to carry out a course of conduct which has

1 suppressed, and continues to suppress important, valuable and
2 relevant information concerning the investigation into the murder
3 of Senator Robert F. Kennedy by said Police Department, and which
4 has and continues to deprive the citizens and residents of the
5 State of California of the full and uncensored information con-
6 cerning the assassination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

7 VI

8 Defendant JOSEPH P. BUSCH, JR. is the District Attorney
9 of the County of Los Angeles, State of California. As such, he
10 is its public prosecutor, responsible for the prosecution of all
11 public offenses. He is responsible for the supervision, control,
12 regulation and management of the office of the District Attorney,
13 and each and every member thereof, and for the trial of all
14 felonies committed within the County of Los Angeles, and, in June
15 of 1968 and thereafter as Deputy District Attorney, had
16 supervisory responsibilities with reference to that trial known
17 as "The People of the State of California vs. Sirhan Bishara
18 Sirhan", alleging the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy. He is
19 empowered and has the responsibility to set policy for and to
20 make and enforce all necessary and desirable rules and regulations
21 of said office of the District Attorney. He is sued individually
22 and in his capacity as representative of the members of the
23 office of the District Attorney, who have carried out and continue
24 to carry out a course of conduct which has suppressed, and con-
25 tinues to suppress important, valuable and relevant information
26 concerning the investigation of the murder of Senator Robert F.
27 Kennedy, and particularly concerning the prosecution in the trial
28 known as "The People of the State of California vs. Sirhan Bishara

1 Sirhan", and has ^{contd} continues to deprive the citizens and residents
2 of the State of California of the full and uncensored information
3 concerning said murder.

4 VII

5 Defendant ROBERT A. HOUGHTON in June of 1968 was Chief of
6 Detectives of the Los Angeles Police Department and assigned the
7 duty of conducting the investigation into the death of Senator
8 Robert F. Kennedy., Said defendant is now Deputy Director of the
9 Division of Law Enforcement in charge of the Criminal Division
10 of Central Intelligence Information in the office of the Attorney
11 General of the State of California.

12 VIII

13 Defendant EVELLE J. YOUNGER is Attorney General of the
14 State of California. He is sued individually and in his capacity
15 as representative of the members of the office of the Attorney
16 General. In June of 1968, and thereafter through the trial known
17 as "The People of the State of California vs. Sirhan Bishara
18 Sirhan", he was District Attorney of Los Angeles County and was
19 responsible for the supervision, control, regulation and manage-
20 ment of the office of the District Attorney, and each and every
21 member thereof, and for the trial of all felonies committed
22 within the County of Los Angeles, and particularly the Sirhan
23 trial referred to above alleging the murder of Senator Robert F.
24 Kennedy. He is now responsible for the policy, rules and regula-
25 tions of the office of Attorney General and has carried out and
26 continues to carry out a course of conduct which has suppressed,
27 and continues to suppress, important, valuable and relevant
28 material and information concerning the facts which have been

1 gathered and the evidence available to have been presented in
2 the prosecution of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, and has and continues
3 to deprive the citizens and residents of the State of California
4 of the full and uncensored information concerning said murder.

5 IX

6 Defendant Los Angeles Police Officer M.J. McGANN is pre-
7 sently employed by the Los Angeles Police Department and on and
8 from June 5, 1968 through the investigation and trial of Sirhan
9 Bishara Sirhan made investigations and reports regarding the
10 murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy and made investigations into
11 a possible conspiracy with the Los Angeles Police Department
12 "Conspiracy Team".

13 Sued individually and in his capacity and as a represent-
14 ative of the members of the Police Department, who have carried
15 out and continue to carry out a course of conduct which has
16 suppressed and continues to suppress important, valuable and
17 relevant information concerning the investigation into the murder
18 of Senator Robert F. Kennedy by said Police Department, and which
19 has and continues to deprive the citizens and residents of the
20 State of California of the full and uncensored information con-
21 cerning the assassination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

22 X

23 Defendant Los Angeles Police Officer O'STEEN is presently
24 employed by the Los Angeles Police Department and on and from
25 June 5, 1968 through the investigation and trial of Sirhan Bishara
26 Sirhan made investigations and reports regarding the murder of
27 Senator Robert F. Kennedy and made investigations into a possible
28 conspiracy with the Los Angeles Police Department "Conspiracy

1 Team".

2 Sued individually and in his capacity and as a representa-
3 tive of the members of the Police Department, who have carried
4 out and continue to carry out a course of conduct which has
5 suppressed and continues to suppress important, valuable and
6 relevant information concerning the investigation into the murder
7 of Senator Robert F. Kennedy by said Police Department, and which
8 has and continues to deprive the citizens and residents of the
9 State of California of the full and uncensored information con-
10 cerning the assassination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

11 XI

12 Pursuant to the policies set forth in Government Code
13 Section 54950, as aforesaid, plaintiff, as a resident of the
14 State of California, and all of the people of the State of
15 California, are entitled to know all the facts and evidence un-
16 covered by the defendant LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT and the
17 investigation of its "Background/Conspiracy Team" under the
18 leadership of defendant ROBERT A. HOUGHTON, and all the facts and
19 evidence within the knowledge of JOSEPH P. BUSCH, JR. and the
20 office of the District Attorney in connection with the death of
21 Senator Kennedy and with the trial of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan and
22 all the facts and knowledge of EVELLE J. YOUNGER and the office
23 of the Attorney General related thereto and all the records, facts
24 and evidence utilized, uncovered and retained by Los Angeles
25 Police Department Officers M. J. MCGANN, and Los Angeles Police
26 Department Officer O'STEEN.

27 XII

28 Pursuant to the policies set forth in Government Code

1 Section 54950, as aforesaid, plaintiff, as a resident of the State
2 of California, and all of the people of the State of California,
3 is entitled to know all of the facts, location, use and evidence
4 uncovered by the Los Angeles Police Department in connection with
5 an historical document, namely, a tape recording of one, John
6 Fahey whose testimony was recorded by Fernando Faura on June 12,
7 1968 and which was subsequently given to the Los Angeles Police
8 Department, specifically officers M.J. McGANN and O'STEEN for use
9 in the Los Angeles Police Department's investigation into the
10 conspiracy to murder Senator Robert F. Kennedy, specifically for
11 use of the "Background/Conspiracy Team"; the aforesaid tape
12 recording was never returned to Fernando Faura and the Los Angeles
13 Police Department has continued to refuse to return it and to
14 suppress evidence of the whereabouts of the tape recording of one,
15 John Fahey, who testified, on June 6, 1968, to Special Agents
16 Lloyd D. Johnson and Eugene R. McCarthy of the Federal Bureau of
17 Investigation as evidenced on Federal Bureau of Investigation
18 report file "Los Angeles 56-156 June 6, 1968," particularly set forth
19 in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and made a part hereof, and also
20 on June 12, 1968 to newsman Fernando Faura as evidenced by the
21 aforementioned tape recording made by Fernando Faura and subsequent-
22 ly, in good faith, given for reproduction only to Los Angeles
23 Police Officers M.J. McGANN and O'STEEN on June 14, 1968, at or
24 about 2:00 P.M. at 150 S. Los Angeles Street, Los Angeles, Calif-
25 ornia; He testified that he had spent the entire day of June 4, 1968
26 with a girl not yet identified by name but later identified as the
27 "elusive girl in the polka-dot dress" and that she had made
28 direct representations and direct inferneces that a conspiracy

1 had been planned to murder Senator Robert F. Kennedy later on
2 that same day and had invited him to attend to witness the murder
3 at the Ambassador Hotel at his "winning reception"; plaintiff and
4 the people of the State of California under the aforementioned
5 Government Code Section 54950 are entitled to know why this
6 evidence was suppressed and why the tape has been confiscated.

7 XIV

8 The suppressed facts, information and evidence all tend
9 to disprove the conclusion by defendants, and each of them, that
10 Senator Robert F. Kennedy was killed by a lone assassin, identified
11 as Sirhan Bishara Sirhan acting alone; disprove the conclusion
12 by defendants, and each of them that there was and is no evidence
13 of a conspiracy that conspired and planned to assassinate Senator
14 Robert F. Kennedy on June 5, 1968; disprove the conclusion by
15 defendants, and each of them, that Sirhan Bishara Sirhan was not
16 a member of a conspiracy to assassinate Senator Robert F. Kennedy;
17 and disprove the conclusion by defendants that no persons other
18 than Sirhan Bishara Sirhan were in the Ambassador Hotel in Los
19 Angeles on June 4, 1968 with the intent to assassinate Senator
20 Robert F. Kennedy.

21 XV

22 The suppressed facts and evidence hereinabove referred
23 to include the following:

24 A. A tape recording of one, John Fahey, a male adult,
25 was confiscated by the Los Angeles Police Department from Fernando
26 Faura on June 14, 1968 at or about 2:00 P.M. at 150 S. Los Angeles
27 St. in Los Angeles, California by officers M. J. McGANN and
28 O'STEEN under a pretense of merely wanting to reproduce the tape

1 for use in their investigation into the murder of Senator Robert
2 F. Kennedy. John Fahey had previously been interviewed by the
3 Federal Bureau of Investigation on June 6, 1968 as evidenced by
4 Federal Bureau of Investigation report "Los Angeles 56-156," dated
5 June 6, 1968 by Special Agents Lloyd D. Johnson and Eugene B.
6 McCarthy as more particularly set forth in Exhibit "A" attached
7 hereto and made a part hereof. The tape recording by Fernando
8 Faura has special historical significance because it involved the
9 murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy and also because in his
10 statement John Fahey alleged that a girl who he had met at the
11 Ambassador Hotel on the morning of June 4, 1968 had told him
12 through direct inference that Senator Robert F. Kennedy was the
13 target of a conspiracy that had planned some action later on that
14 night at his "winning reception". Thus direct evidence of a
15 conspiracy was given to the Los Angeles Police Department which was
16 and is suppressed.

17 B. The evidence introduced by the office of the District
18 Attorney of Los Angeles County during the trial of Sirhan Bishara
19 Sirhan was an attempt to show that Sirhan Bishara Sirhan acted as
20 a lone assassin and that he was not a member of a conspiracy to
21 assassinate Senator Robert F. Kennedy. In fact, at least 6 persons
22 including Sandy Serrano (Exhibit "B" attached hereto and made a
23 part hereof), Susan Locke (Exhibit "C" attached hereto and made a
24 part hereof), George Green (Exhibit "D" attached hereto and made a
25 part hereof), Booker Griffin (Exhibit "E" attached hereto and made
26 a part hereof), Vincent De Pierro, as evidenced on Page 105, 107
27 and 108 of Grand Jury transcript A-233421, Evan Phillip Freed
28 (Exhibit "F" attached hereto and made a part hereof, all positively

1 recall a girl in a "polka-dot dress" at the Ambassador Hotel in
2 the kitchen hall area just before and after the murder of Senator
3 Robert F. Kennedy. This girl in the "polka-dot dress" was
4 independently mentioned and described by the aforementioned
5 persons in reports to the Los Angeles Police Department and in
6 the Grand Jury proceeding against Sirhan Bishara Sirhan. A girl
7 in a polka-dot dress was identified by at least one of the afore-
8 said witnesses to be the same girl that John Fahey had met earlier
9 on June 4, 1968 at the Ambassador Hotel and who had made represent-
10 ations of her knowledge and implications of a conspiracy to murder
11 Senator Robert F. Kennedy at his "winning reception". At least
12 two persons, namely, Sandy Serrano and Albert V. Ellis heard
13 a girl say "we shot him" immediately after the shooting. Thus,
14 based upon John Fahey's allegations and the remaining six persons'
15 testimony and reports, evidence of a conspiracy is extremely likely.
16 The Los Angeles Police Department is in possession of the
17 statements of all of the aforementioned persons and has evidence
18 of the conspiracy to murder Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

19 C. At least one person saw Sirhan Bishara Sirhan two (2)
20 days before the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy at the
21 Ambassador Hotel in disguise with at least two other men. This
22 witness, Mrs. Gallegos, a Kennedy campaign worker at the Ambassador
23 Hotel made positive identification of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan from
24 photographs and indicated she saw Sirhan Bishara Sirhan in a cook's
25 white smock disguise with two other men two days before the murder.
26 At least two persons, namely, Gregg Clayton, a Rafferty campaign
27 worker, saw three to four men on the night of the murder with a
28 man he believes to be Sirhan Bishara Sirhan and a girl and, in fact,

1 Pam Russo, another Rafferty worker, supports this testimony. Thus
2 there is direct evidence that three persons could have seen
3 other persons in the company of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan just prior
4 to the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy and again the girl
5 in the "polka-dot dress" and these avenues have not been investi-
6 gated. The Los Angeles Police Department has refused to investi-
7 gate this evidence of a possible conspiracy to murder Senator
8 Robert F. Kennedy.

9 D. There are discrepancies in reports made by investigat-
10 ing officers which indicate fabrication of evidence, suppression
11 of evidence and evidence not thoroughly investigated or pursued
12 to an end result.

13 1.) As indicated on Los Angeles Police Department
14 progress report/conspiracy team #S-48 as reported on September 20,
15 1968; a Mr. Woo made a statement that he had "last" seen John
16 Fahey with Fernando Faura on May 15, 1968, at least 20 days before
17 the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy, as more particularly
18 described on page 5 of Exhibit "G" attached hereto and made a part
19 hereof. Yet, Mr. Fernando Faura was never contacted regarding this
20 allegation that John Fahey was seen with Fernando Faura before
21 the murder. The police department expended considerable time
22 and expense investigating John Fahey and the possible conspiracy
23 and it would seem likely that they would have at least contacted
24 Fernando Faura if they had evidence that John Fahey was lying or
25 that Fernando Faura was lying and/or presenting a false witness
26 to the police; yet, as late as September 19, 1968, John Fahey
27 was still being contacted by the Los Angeles Police Department
28 as evidenced by Los Angeles Police Department tape interview

1 #29285, Number I-622, made by Sgt. Alexander with John Fahey
2 (see Exhibit "H" attached hereto and made a part hereof). This
3 valuable testimony of Mr. Woo, either fabricated or real in fact
4 should have been thoroughly investigated regarding the credibility
5 of John Fahey, the witness presented to the Los Angeles Police
6 Department by Fernando Faura. The Los Angeles Police Department
7 Progress Report of the Background/Conspiracy Team #S-48 dated
8 June 20, 1968 indicated also that John Fahey sought out newsman
9 Fernando Faura at the Hollywood Citizen Newspaper office on June
10 12, 1968 for the purpose of relating his incident with the girl
11 and his knowledge of her representations on June 4, 1968 which
12 had become reality the following day of June 5, 1968. Thus, there
13 is a contradiction in John Fahey's actions that should have been
14 pursued.

15 2.) Albert V. Ellis, in a Federal Bureau of Investi-
16 gation File # Los Angeles 56-156 dated June 14, 1968 as dictated
17 by Special Agent Robert F. Bickard on June 17, 1968 allegedly
18 identified a snapshot or photograph of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan as
19 a man he had earlier seen at the Ambassador Hotel on the night
20 of the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy; yet, Los Angeles
21 Police Department Report I-1364, dated August 22, 1968 by officers
22 Shaw and Harris indicates that Ellis had never before been shown
23 a photograph or snapshot of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan as more particu-
24 larly described in Exhibit "I" attached hereto and made a part
25 hereof. Thus, we have a fabrication and/or discrepancy in two
26 official reports.

27 3.) In Los Angeles Police Department Report I-622

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1 by officer H. Hernandez a progress report of the Background/
2 Conspiracy Team, an itinerary of Mr. John Fahey's activities of
3 June 4, 1968 is listed as was given by John Fahey to his employer
4 to account for his contacts as a salesman during the day in order
5 to cover his activities with the "girl", aforementioned, that he
6 had met at the Ambassador Hotel and with whom he had spent the
7 entire day (Exhibit "J" attached hereto and made a part hereof);
8 yet, only one contact on John Fahey's employer's itinerary indica-
9 ted that she had seen John Fahey on that day of June 4, 1968,
10 (page 6 of Exhibit "G" attached hereto and made a part hereof).
11 The remaining six contacts all listed by name and location were
12 not mentioned in the Police Report as to whether they were contact-
13 ed and, if so, as to their verification of contact with John Fahey
14 on June 4, 1968. Thus, it appears that there was a failure to
15 thoroughly investigate John Fahey's activities on June 4, 1968.
16 Yet, an independent polygraph test, as more particularly described
17 in Exhibit "K" attached hereto and made a part hereof, upheld the
18 basic premise of John Fahey that he had spent the day with the
19 "girl". If the Los Angeles Police Department in their polygraph
20 test as indicated in "conspiracy team report I-622" proved
21 positive(see Exhibit "G" attached hereto and made a part hereof)
22 then this direct evidence of a conspiracy should have been
23 brought forward and not suppressed; yet, if the test was negative,
24 why was John Fahey contacted as late as September 19, 1968, as
25 evidenced by report I-622 by Sgt. Alexander on tape interview
26 #29285 by the Los Angeles Police Department (see Exhibit "H"
27 attached hereto and made a part hereof)? John Fahey's statements
28 and his direct evidence of a conspiracy were suppressed and his

1 testimony was ineffectively discredited.

2 4.) Jesus Perez, an employee of the Ambassador Hotel
3 related his version of the events just before the murder of
4 Senator Robert F. Kennedy and his discussion with Sirhan Bishara
5 Sirhan in the kitchen area of the Hotel to the Los Angeles Police
6 Department officers Sgt. Calkins and Sgt. McGANN as evidenced by
7 tape #28929, transcript #13, dated June 5, 1968; page three of
8 that report is missing and was not available at the time of the
9 trial of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan. Page two indicates that his
10 testimony on page three very likely concerned the presence of a
11 pretty "girl" in the kitchen area with Sirhan Bishara Sirhan and
12 his later testimony definately indicates a "girl" in the kitchen
13 area with Sirhan Bishara Sirhan. It is likely that page three
14 contained evidence of a "girl" with Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, her
15 description and the type of dress. The Grand Jury transcript,
16 #A-233421 titled the Grand Jury of the County of Los Angeles vs.
17 Sirhan Bishara Sirhan on page 73 indicates that Jesus Perez,
18 Sirhan Bishara Sirhan and some other men made reference to a "girl"
19 with them or in the kitchen hall area. Thus, there is missing
20 evidence which may be very conclusive of the "girls" identity, as
21 to the "mysterious girl in the polka-dot dress" and as to her
22 association with Sirhan Bishara Sirhan which would tie-in directly
23 with the testimony of the six aforementioned persons and also
24 tie-in directly with the allegations of John Fahey and to prove
25 the conspiracy to murder Senator Robert F. Kennedy on June 5, 1968.

26 5.) Evidence suppressed or discredited includes John
27 Fahey's observations, Sandy Serrano's observation, Susan Locke's
28 observations, George Green's observations, Booker Griffin's

1 observations, Albert V. Ellis's observations, Vincent DiPierro's
2 observations, Pam Russo's observations, Evan Phillip Freed's
3 observation, Mrs. Gallego's observations and observations of the
4 girl in the "polka-dot dress" and her association with John Fahey
5 the day of the murder, her association with at least three men,
6 one of which appeared to be Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, at the
7 Ambassador Hotel on the night of the murder, and of at least
8 two men seen two days prior to the murder of Senator Robert F.
9 Kennedy, disguised in cook's uniforms, one of which was identified
10 as Sirhan Bishara Sirhan. The aforementioned direct evidence and
11 circumstantial evidence certainly lead to the conclusion that it
12 is unlikely that Sirhan Bishara Sirhan was acting as a "lone
13 assassin".

14 6.) John Fahey's testimony was discredited through
15 the use of ambiguous questions on the polygraph test of September
16 5, 1968 made by the Los Angeles Police Department as described on
17 Los Angeles Police Report I-622 (see Exhibit "G" attached hereto
18 and made a part hereof); whereas a prior independent polygraph
19 test on August 20, 1968, (see Exhibit "K" attached hereto and made
20 a part hereof), upheld the truthfulness of his allegations and the
21 content of Exhibit "A" as hereinattached.

22 7.) On August 12, 1968, Jordan Bonfante, Life
23 Magazine Los Angeles Bureau Chief and Fernando Faura interviewed
24 Jan Page, a waitress at Trancas Restaurant on Pacific Coast Highway,
25 North of Malibu, California, at which time she indicated she did
26 observe a man and a woman, whom plaintiff alleges to be John Fahey
27 and the "polka-dot girl", enter the restaurant, order something
28 and then leave. The "girl" with John Fahey was independently

1 described by Jan Page as the "girl" matching John Fahey's indepen-
2 dent description of the "girl" and also Jan Page's description
3 supported the aforementioned six persons descriptions of the
4 "girl in the polka-dot dress" aforementioned. The interview was
5 made by Fernando Faura and Jordan Bonfante, Life Magazine Bureau
6 Chief in Los Angeles in order to verify John Fahey's allegations
7 that he had been with the "girl" on June 4, 1968 at Trancas
8 Restaurant. A second contact on June 22, 1968 with Jan Page
9 indicated that she no longer wished to discuss the matter with
10 Fernando Faura and Jordan Bonfante after a discussion she had with
11 the Los Angeles Police Department. Thus, her testimony to support
12 John Fahey's allegations was suppressed and it is reasonable to
13 assume that the Los Angeles Police Department influenced her
14 co-operation and original willingness to give information.

15 XVI

16 Defendants, and each of them, deliberately, intentionally
17 and knowingly suppressed the facts and evidence referred to in
18 Paragraph XV above from the People of the State of California by
19 not presenting it to the grand jury or at the trial of People vs.
20 Sirhan, or disclosing said facts and evidence in an appropriate
21 and impartial manner. By the suppression of said facts, evidence,
22 reports and data from the People of the State of California by
23 the defendants, and each of them, the plaintiff and other citizens
24 and residents of the State of California were prohibited from
25 being fully informed and were told only what said defendants
26 decided was good for them to know.

27 XVII

28 Plaintiff is informed and believes, and therefore alleges,

1 that defendants are in the possession of many other facts which
2 disprove the "lone assassin" theory put forth by the defendants
3 at the trial of People vs. Sirhan, but that defendants have re-
4 pressed these facts from the People of the State of California,
5 and that evidence of a conspiracy can be proven with the aforesaid
6 suppressed facts and evidence.

7 XVIII

8 The repression of the facts and evidence set forth herein,
9 but not limited to that set forth herein, is contrary to the policy
10 of the State of California as expressed in Government Code Section
11 54950, and is a violation of the public trust.

12 XIX

13 The true names or capacities, whether individual, corporate,
14 associate or otherwise, of defendants named herein as DOES I
15 through XX, inclusive, are unknown to plaintiff, who therefore sues
16 said defendants by such fictitious names, and plaintiff will amend
17 this Complaint to show their names and capacities when same have
18 been ascertained. Each of said DOES named herein has been respon-
19 sible in some manner for suppressing facts and evidence and depriv-
20 ing the People of the State of California from full and uncensored
21 information.

22 WHEREFORE, plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all other
23 citizens and residents of the State of California, prays for
24 judgment as follows:

25 1. That defendants, and each of them, be enjoined from
26 determining what is good for the people to know and what is not
27 good for them to know, and be ordered to disclose and make public
28 all the facts and evidence revealed by their investigation into

1 the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

2 2. That defendants, and each of them, particularly the
3 Los Angeles Police Department, Los Angeles Police Officers McGANN
4 and O'STEEN be ordered to report fully and fairly to the people
5 of this State, the use and whereabouts of an historical tape
6 recording made by Fernando Faura of John Fahey on June 12, 1968
7 and which was subsequently released to the above defendants for
8 their duplication and use in the investigation into the murder
9 of Senator Robert F. Kennedy; that said historical tape recording
10 be returned to Fernando Faura.

11 3. That a State Grand Jury be convened for the purpose
12 of fully, fairly, dispassionately, openly and diligently investi-
13 gating and reporting on the assassination of Senator Robert F.
14 Kennedy; to resolve all questions and issues regarding the con-
15 spiracy to assassinate Senator Robert F. Kennedy and to dispel
16 the theory that Sirhan Bishara Sirhan was acting alone.

17
18 DATED: August 28, 1971

19 /s/ Richard A. Rocha
20 RICHARD A. ROCHA
21 Attorney for Plaintiff
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VERIFICATION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
) ss.
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES)

I am the plaintiff in the above entitled action; I have read the foregoing Complaint for Disclosure of Information (Gov. Code Sec. 54950) and know the contents thereof; and I certify that the same is true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters which are therein stated upon my information or belief, and as to those matters I believe it to be true.

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on August 27th, 1971, at Los Angeles, California.


FERNANDO FAURA

F B I

Date: 9/3/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
 SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau dated 8/19/71.

Enclosed herewith is a xeroxed copy of a law suit filed by FERNANDO FAURA against SAM YORTY, Mayor of the City of Los Angeles; the Los Angeles Police Department; EDWARD M. DAVIS and others. (Page 2 missing)

On 9/2/71, Investigator DEWIT LIGHTNER, Bureau of Investigation, Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, advised he attended a press conference at the Los Angeles Press Club on 9/1/71, which was called by FERNANDO FAURA. During the press conference, FAURA made available a "press kit" to those in attendance. The "press kits" contain, among other items, FD-302 interviews conducted by Bureau Agents in June 1968, in connection with captioned investigation. They included the following:

1. Interview of JOHN FAHEY conducted on 6/6/68, by SAs LLOYD D. JOHNSON and EUGENE B. MC CARTHY.
2. Interview of SANDRA SERRANO conducted on 6/6 and 7/68, by SA RICHARD C. BURRIS.
3. Interview of SUSANNE LOCKE on 6/7/68, by SA PHILLIP B. DEILY.
4. Interview of GEORGE GREEN conducted on 7/15/68, by SA DAVID H. COOK.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 1)

② - Los Angeles

RJL/blb

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

LA 56-156

5. Interview of BOOKER GRIFFIN conducted on 6/11/68 by SA's LEROY W. SHEETS and VINCENT J. HORN, JR.

The Bureau has previously received copies of the above-described interviews.

In addition to the foregoing, FAURA, when questioned by a member of the press concerning his source of the above-described FBI interviews, declined to identify that source. According to LIGHTNER, he made some reference to a "third party" as being the individual from whom copies of the FD-302 interviews were obtained.

As has been previously ascertained, ROBERT BLAIR KAISER, who acted in the capacity of an investigator for the defense team during the trial of SIRHAN B. SIRHAN, had access to FD-302's of interviews, inasmuch as this material was made available to the defense by the Superior Court. Undoubtedly, FAURA has secured this material from the defense team defending SIRHAN B. SIRHAN.

Los Angeles will continue to follow this aspect of captioned matter and keep the Bureau appropriately advised.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 9/7/71

FROM : SUPERVISOR WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN

SUBJECT: SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN;
WILLIAM TULIO DIVALE

Mr. JACK FOX, KNXT News, telephonically contacted the writer on 9/7/71 and advised that he and PETE NOYES were getting together a book on the SIRHAN killing of Senator ROBERT KENNEDY and in the course of writing the book had come across the name of WILLIAM TULIO DIVALE, who allegedly was an informant for the FBI in connection with WALTER CROWE, a friend of SIRHAN. Mr. FOX desired to know if possible whether or not the FBI could confirm this.

Mr. FOX was referred to a book, "I Lived Inside the Campus Revolution", by DIVALE and to the news media in June 1969 when Mr. DIVALE publicly testified before the Subversive Activities Control Board at Los Angeles.

This is to record Mr. FOX's call.

① 56-156
1 - (134-2702) (WILLIAM TULIO DIVALE)
WJN:CM
(2) *✓*



56-156-3084

SEARCHED <i>✓</i>	INDEXED <i>✓</i>
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FBI — LOS ANGELES	

[Signature]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

FROM : SA R. J. LA JEUNESSE, JR. (P)

SUBJECT: KENSALT

DATE: 9/10/71

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau, 9/3/71.

On 9/2/71 Investigator DEWIT LIGHTNER, Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, Bureau of Investigation, advised that he had attended a Pres Conference at the Los Angeles Press Club, Los Angeles. The conference was called by FERNANDO FAURA, who made available "press kits," to those in attendance. LIGHTNER obtained a copy of the contents of the "press kit," which consists of the following:

- 1) Interview of JOHN FAHEY conducted on 6/6/68 by SA's LLOYD D. JOHNSON and EUGENE B. MC CARTHY
- 2) Interview of SANDAR SERRANO conducted on 6/6 and 7/68 by SA RICHARD C. BURRIS.
- 3) Interview of SUSANNE LOCKE on 6/7/68, by SA PHILLIP B. DEILY.
- 4) Interview of GEORGE GREEN conducted on 7/15/68 by SA DAVID H. COOK.
- 5) Interview of BOOKER GRIFFIN conducted on 6/11/68 by SA's LEROY W. SHEETS and VINCENT J. HORN, JR.
- 6) Los Angeles PD interview of EVAN PHILLIP FREED on 6/14/68.
- 7) LAPD report, dated 9/20/68 pertaining to investigation conducted by the LAPD from 9/6/68 to 9/20/68, inclusive, regarding the Medical Background and conspiracy potentials of the case.
- 8) LAPD interview of JOHN FAHEY on 9/19/68.
- 9) LAPD interview of ALBERT V. ELLIS on 8/14/68.
- 10) Interview of ALBERT VICTOR ELLIS on 6/14/68 by SA ROBERT F. DICKARD.

56-156-3085

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FBI - LOS ANGELES	



- 11) Partial interview of FAHEY, captioned
"Exhibit 'J'", d
- 12) Copy of Polygraph interview of JOHN
HENRY FAHEY, JR., conducted on 8/30/68
by CHRIS GUGAS of Professional Security
Consultants, Suite 509 - 9301 Wilshire Blvd.,
Beverly Hills, California, apparently for
Mr. JORDAN BONFANTE, Life Magazine, Inc.
9570 Wilshire Blvd., Beverly Hills, Calif.
- 13) Copy of "Press Release of FERNANDO FAURA
dated 9/1/71.

Copies of the above described documents are attached hereto.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 6/7/68

At 7:00 p.m. on June 6, 1968, Mr. JOHN FAHEY came to the Los Angeles Office. He stated he worked for Cal Tek Industries as an outside salesman from 1833 North Eastern Avenue, Los Angeles, California, (phone 268-5137). He resides at 1030 North Harper Avenue, Apartment 4, Los Angeles, California, (phone 654-2464). He requested that his story be retained in confidence to protect his marital status.

He stated he had a business appointment at 8:30 a.m. on June 4, 1968, to meet a fellow salesman, REG WHITE, who works for the same company at the Ambassador Hotel. He arrived about 9:00 a.m., and walked through the arcade area of the hotel, looking for WHITE, but did not locate him. At this point, he stated he recalled passing two men on the way into the hotel from the rear, from Eighth Street, who were also walking toward the hotel. The men were dressed in casual clothes, and he assumed they worked there, and only glanced at them. As he was looking into a shop window in the arcade, he observed a blonde woman looking into the window, and spoke to her about the dresses in the window. A casual conversation ensued, and she then asked if he knew where the Post Office was. He did not, so she asked another man, who directed her to the Post Office in the hotel. He did not see the woman again until he was seated at the counter in the hotel coffee shop, when she came in, sat down beside him, and started to talk to him. He offered to buy her breakfast, she agreed, and they moved to a booth. She ordered a full breakfast; he had coffee and toast. She introduced herself as VIRGINIA, and he gave her his first name, JOHN. In the course of the conversation she stated variously that her name was VIRGINIA, ALICE, and BETTY, and kept saying she did not know if she could trust him. She repeated this several times. He assured her she could, and she finally told him her name was GILDERDINE OPPENHEIMER (phonetic). He believed this was a German name and spoke to her in a few German words. She said she did not understand German, but spoke English and Arabic. She stated she came from Virginia, and when he said his mother was from Virginia,

1048

On 6/6/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156
by SA LLOYD D. JOHNSON and
SA EUGENE B. MC CARTHY/riz Date dictated 6/7/68

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she changed her story, saying she was from New York. She also indicated she had traveled extensively, saying she had just come from Eilat, Beirut, and Cairo. She kept changing her stories in the course of the day. She stated she had a problem and needed to talk to someone. She said she had to get out of the country, wanting to go to Australia. She said she wanted to leave right away. She asked if he could get her a passport, and he stated he knew nothing about passports. She indicated experience with passports, stating she knew how to change pictures and names, to obtain the Social Security Number of a deceased person, get a birth certificate, and then obtain a passport. She asked if he had connections in Australia, and he said he did not. She indicated she wanted to go to Australia alone. When he asked what trouble she was in, she kept repeating that she did not want to get him involved. He asked if she lived in the hotel, and she stated she did not. She asked his preference in a presidential candidate, and he refused to tell her. She stated KENNEDY was "no good", and he replied, hoping to draw her out, that it did not matter to him, as he was for MC CARTHY. She then stated, "They are going to get him", referring to Senator KENNEDY. At this time, the woman stated they were being watched. FAHEY looked toward the entrance of the coffee shop, and saw one of the two men he had passed coming into the hotel, staring intently at them. The man did not stop staring when he looked. FAHEY stated when he first saw the picture of SIRHAN SIRHAN on television, he believed it was the man staring at them. Upon being shown photographs of SIRHAN SIRHAN and his brother, MUNIR SIRHAN, he stated the photograph of MUNIR looked more like the man staring at them because of the youthful, thin face, but he could not identify the photograph of MUNIR to be the man who was staring at them. During the time they were in the restaurant, the man remained in the doorway, staring at them. When FAHEY told the woman he was a salesman and was going to Oxnard, the woman stated she wanted to go with him for the day, and FAHEY, believing he might find out the woman's problem, agreed. The woman asked if he was going to attend the "victory reception" in the hotel that night, and he said no. She stated, "If you

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come, you will be really surprised. They are going to take care of KENNEDY". FAHEY asked her how she knew, and she stated she did not want him to be involved.

FAHEY and the woman left the hotel, and he took Coast Highway 101, through Malibu, toward Oxnard. The woman kept looking behind and acting nervous, and he then noticed that her hands were wet with perspiration. She stated someone was following them, and FAHEY then noticed a dark blue Volkswagen sedan following them. The car had California license plates, the number of which he did not obtain. FAHEY then began varying his speed, and concluded they were being followed. He came to an area in the highway with a curve, and a parking area on the left hand side with two large boulders on it. He turned into this area and waited, and when the Volkswagen appeared, it pulled into the parking area about fifty feet to his left. He looked out his window at the male driver, and the man stared back at him. The driver then backed the Volkswagen behind the boulder on the left, out of sight. FAHEY decided he should leave, and departed going north toward Oxnard. They did not see the Volkswagen again. While driving, in the conversation, attempting to establish "their" numbers (the size of the group), she mentioned that "they" used radios to communicate between themselves. Nothing further was said about this, but FAHEY became worried, fearing foul play of some sort. He asked her if she belonged to a group, and she replied "once you get involved, you belong or they take care of you". FAHEY began thinking of returning her to Los Angeles, and asked her where she lived. She stated she lived on Kenmore, but had only lived there two or three days. He got the feeling she was not from the area, and was passing through Los Angeles. FAHEY drove to Oxnard and Ventura with the woman. On their return to Los Angeles, they stopped at a restaurant on the east side of the highway, between Oxnard and Malibu. He did not recall the name of the restaurant, but it began with the letters "Tran---" (Trancas). They ate at approximately 5:15 p.m. The woman stated she had a long night ahead of her. She wanted a drink, but he refused to buy her a drink, as he did not want to drink with her. When they returned to Los Angeles, he tried to drive her to her residence on Kenmore Avenue. She refused, but asked him where Olympic (Boulevard) was, indicating she lived near it. She finally asked him to drop her at

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the Ambassador Hotel, and again asked him if he would attend the "victory reception." He refused and dropped her at the front sidewalk of the Ambassador Hotel on Wilshire at approximately 7:30 p.m. He observed her walking toward the hotel, and then drove away.

FAHEY recalled that the woman did not ask him for money, and had in fact offered to pay for the breakfast. She displayed a wallet from her purse with a thick sheaf of bills in it.

FAHEY described the men he had observed as he walked into the hotel from the rear as follows:

One man had a light build, with dark hair. The other man was taller, with a rotund or stocky build. Both were fairly short in stature. He stated he had only glanced at them at the time. The man with the light build, who watched him in the coffee shop, was described as follows:

Sex	Male
Race	Caucasian, appeared Greek or of some foreign extraction
Face	Thin
Age	20 - 24
Height	5'2" - 5'3"
Hair	Dark, curly, thick, with medium cut
Clothing	Sweater, jacket with wide stripe of material of another color down the front, casual slacks

SIRHAN. This is the man FAHEY believes resembled MUNIR

FAHEY described the man driving the VW automobile, who stopped alongside of them when they were parked, on the road to Oxnard, as follows:

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Sex	Male
Race	Caucasian
Build	Stocky
Weight	Unknown
Height	Unknown (observed him seated only)
Hair	Dark grey, well cut, combed straight back
Eyes	Blue
Age	Early forties
Face	Average, gave appearance of being heavy

FAHEY believed he would recognize the man if he saw him again.

FAHEY described the woman as follows:

Sex	Female
Race	Caucasian; appeared to be slightly Arabic, with fine features, after she told him she spoke Arabic
Age	27 - 28
Height	5'6"
Hair	Dirty blonde in color, well kept. Hair puffed up on top drawn down, and long enough to be clipped near her left shoulder (hair drawn to left side).
Complexion	Fair
Eyes	Dark
Weight	Unknown
Build	Very good build, very attractive figure.
Fingernails	Clipped short, sloppy nail polish
Clothing	Tan dress of unknown material with "A" skirt, worn slightly above the knee, tan purse, tan shoes. Wore hose of a different texture and appearance from those worn locally." He stated her clothing appeared foreign or different from local

Two (2) pages

Date 6/6/68

Miss SANDRA SERRANO, 2212 North Marengo Street, Altadena, (794-6514), advised she was co-chairman of the Youth for KENNEDY Committee for the Pasadena-Altadena area. SERRANO advised she is 20 years old and employed by United Insurance Company of America, 727 West 7th Street, Los Angeles, (627-9134) as a key punch operator. Miss SERRANO advised she lives with her aunt and uncle, HERMAN and CECILIA MAGDALENO, at the above address. Her parents are MANUEL and AMPARO SERRANO, 1949 West 27th Street, Lorain, Ohio (216-282-9048).

Miss SERRANO advised that at approximately 8:30 p.m., June 4, 1968, she left the Youth for KENNEDY Pasadena Headquarters with four other committee workers to go to the Ambassador to await the primary results. This group went in a car belonging to GREG ABBOTT, 1009 Arcadia Street, Arcadia. MICHAEL FRANCHER, 3556 Milton Street, Pasadena, (795-2865), GEORGE FREDERICKS, JR., 281 Crescent Drive, (681-2180), and IRENE CHAVEZ, a friend who rooms with Miss SERRANO's aunt and uncle at the North Marengo address, were included in the group.

Miss SERRANO advised that while at the Ambassador waiting for the primary returns, she had someone buy her a drink, a screwdriver. According to SERRANO, at approximately 11:30 p.m., she walked out of the ballroom area to an outdoor terrace stairway because it had become too warm and crowded in the ballroom. She sat on the fifth or six step of the stairway which lead to an upstairs area. Miss SERRANO could not describe what this upper area was. Two or three minutes later, which SERRANO estimated to be approximately 11:35 p.m., three individuals approached her on the stairway, a woman and two men, and walked past her up the stairs. As the woman got to her, this woman said, "Excuse us" and Miss SERRANO moved to the side so they could pass. SERRANO said she felt these three people were together since they were walking together up the stairs and the woman had said, "Excuse us."

After approximately 20 to 25 minutes, which Miss SERRANO believed was shortly after midnight, she heard what she thought was six back fires from a car. Four or five were

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On 6/6-7/68 at Altadena, California File # Los Angeles 56-156

by SA RICHARD C. BURRIS/tje Date dictated 6/6/68

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real close together. During this 20 or 25 minutes, no other person went up or down this stairway past her. Approximately 30 seconds after hearing what she thought was back fire, this same woman who had gone up the stairs came running down the stairs toward her, followed by one of the men who had gone up the stairs with her. Miss SERRANO stated that as this woman ran down the stairs toward her, the woman shouted, "We shot him - we shot him." Miss SERRANO said, "Who did you shoot?" to which this woman replied, "Senator KENNEDY." Miss SERRANO was asked if this woman could have said, "He shot him" or "They shot him" rather than "We shot him." SERRANO insisted the word was "We" but volunteered that she realized that "we" could have meant we, meaning we as a group of KENNEDY supporters or as we as society in general.

Miss SERRANO did not notice in which direction these people went after they passed her on the stairs since she looked up the stairs behind her and immediately left and walked back just inside the hallway area. She met a gray uniformed security officer just inside the door and said to him, "Is it true they shot him?" This uniformed officer replied, "Shot who?" and she replied, "Senator KENNEDY." Miss SERRANO said at this point the uniformed officer told her she must have had too much to drink. SERRANO commented she still held her drink glass. A few minutes later a group of five or six people came towards her from the ballroom area and SERRANO said to them, "They have shot him." These people did not answer her but she heard one comment from the group, "Oh she's crazy" and another comment, "Oh my God."

At this point, Miss SERRANO advised she looked for a public phone so she could call her parents in Ohio. She said at about 12:15 p.m., she found a public phone. Miss SERRANO said she knows she had \$3.00 in change and thinks she tried to pay for the toll charge but had trouble with the phone and believes she ended up reversing the charges to her parents' phone. While SERRANO was talking to her mother trying to explain to her that Senator KENNEDY had been shot, people started to pound on the door of the phone booth trying to get in. One of these people

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 6/7/68

Miss SUSANNE LOCKE, 6545 South Victoria Street, Los Angeles, California, furnished the following information:

She was a volunteer worker for Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY during his campaign and was attending the election returns party in the Embassy Room of the Ambassador Hotel on the evening of June 4, 1968. While Senator KENNEDY was speaking, she was stationed at a position near the rear of the stage on the right side as one faces the stage, with a friend, ACQUILINE SULLIVAN, who had hurt her foot. It was late in the evening and when Senator KENNEDY finished speaking, she and ACQUILINE had moved into the kitchen area where Senator KENNEDY was subsequently shot. She and ACQUILINE had stepped onto a shelf-like ledge about four feet off the floor on the west side of the kitchen area. Also present in this area at the time were about four or five white jacketed hotel employees. As Senator KENNEDY passed by with his party, he was surrounded by friends and newspapermen. She turned to ACQUILINE and commented about how happy Mr. KENNEDY looked. After the KENNEDY party had passed, she heard cracking noises which sounded like exploding fire-crackers. She immediately realized, however, that the sounds were gunshot sounds and they were in rapid succession, a total of about eight or ten shots. At this specific time, she had lost sight of Senator KENNEDY. The gun sounds appeared to come from her left and she immediately jumped to the floor. She does not recall seeing anyone with a gun; and people immediately began pushing into the kitchen area from the Embassy Room, apparently attracted by the noise and excitement. Her friend, ACQUILINE, was having difficulty trying to get to the floor and she attempted to grab hold of her.

LOCKE noticed several men lying on the floor, one with blood on his forehead--his eyes open and staring, but she did not recognize any of these individuals on the floor as Senator KENNEDY. Another individual in her immediate vicinity, a woman whom she did not know, had blood on her head and appeared to be stumbling backwards. She was attempting to get help from her friend ACQUILINE but had lost sight of her and her other thought was to attempt to reach the gunman who had done the

On 6/7/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156

by SA PHILLIP B. DEILY/cyn Date dictated 6/7/68

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shooting. Somehow, she got turned around as people were pushing in all directions and was headed back toward the Embassy Room. Someone was apparently trying to close the double doors leading to the Embassy Room, but she was successful in getting out of the kitchen area and into a room behind the stage. She sat down and someone gave her a cigarette.

She does not recall seeing Senator KENNEDY after the shooting but believes that she may have seen SIRHAN BISHARA SLIMIAN at the hotel earlier in the evening; however, she is not sure of this. She recalls seeing a girl in the Embassy Room, just before Senator KENNEDY entered to speak, stationed near her immediate vicinity wearing a white shift with blue polka dots. She observed that the girl was not wearing a yellow press badge and thought that this to be very unusual since it was necessary to have such a badge to gain entry into the Embassy Room. She mentioned this to CAROL BRESHEARS who is in charge of the KENNEDY girls and Mrs. BRESHEARS pointed her out to a guard nearby. The girl was expressionless and seemed somewhat out of place where she was standing. She was a Caucasian in her early twenties, well proportioned, with long brown hair pulled back and tied behind her head. Her hair appeared to be dried out similar in appearance to hair of a girl who does a lot of swimming.

LOCKE is not acquainted with SIRHAN or his family and has no knowledge of any motive for shooting Senator KENNEDY. She realizes that many people were opposed to Senator KENNEDY as a presidential candidate, but does not consider this to be unusual.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 7/16/68

GEORGE GREEN, residence 6811 10th Avenue, Los Angeles, telephone No. 759-8740, employed at J. Avon Associates (real estate), 8301 South Western Avenue, telephone No. 753-3305, advised that he is the co-chairman of "New Images," a Negro organization dedicated to the enrichment of the black community with headquarters at 2714 West Vernon Avenue. He advised that he was active in the California primary campaign and that he sponsored the election of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY. He furnished the following information with respect to his knowledge of the events of June 4 and 5, 1968, at the Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles, where Senator KENNEDY was shot:

At approximately 10:15 to 10:30 PM on June 4, 1968, he left his headquarters, 2714 West Vernon Avenue, and proceeded to the Ambassador Hotel to take part in a rally for Senator KENNEDY. He arrived at the Ambassador Hotel approximately 10:30 to 10:45 PM and parked his car on a street west and south of the Ambassador. He then proceeded to look for BOOKER GRIFFIN, Co-chairman of "New Images," so that he could obtain a press pass and thereby enter the Ambassador ballroom. He found Mr. GRIFFIN in the lower ballroom and together they went upstairs to the Kennedy Press Room, but they were unsuccessful in getting a pass for him (GREEN). He was able to enter the press room, which he understands is called the Colonial Room, and he went through the kitchen passageway to the rear of the press room.

While in the kitchen passageway, he observed a group of newsmen and photographers interviewing either FRANK MANKIEWICZ or Senator KENNEDY. He did not get close enough to see the individual being interviewed, however, he recalls the time to have been approximately 11:15 to 11:30 PM. It was at that time that he noticed SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN at the edge of the crowd near a tall thin person and a female Caucasian. SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN was wearing blue jeans, a shirt, a jacket and desert boots.

On 7/15/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156

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by SA DAVID H. COOK/jab Date dictated 7/16/68

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He appeared to be approximately 22 years old and of Mexican-American descent. He also appeared, to him, to be approximately five feet eight inches, 140 to 150 pounds with a dark olive complexion. The tall thin person standing near him was approximately 22 years old, however, he does not recall that individual's dress nor his ethnic group. The female Caucasian was in her early twenties and she wore a polka dot dress which was white with black polka dots. She had a good figure, but he cannot further describe her and is doubtful if he would recognize her again.

He then left the kitchen area and went downstairs where he had several drinks at one of the bars located at the rear of the lower ballroom. When the Senator spoke, at approximately midnight, he was in the ballroom and saw the Senator on the television monitors located there. Immediately following the speech he exited the lower ballroom by passing a guard, who was supposed to be guarding the lower kitchen doors. He proceeded through these doors and started up the kitchen stairway when he heard what he thought at the time were two balloons popping. He arrived in the upper kitchen passageway and in the confusion realized that what he had heard were shots being fired. He jumped onto the food preparation table, which was to his right and from there observed a struggle taking place with SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN as the culprit. He observed a gun in one of SIRHAN's hands and he noticed that it was a small calibre revolver. At this time, only a small portion of SIRHAN's face was visible since someone had an arm around him. He recalls that ROOSEVELT GRIER and RAEER JOHNSON were those who were struggling with SIRHAN SIRHAN.

He stayed in the area a short while and observed Senator KENNEDY lying on the floor with his feet facing the press room. He also observed that other individuals were apparently injured in the area. A short time after the shooting, which he estimates to be approximately three to five minutes,

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 6/11/68

BOOKER GRIFFIN, Director, Los Angeles Chapter of Negro Industrial and Economic Union, 8421 South Vermont Street, was interviewed and furnished the following information:

GRIFFIN stated that he had been working for the KENNEDY campaign committee in Southern California, and on June 4, 1967, at approximately 10:15 p.m., he arrived at the Ambassador Hotel and went to the Ambassador Room where he talked to several individuals whom he does not now recall. About twenty minutes later, GRIFFIN stated that he saw an individual in the Ambassador Room whom he later saw shoot Senator KENNEDY. He described him as being shabbily dressed with baggy pants and looked as though he did not belong there, that is to say, he did not look like a campaign worker or KENNEDY supporter. GRIFFIN looked this individual in the eye at which time the individual stared back. GRIFFIN stated he noticed a girl whose description he does not recall standing in close proximity to SIRHAN. He never noticed them converse with each other, but he had the feeling that they were there together. GRIFFIN then secured a press pass from PIERRE SALINGER for the Embassy Room and at approximately 10:45 p.m. he entered this room. Due to the number of people in the Embassy Room and the heat emanating from the television cameras, it was extremely warm so he went from the Embassy Room to the press room from time to time to rest and cool down.

At about 11:30 p.m., he saw SIRHAN in the kitchen corridor between the press room and the Embassy Room. This is the same corridor in which Senator KENNEDY was shot. He saw SIRHAN there prior to the time that KENNEDY went to the Embassy Room to speak. During the time KENNEDY was speaking, GRIFFIN saw SIRHAN in the corridor and also saw a white male, about 6'2", further description of which he does not recall, and a white female, 5'5", with blond bouffant hair, dressed in a white flowing-type dress with colorations, standing in close proximity with SIRHAN. Neither of these individuals had press passes or KENNEDY buttons. He saw these three individuals at least two or three times in the corridor among numerous other individuals who were in the area.

On 6/11/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156

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by SA's LEROY W. SHEETS and VINCENT J. HORN, Jr. (LWS:jmk) Date dictated 6/11/68

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GRIFFIN left the Embassy Room prior to the completion of KENNEDY's speech and went to the press room. He passed the above three individuals in the corridor on his way to the press room at this time. He stayed in the press room approximately two or three minutes and as he opened the door of the press room to the corridor, he saw SIRHAN fire the shots at KENNEDY and the other individuals. He could not recall how many shots he heard. He saw somebody holding SIRHAN and struggling with him. Immediately after the shot, GRIFFIN went over to where KENNEDY was lying and spoke with him for a few moments. He then stood up and noticed the male and female whom he had seen in the corridor leave the area through the kitchen. He tried to follow these two individuals but due to the rush of the people in the corridor, he was unable to do so. GRIFFIN never noticed these three individuals conversing with one another in the corridor.

GRIFFIN added that he would be unable to identify any of these individuals except SIRHAN.

two (2) pages

INTERVIEW

INTERVIEWED: FREED, Evan Phillip 21 yrs. DATE/TIME 6-14-68 7:15 PM

RACE HAIR EYES HT WT DOB

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 9431 Cresta Dr., L.A. PHONE 870-5900

BUSINESS ADDRESS Cal. State L.A.--student & Evening Star News, Cul.City PHONE

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

Interviewed Mr. Freed at Police Bldg. above date and time. Mr. Freed stated that he is a free lance press photographer for the Evening Star News - Culver City, and was covering the activities at the Ambassador Hotel on Election Night. (6-4-68)

He arrived at the Ambassador Hotel at approx. 8:30 PM and was admitted to the fifth floor, where he spent most of the evening. Claims he took several photos of Senator Kennedy during the evening when the Sen. was walking about the fifth floor. However, he stated photos had not been developed at this time. Sometime later that evening he heard someone say that Sen. Kennedy was going down the elevator to the Embassy Room. Mr. Freed States he also went to the Embassy Room, but used spiral stairway instead of elevator, which was too crowded.

After hearing most of Senator Kennedy's speech from the Embassy Ballroom, Mr. Freed walked into the kitchen area and stood in the vicinity of the ice making machine. When Mr. Freed heard the applause and realized the speech was over, he looked down the corridor toward the back of the stage, and saw the Senator approaching. He entered the kitchen with very few aids in front of him (possibly only one.) At first he headed toward the freight elevator, but for some reason he turned and walked toward the stainless steel table in the kitchen area. Mr. Freed claims he stood in path of Sen. Kennedy while the Sen. was shaking hands with some of the kitchen personnel. When the Sen. got within three to five feet of Mr. Freed, and was shaking hands with one of the kitchen help, Mr. Freed heard a "pop noise" like a balloon. Freed turned to his left (direction of the noise) and then heard sounds like fire crackers going off. He instinctively looked up to see Sirhan Sirhan firing what appeared to be a 22 cal. pistol in the direction where Sen. Kennedy had been standing. However, he could not see the Sen., because suddenly there were numerous people running in different directions and as a result, he was forced against the east wall of the kitchen. However, immediately after the shots were fired, Mr. Freed claims he saw Walter Johnson and someone else (thinks it was Bill Bundy) struggling with Sirhan.

A few seconds after being pinned against the east wall of kitchen, Mr. Freed stated he saw three people running in his direction. One was a woman, the other two were men. The woman ran out the door to his right and a man wearing a bright blue sports coat ran out the door to his left. The third man was yelling "Get it". He ran out, apparently chasing the man in the blue coat. According to Mr. Freed was a "Kennedy Advocate". The man being pursued as a male cauc., 24 hrs., 6-1, 150/160

continued

INTERVIEW MAKING INTERVIEW:

APPROVED BY:

D.C.

dark hair, med. length, dark complexion. No description of the woman except
she is female cauc., possibly wearing a polka dot dress.

Sketch of the kitchen as sketched by Mr. Freed is attached to this report.

There seems to be some credibility to Mr. Freed's story. However, it is believed
that Mr. Freed tends to be a name dropper, using names such as Thomas Braden,
Bill Bundy, Frank Mankowits and Dick Drew as being personal associates of his.

DATE AND TIME OCCURRED: September 6, 1968 to September 20, 1968
DIVISION OF OCCURRENCE: S.U.S. Homicide
DATE AND TIME REPORTED: September 20, 1968

TO: Lieutenant M. S. Pena, Supervisor, S.U.S. Unit

SUSPECT: SIRHAN B. SIRHAN, LA# 901 375S

This report covers the investigation made from September 6, 1968 to September 20, 1968 inclusive, and pertains only to the Medical Background and the Conspiracy potentials of the case.

John Fahey Conspiracy Potential

Allegation: On June 4, 1968, John Fahey was employed as a salesman for "Cal Tek Industries," 1833 North Eastern Avenue, Los Angeles.

On June 6, 1968, Fahey was interviewed by agents of the F.B.I. and he related to them a story about a foreign-looking woman that he allegedly met at the Ambassador Hotel on the morning of June 4, 1968. Fahey's story contained many strong inferences and allegations concerning a possible conspiracy to assassinate Senator Kennedy. Fahey's statements indicated that Sirhan Sirhan, Munir Sirhan, the woman he had met, plus other unknown people were involved in this conspiracy.

Subsequent to the interview of June 6, Fahey was interviewed by investigating officers from SUS. Upon completion of the second interview, it was noted that Fahey's statements were inconsistent with each other and that there were a number of discrepancies in his stories.

Investigators determined that Fahey's allegations demanded additional investigation.

On September 5, 1968, Fahey was informed that due to the many discrepancies in his statements, a Polygraph Examination would be necessary in order to attempt to verify that his statements were truthful.

Fahey was asked if he would agree to take a Polygraph Test but he stated that he had already been given a Lie Detector Test by Mr. Chris Gugas, a private Polygraph Examiner. He stated that Fernando Faura had taken him to Mr. Gugas for the examination, and that the results had proven that he was telling the truth.

Fahey was again asked if he would submit to the Polygraph Examination and he consented.

Prior to the instrumental testing, Mr. Fahey was informed of the functions of the instruments and the procedures that would be followed during the course of the examination. He was given an opportunity to ask questions during any phase of the test. The questions that were to be asked were reviewed with Fahey before any instrumental testing began.

Conclusion: During the course of the examination, physiological tracings at points where crucial key questions were asked, strongly indicate that Mr. Fahey was not being completely truthful.

Two Peak of Tension tests were administered and, in addition, two General Series tests were administered. Each of these examinations contained a series of questions relative to the major key issues.

It is this examiner's opinion that Mr. Fahey's answers with respect to the following questions are clearly indicative of deception and that his answers were untruthful.

(Q) Is there anything concerning the story you have told the FBI that you honestly know is not true?

(A) "No."

(Q) Since Senator Kennedy was assassinated, have you lied to any police officer?

(A) "No."

(Q) Have you ever seen Sirhan Sirhan in person?

(A) "Yes."

(Q) Did you lie to the FBI about what happened on June 4, 1968?

(A) "No."

(Q) Other than pictures of Sirhan, have you ever seen him in person?

(A) "Yes."

(Q) Did any woman tell you of a plan to assassinate Senator Kennedy on June 4, 1968?

(A) "Yes."

(Note: Fahey answered truthfully when asked the following relevant questions:
(1) Do you honestly believe that you have ever seen Sirhan Sirhan in person?
Ans: "No." (2) Do you honestly believe that you have ever seen Munir Sirhan in person? Ans: "No.")

Upon conclusion of the Polygraph Examination, Fahey was informed that his responses to certain questions indicate that he was deliberately attempting to deceive the examiner. He was told that he could not honestly say he had ever seen Sirhan Sirhan or Munir Sirhan in person.

Further, Fahey was advised that his answer to questions concerning being told of a plan to assassinate Senator Kennedy clearly showed that he was also being untruthful in this respect.

Mr. Fahey claimed that he had never told anyone that he had actually seen Sirhan or Munir in person. He claimed that he told the FBI that the men he had seen at the Ambassador Hotel on the morning of June 4, 1968, had a strong resemblance to the photographs which were shown to him.

Examiner informed Fahey that regardless of who he thought the people at the Ambassador looked like, he knew that they were not Sirhan or Munir and should have told the FBI at the time. Fahey answered, "Yes, sir, you're right."

Fahey was asked if he was deliberately trying to mislead the authorities, he answered, "No."

Results: Mr. Fahey was told that his previous statements would have to be changed and corrected with the truth. He was told that he would be given the opportunity to correct his statements himself, or that the examiner would correct his prior statements by furnishing a report on the findings and conclusions of the Polygraph Examination.

Fahey requested to return on Monday, September 9, 1968, for the purpose of going over all his previous statements and correcting those areas which were wrong.

Fahey's complete statements at the time of the Polygraph Examination on September 5, 1968, are contained in tape #29593 and are in file at SUS.

During the preliminary phase of this interrogation, Fahey continued to be untruthful with investigators and was being evasive in his manner of answering questions which were being asked. Ultimately, however, Fahey did admit that he had been misled by Fernando Faura and others, and he stated that he had not been completely truthful in his first reports to the FBI and the Los Angeles Police Department. He stated that he knew that many portions of his previous statements were not truthful.

Fahey explained that in his mind, he had been "romanticized" by Fernando Faura. He stated that he knew he had never seen Sirhan Sirhan or Munir Sirhan in person. He explained that when he was shown the photographs by the FBI, he knew then that he had never seen the persons depicted in the photographs. Fahey stated that at that time he told the FBI that the persons looked very much like Sirhan and Munir Sirhan, but he did so knowing that the persons he saw at the Ambassador Hotel on the morning of June 4, 1968, were not the Sirhan brothers.

... as a subject of fact, not a fiction. His association with the unknown woman that had him as a subject was in any way connected with the assassination of Senator Kennedy. He indicated that at the time he was first interviewed, he could have erroneously misled the FBI because at the time he was excited and had a fear inside him due to the events that took place. He said that when the girl made statements to him reflecting her bad taste towards Senator Kennedy, it was ordinary political conversation and that there was really nothing that she said that would lead any reasonable person to form a belief that she was connected with Kennedy's assassination.

He stated that he did go riding with the girl in his car and that when he stopped along side the highway, a blue Volkswagon pulled behind his car but the driver said nothing to him or did anything to him in a threatening manner. He described the female that was with him on that day as a "nutty" person that could have been a Hippie. When asked if there was anything that happened to him on June 4, 1968, that in his mind might have even the slightest connection with the assassination of Senator Kennedy, Fahey answered, "No sir, nothing happened."

He said that when he first went to see Fernando Faura he explained the story about being with a lady. He related that Faura took him to the San Fernando Police station and that he was actually lead to believe that Faura was part of the police department. Faura interrogated him at great length and Fahey stated that as a result of these interrogations and statements made to him by Faura, he was lead to believe that the girl that he had been with was the polka dot dress girl, and was the girl the police were looking for. He said that he became excited and became afraid and appalled about the situation.

Faura, at a later date, again took him back to the San Fernando Police station and introduced him to a Lt. Stein. Stein and Faura used an Identikit and put together a description of the girl. They then took the composite to a Hippie artist who drew the girl in color. Later, snap shots were made of this girl and Fahey states that Faura has been showing these snap shots to different witnesses ever since. Fahey also related that he was taken to a hypnotist by the name of Dr. LaScola, who was supposed to have hypnotized him.

He stated that Faura also told him that a Maitre'De by the name of DiPierro had identified the snap shot of the girl as being the polka dot girl. Fahey stated that all these different transactions continued to strengthen his belief that he actually met the girl in the polka dot dress. He said that towards the end, Faura kept saying to him that the girl he had been with was the polka dot girl and kept telling him that additional witnesses had identified her picture. Fahey further stated that Faura had also taken him to a private polygraph examiner by the name of Chris Gugas, who had given him a polygraph test. Upon the completion of the test, Mr. Gugas told Fahey that he was telling the truth. The following Sunday, Faura called Fahey at home and informed him that he had passed the polygraph test like a champion.

Fahey was asked by investigating officers whether he had answered all the questions truthfully. He said there were two questions he remembered lying about. 1. When he was asked if he had told the truth to the FBI, and

answered "Yes." 2. When he was asked did you tell the truth to the Los Angeles Police Department, and answered, "Yes." He realized that he was not telling the truth but that he hadn't told the truth because he was being romanticized.

He said that certain portions of all the statements he had made in the past three months were true and that other portions of his story had been elaborated upon because he had been led to elaborate upon them by other people such as Fernando Faura, the hypnotist, and the polygraph examiner. He said that his story had been built up to the point that there were many fabrications and elaborations on the original basic truthful story about him being with a woman on June 4, 1968. Further, that there was nothing, no foundation of truthfulness, as far as the woman being connected with the assassination of Senator Kennedy. Upon completion of this interview, Fahey showed great concern regarding a future contact by Mr. Fernando Faura. He was advised that if he was bothered or harassed in the future, he should contact investigating officers. See tape #29588 for complete details of this interview.

Follow-Up Investigation - John Fahey Conspiracy Potential:

WOO, Paul

7965 San Fernando Road, Sun Valley, Calif.
Business phone: 875-1310

Investigating officers interviewed Paul Woo at his place of business, "Ken Aire Inc.," 7965 San Fernando Road, Sun Valley, on September 16, 1968 at 10 A.M. Mr. Woo is the purchasing agent for his company and stated that he recalled meeting John Fahey on at least two and possibly three occasions.

Woo states that on April 16, 1968, he met John Fahey, who introduced himself as a salesman for "Cal-Tek Industries" at 1833 North Eastern Avenue, Los Angeles, California.

Woo recalls purchasing some chemicals from Fahey on April 16 and remembers that on April 18, Fahey returned to his office. Woo recalls that he introduced Fahey to someone from the store's department of his company who purchased some rust preventatives and other miscellaneous merchandise from Fahey on that day.

Woo states that the last time he remembers seeing John Fahey was on or about May 15, 1968. He recalls that when he looked up from his desk, he observed Fahey standing in the doorway leading into his office.

Fahey had come to the office with another man whom Fahey introduced to Woo as Fernando Faura, a stocky man wearing a gray jacket and glasses. Fahey told Woo that his friend wanted to write a story on the "China Airlines" and Woo stated that he became curious about why Faura wanted to write this story, and he asked Faura who he worked for.

He recalls asking for Faura's credentials and that Faura produced an identification card with the words "Police Press" written on it.

Woo informed Faura that he knew nothing concerning the China Airlines and shortly thereafter Fahey and Faura left together.

Mr. Woo was told that John Fahey had submitted a report to his employer alleging that Fahey had been to Woo's place of business on June 4, 1968 and seen him. Woo replied that he definitely recalled that his last meeting with Fernando Faura and Fahey took place on or about May 15, 1968. He stated that he was positive that the meeting was on or before May 15, and that he is certain it could not have been during the month of June, 1968.

Follow-Up Investigation - John Fahey Conspiracy Potential:

RICKETTS, Jo

205 South Golden Wall, Burbank
Phone: 845-7891

Investigating officers interviewed Mrs. Jo Ricketts at her place of employment at the Burbank Hotel, 205 South Golden Wall, Burbank, California.

This interview is in regards to the John Fahey conspiracy. Fahey alleged to have gone to the hotel on June 4, 1968 between the hours of 11:45 A.M. and 12:10 P.M. He later changed his statement, saying he had not been there on that date at all.

Mrs. Ricketts is the manager of the Burbank Hotel and also resides at that location. She recalls that Fahey was at the hotel on June 4, 1968 around noon time. She was quite busy at the time and told Fahey to come back some other time. He asked if he could return the next day, that being a Wednesday. Ricketts declined, stating she had Wednesdays off. Fahey did return at a later date with a second representative, but Ricketts did not purchase any merchandise.

Ricketts was asked why she recalls the June 4, 1968 so well. She related that her birthday is on June 3, and the assassination was on June 5, 1968. Due to these important dates, she recalled numerous incidents that occurred to her in that three-day period.

Medical Background - Sirhan Sirhan

NELSON, Richard M.D.

760 South Washburn, #7
Phone: RE 7-1961

Dr. Nelson was the doctor in attendance at the emergency room of the Corona Community Hospital on September 25, 1966. He recalls that on that day, Sirhan Sirhan was brought to the hospital by an ambulance from the Burt Altfillisch Ranch in Norco, California. He states that Sirhan had suffered a fall from a horse and was brought to the hospital for treatment.

Dr. Nelson describes Sirhan Sirhan's condition at the time that he first observed him as being non-critical. He remembers that Sirhan's clothing and face was covered with dirt and that both his eyes had dirt and sand ground into them. He recalls that Sirhan's primary complaint was about his inability to see due to the foreign matter in his eyes. Dr. Nelson's preliminary examination disclosed that there were no broken bones, that there was a cut on the upper eye lid and that other than the eyes, Sirhan's general, overall condition was good. Dr. Nelson cleaned both eyes and washed them repeatedly until they were cleaned of the foreign matter.

EXHIBIT "R"

FILE # 1-622

One (1) page

INTERVIEWS

SUPPL INTERVIEW

PERSON INTERVIEWED:

FAHEY, John

DATE/TIME 9-19-68 5:55pm

X

RACE

HAIR

EYES

HT

WT

DOB

RESIDENCE ADDRESS

PHONE

BUSINESS ADDRESS

PHONE

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

TAPE INTERVIEW #29285

Subject was interviewed by Sgt. Alexander. Subject again relates the incident of him picking up a young woman at Ambassador Hotel on 6-4-68.

Subject also informs Sgt. Alexander about the fact that Fernando Faura is constantly calling and verbally harrassing him about his changing his story. Faura also went to subject's place of business and threatened subject for telling him a phony story.

Sgt. Alexander informed subject regarding his right to make a 415 P.C. complaint and if Faura persists to make a citizen arrest for 415 P.C.

EXHIBIT "I"

FILE #

Three (3) pages

INTERVIEWS

DATE/TIME 8-14-68

PERSON INTERVIEWED: Albert V. Ellis

SEX M RACE Cauc HAIR brn EYES blue HT 5-9 WT 125 DOB 4-23-30

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 509 Pearl St: Redonda Beach

PHONE 372-9638

BUSINESS ADDRESS 18901 S. Western: Gardena

PHONE 321-5100

INFORMATION: (WHO, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, WHY & HOW)

Mr. Ellis went to the hotel by himself. He arrived there at approximately 9PM and joined his friend John Shamel, the convention manager for the Ambassador Hotel. At the time Mr. Ellis and Mr. Shamel were roommates but have since parted.

Mr. Ellis states he was in and out of the Embassy Room most of the evening. At the time of the speech he was standing with Mr. Shamel about 20' back from the right side of the stage. After the speech he and Mr. Shamel walked towards the main doors of the Embassy Room. Mr. Ellis stated that he and Shamel were standing about 2' outside these doors when he heard a lot of screaming in the crowd that Kennedy was shot. At about this same time he heard a female voice to his rear say, "We shot him". Ellis states he glanced back momentarily to see who made the statement and he only recalls that it was a female. He cannot give any description whatsoever. Mr. Ellis stated that at the time of the statement Mr. Shamel was still standing next to him. Just a few moments later Mr. Uno, the door man, ran over and told Mr. Shamel to call a doctor. Mr. Shamel then left to go downstairs to the switchboard.

During this interview Mr. Ellis stated he mentioned the statement "we shot him" to Shamel a little later in the evening. Ellis states that several other people in the lobby outside the Embassy Room were discussing the phrase "we shot him". Ellis states that the F.B.I. interviewed him about a week ~~later~~ later at which time he mentioned the "we shot him" to the agent. Ellis was shown a photo of ~~William B. Sullivan~~ William B. Sullivan and he stated that he saw someone that "looked like him" but that he could not positively ID that person as Sullivan.

Subsequent telephonic interview was made with Mr. Ellis on 8-21-68. Prior to this an interview was conducted with Mr. John Shamel. Also, the F.B.I. interviews were checked. The F.B.I. reports show that Mr. Ellis was interviewed by J. A. Pickard on 6-14-68. In this report Mr. Ellis was reported to state that he heard the "we shot him" remark as he was walking back towards the stage in the Embassy Room. Mr. Ellis states that this is incorrect and that what he told the FBI was the true version. The F.B.I. report also states that Ellis was shown a photo of Sullivan and that Mr. Ellis made a positive identification at this time. Ellis states that this is also incorrect and that he was never shown a photo of Sullivan.

In an interview with Shamel he states that he was standing with Ellis outside the hotel at the time of the "we shot him" remark. Shamel also stated that he did not recall the "we shot him" remark.

Ellis stated that he did not recall the "we shot him" remark with Shamel. He also stated that he did not indicate to him that he had seen someone that looked like Sullivan.

Ellis stated that he did not recall the "we shot him" remark with Shamel. He also stated that he did not indicate to him that he had seen someone that looked like Sullivan.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 6/20/68

Mr. ALBERT VICTOR ELLIS, 842 South Berendo, Los Angeles, California, telephone 386-8322, was interviewed at the Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles, California, and he furnished the following information:

He was born April 23, 1939 at Cortland, New York. His Social Security Number is [REDACTED]. He is employed by R. A. Watt, Incorporated, Gardena, California.

He is a roommate of JOHN SHAMEL, the Convention Manager for the Ambassador Hotel.

On June 4, 1968, he was in the Embassy Room of the hotel with SHAMEL. He was also at various other locations with SHAMEL in the hotel on June 4, 1968.

He and SHAMEL were together in the Embassy Room when Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY completed his victory speech and he observed Senator KENNEDY leaving the platform and going out of the Embassy Room through the door to the rear of the platform. When Senator KENNEDY left the platform, he and SHAMEL walked out of the Embassy Room through the front doors of the Embassy Room, towards the lobby and as they were exiting the room, Mr. UNO TIMANSON, one of the Vice Presidents of the hotel, came running out and told SHAMEL to call a doctor.

SHAMEL departed to call a doctor and he, ELLIS, returned to the Embassy Room to the platform area. As he got to the platform area, he observed a lady being carried into the Embassy Room and noticed she had a head wound.

When he was returning to the platform area in the Embassy Room, he believes he heard a female voice state "We shot him". He assumed at the time this person meant we the people were the cause of the Senator being shot and therefore, "We shot him." ELLIS advised he did not see this individual, but only heard the voice and could not recall any unusual tone to the voice.

On 6/14/68 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 56-156

by SA ROBERT F. PICKARD/mmc

- 364 -

Date dictated 6/17/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Contact:
Richard Rocha - 388-1434

For Immediate Release
September 1, 1971

STATEMENT OF FERNANDO FAURA

Some of the information which you have in your press kits, and other information which we are going to discuss in this press conference, are considered secret by the FBI, Justice Department and the Los Angeles Police Department. As Mr. Ellsberg, I cannot subscribe to this secrecy when it injures the public interest, so I have chosen to speak up at this time. Using the documents to be discussed here, and others in my possession, this morning my attorney, Mr. Richard Rocha, filed a lawsuit against the Los Angeles Police Department, Mayor Sam Yorty, the office of the District Attorney and Attorney General's office of the State of California, for full disclosure of the Robert F. Kennedy assassination records. The details of that lawsuit can best be understood by reading the actual papers filed. You have copies of those papers. Primarily, and to simplify, we charge the following:

1. That the Los Angeles Police Department illegally confiscated from me a tape recording which we consider of value and of historical interest. That tape contains the declarations of John Fahey, a local salesman, who spent the day of June 4th, 1968, with the mysterious girl in the polka dot dress. This mystery woman told him that "They are going to take care of Mr. Kennedy at the winning reception." That story, as told to the FBI, is in one of the FBI documents in your press kit (Exhibit A).

The police claimed that Mr. Fahey failed a polygraph test given to him by them. Unfortunately for them, under Life Magazine sponsorship, I had had the witness polygraphed by one of the top polygraph experts in the country prior to them doing so. This polygraph showed that the man was being truthful.

2. We charge that the police deliberately swept under the rug the testimony of six witnesses - their statements are in your press kits - and others which, without doubt, confirm the existence of the girl in the polka dot dress. The girl in the polka dot dress was not a figment of the imagination of Sandra Serrano. In fact, Vincent DiPierro, a very credible witness, identified a portrait of the girl who had invited John Fahey to witness unknown persons "take care of Mr. Kennedy at the winning reception" as the girl in the polka dot dress, whom he observed in the kitchen smiling at Sirhan seconds before the assassin shot Senator Kennedy.

3. We also charge that the record strongly suggests that the FBI or the LAPD, and possibly both, deliberately lied or fabricated information which was later introduced into the record. We can clarify this during your question period.

4. We further charge that numerous records which pointed to a conspiracy have been suppressed by both agencies and that police assurances that this was a thorough and complete investigation in which no stone was left unturned or lead unfollowed, is little more than a public relations job and contradictory to the facts.

There are sufficient FBI and police documents in my possession, and in the possession of others, which clearly show that there has been an infamous fraud perpetrated against the people of the United States by these investigating agencies. Mr. Rocha and I shall insist on an early date in court so that a free press can witness the pushing back of the secrecy curtain imposed on us by those agencies and, using their own records, unmasking of the fraudulent practices of the LAPD and the FBI.

2
LA 56-156

He left the Embassy Room shortly after hearing this individual and he went out into the lobby of the hotel where numerous people were milling around and talking about the shooting. He heard several other people in the audience state something to the effect "We shot him," and from the other conversations he was able to determine that they meant that the people were the cause of Senator KENNEDY being shot and it was in this context that they said, "We shot him."

ELLIS stated that while he was touring the hotel with SHAMEL during the evening of June 4, 1968, he noticed that there were quite a few shoddily dressed individuals in the hotel.

On June 5, 1968, he saw SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN's photograph in the newspaper, and he immediately recalled having seen SIRHAN in the Embassy Room at approximately 10:00 p.m. on June 4, 1968. He was unable to describe the clothing that SIRHAN had on at the time, but only recalls he did not fit in with other individuals in the room. He believes SIRHAN had on some sort of dungarees and a jacket. At the time he observed SIRHAN, SIRHAN was standing alone. He did not notice anyone else in SIRHAN's company.

He was shown a photograph of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN, and he advised that SIRHAN is the individual he observed in the Embassy Room at approximately 10:00 p.m. on June 4, 1968.

ELLIS stated he does not recall having seen any woman in a polka dot dress or wearing a piece of clothing with a polka dot design at the Ambassador Hotel on June 4 or 5, 1968.

honestly say he had ever seen Sirhan Sirhan or Munir Sirhan in person.

Further, Fahey was advised that his answer to questions concerning being told of a plan to assassinate Senator Kennedy clearly showed that he was also being untruthful in this respect.

Mr. Fahey claimed that he had never told anyone that he had actually seen Sirhan or Munir in person. He claimed that he told the FBI that the men he had seen at the Ambassador Hotel on the morning of June 4, 1968, had a strong resemblance to the photographs which were shown to him.

Examiner informed Fahey that regardless of who he thought the people at the Ambassador looked like, he knew that they were not Sirhan or Munir and should have told the FBI at the time. Fahey answered, "Yes, sir, you're right."

Fahey was asked if he was deliberately trying to mislead the authorities, he answered, "No".

Mr. Fahey was told that his previous statements would have to be changed and corrected with the truth. He was told that he would be given the opportunity to correct his statements himself, or that the examiner would correct his prior statements by furnishing a report on the findings and conclusions of the polygraph examination.

Fahey requested to return on Monday, September 9, 1968, for the purpose of going over all his previous statements and correcting those areas which were wrong.

Fahey's complete statements at the time of the polygraph examination on September 5, 1968 are contained in tape #29593 and in file at S.U.S.

On Monday, June 9, 1968 at 2 PM Lieutenant Hernandez and Sergeant Alexander interviewed Mr. Ray Smith at his place of business, 1833 N. Eastern Avenue. (Cal-Tek Industries). Mr. Smith was John Fahey's employer on 6-4-68. It was learned that John Fahey was a salesman for Mr. Smith and was working in that capacity on 6-4-68. Investigating officer obtained four Accomplishment Sheets dated June 3, 4, 5, and 6, 1968. These statements were submitted by John Fahey to Mr. Smith and are the work record of business calls Fahey claimed to have been made on the above dates.

The following information is contained on the accomplishment sheet dated June 4, 1968, which was signed and turned in by John Fahey. This accomplishment sheet lists a record of calls claimed to have been made by Fahey on that day.

<u>TIME</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>PERSON CONTACTED</u>
0:30 AM to 9 AM	UCLA Medical Center 680 Buenos Ayres, LA	Mrs. Bryden

9:25 AM to 9:45 AM	Plane Service 7240 Haven Hurst, Van Nuys	Joe Cottle
10:05 AM to 10:30 AM	Skyways Inc. (coffee shop) 16700 Roscoe Blvd, Van Nuys	John Van Horn
10:55 AM to 11:30 AM	Ken Aire Inc. 7965 San Fernando Rd, Sun Valley	Paul Woo 875-1310
11:45 AM to 12:10 PM	Burbank Hotel 215 So. Golden Hall, Burbank	Manager 845-7271
1:30 PM to 1:50 PM	Jameson Mtg. Co. 15814 Strathorn, Van Nuys	E. Handy 787-1998
2:15 PM to 2:30 PM	Alumina Ferrite Corp 14742 Armita St, Van Nuys 20801 Reservoir, Chatsworth	Dick 982-2353

Entry after 2:30 PM "Was on the way to Rocket Dye Co. in Canoga Park, my car broke down, transmission and a flat tire." (Verbatim)

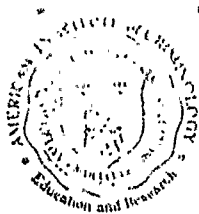
At approximately 6 PM on September 9, 1968 John Fahey arrived at room 803, S.U.S. and met with Investigating officers as pre-arranged.

Fahey was subsequently interrogated in room 318, Parker Center.

During the preliminary phase of this interrogation, Fahey continued to be untruthful with Investigators and was being evasive in his manner of answering questions which were being asked. Ultimately, however, Fahey did admit that he had been misled by Fernando Faura and others, and he stated that he had not been completely truthful in his first reports to the FBI and the Los Angeles Police Department. He stated that he knew that many portions of his previous statements were not truthful.

Fahey explained that in his mind he had been "romanticized" by Fernando Faura. He stated that he knew he had never seen Sirhan Sirhan or Munir Sirhan in person. He explained that when he was shown the photographs by the FBI, he knew then that he had never seen the persons depicted in those photographs. Fahey stated that at that time he told the FBI that the persons looked very much like Sirhan and Munir Sirhan, but he did so knowing that the persons he saw at the Ambassador Hotel on the morning of June 4, 1968 were not the Sirhan brothers.

Fahey related that as a matter of fact nothing had happened during his association with the unknown woman that lead him to believe that she was in any way connected with the assassination of Senator Kennedy. He indicated that at the time that he was first interviewed, he could have erroneously mislead the FBI because at the time he was excited and had a fear inside of him due to the events that took place. He said that when the girl made statements to him reflecting her bad taste towards Senator Kennedy it was ordinary political conversation and that there was really nothing that she said that would lead any reasonable person to form a belief that she was connected with Kennedy's assassination.



Three (3)

Professional Security Consultants

INVESTIGATIONS

SUITE 509 • 9301 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD • BEVERLY HILLS, CALIF. 90212 • PHONES: 222-6259 • 298-2667

September 20, 1968

Mr. Jordan Bonfante
Life Magazine, Inc.
9570 Wilshire Blvd.,
Beverly Hills, California

CONFIDENTIAL

Re JOHN H. FAHEY, JR
August 30, 1968

Dear Mr. Bonfante:

At your request, a polygraph examination was conducted on Mr. John Henry Fahey, Jr. The subject signed a release statement agreeing to take the examination voluntarily with promise of reward, threat, or immunity.

The examiner discussed the transcribed statements made at the San Fernando police department with the subject. All the critical or key questions were read and thoroughly discussed with Mr. Fahey prior to the examination. The following critical questions were asked the subject:

1. Is the information you have given the FBI and me regarding the Ambassador Hotel incident true in all respects?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
2. Did a woman tell you, "They're going to take care of Mr. Kennedy tonight?" Or words to that effect?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
3. Have you ever stolen anything of value? (Control Question)
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
4. Have you made up this story for personal gain?
The subject answered NO. No deception indicated.
5. Have you lied to Jordan or Fernando about this case?
The subject answered NO. No deception indicated.
6. Did you have dinner at TRANCAS restaurant with a woman on June 4th of this year as you stated?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
7. Have you told the whole truth about the Ambassador Hotel affair and the trip to Oxnard with a woman on June 4, 1968?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
8. Have you lied to me?
The subject answered No. No deception indicated.

Three examinations were given the subject on the first series of questions listed above. A coin test was given Mr. Fahey after his first examination in order to determine his responsiveness to a "lie question." He was asked to pick one coin from a group of coins of different denominations. He was then told to answer NO to all questions when asked if he took the penny, nickel, dime, quarter or half dollar. The first coin test indicated the subject was responsive to a "lie" when the examiner correctly picked out the NICKEL when the subject "lied" to that question.

SERIES TWO

Series number two was then prepared and discussed with Mr. Fahey. He said that he understood the questions and to get on with the test because he was tired and hungry. The following critical questions were asked the subject on two examinations:

1. Did you tell the LAPD and the FBI the truth about the Ambassador Hotel and the Oxnard incidents?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
2. Were you actually followed on June 4th, 1968 as you have said?
The subject answered YES. Reaction indicated here.
3. On June 4th did the woman say she didn't want you to get involved?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.
4. Did you believe your life was in danger on June 4, 1968?
The subject answered YES. Reaction indicated here.
5. Have you answered all of these questions truthfully?
The subject answered YES. No deception indicated.

After the second examination the subject complained that his arm was "sore" from the blood-pressure cuff. He also stated that the second test bothered him because of the arm discomfort. It was then decided that no further examinations be given because it was almost 10:00PM and the subject appeared very tired. He arrived for his examination about 6PM and was cooperative during the first and second series of examinations.

The subject was asked why he had reacted to questions two and four. He stated that he was disturbed thinking about what had happened. He would offer no other explanation other than to say that he was tired, hungry and that his arm bothered him. Since these two questions indicated a specific reaction, the examiner asked the subject if he would be willing to come back later for additional testing in order to clear up these two reactions. He stated that he would be more than willing because he wanted nothing to show against his statements. Because of the limited number of examinations on series two, the examiner will not make a definite determination on these two questions or the two charts because of the subject's condition.

In evaluating the first three charts containing question series number one, it is the examiner's opinion that the subject did not attempt deception to any of the critical questions asked.

A standard three channel Stoelting polygraph was utilized for the examinations. Blood pressure, pulse, respiration and the psychogalvanic responses were recorded.

The subject was an adequate subject, although somewhat tired after working all day on his job. He was generally alert and responsive to the examination. He was cooperative throughout the entire examination even when he complained about his arm and being hungry. It was decided to terminate the interview and examinations have him back at a later time when he could spend more time with the examiner so that other areas could be discussed and checked out with the polygraph.

Because of the limited time for this examination, not all of the critical information listed in the transcript was checked out. The items discussed with Mr. Fahey were essentially the same as he described in the transcript.

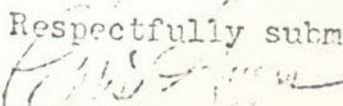
After the examination, Mr. Fahey was advised to cooperate fully with the police and FBI if he was called back to take a polygraph examination with those agencies. He replied that he would do so even though he felt that both agencies were not working as hard on the case as they should and that the girl was getting away because too much time was being lost by the police and FBI. Mr. Fahey stated quite emphatically that he wasn't sure that what he had told the examiner had anything to do with Mr. Kennedy's death but he had to pass on his information just in case it did have some bearing.

All attempts by the examiner to "trip up" the subject were fruitless because his story was virtually the same as in the transcript. He did state that he had further information about "the woman's" husband and what he had done in the Islands. Evidently, this was not transcribed or the subject didn't discuss it at the San Fernando Police station.

In evaluating the subject's story and in trying to knock holes in it, the examiner was unable to shake the subject's statements at this interview. There were some other areas which the examiner wanted to check further, but because of the lateness, it was decided to check these issues later when there was more time and the subject more responsive.

It is the examiner's opinion that the subject is sincere in his statements and that there is a need for continued investigation by your office and the police to obtain additional physical evidence to back up his statements.

Respectfully submitted,


CHRIS GUGAS, POLYGRAPH EXAMINER

F B I

Date: 9/17/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via Airtel _____
(Priority)

TO: SAC, Los Angeles

FROM: Director, FBI

KENSALT

Reurairtels 8/19/71 and 9/3/71.

Advise current status of grand jury proceedings referred to in your airtel of 8/19/71 and further, indicate what action is anticipated in connection with the suit filed by Fernando Faura as set forth in your communication of 9/3/71.

Review and summarize all pending civil or criminal actions in state or Federal courts relative to captioned matter.

-3086

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Date: 7/28/71

Transmit the following in _____
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(Priority)

To: SAC, Los Angeles

From: Director, FBI

KENSALT

ReSJlet 7/20/71.

Los Angeles should initiate appropriate inquiry in order to determine whether there is any basis in fact to the allegations made by Lila Hurtado.

Expedite and furnish results in form suitable for dissemination.

- 1- Chicago (Info)
- 1- San Juan (Info)

56-154-3087

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SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - LOS ANGELES	

Ho Richards

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FBI

Date: 9/22/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via A I R T E L REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
 SUBJECT: KENSALT

Re LA airtel to Bureau 8/24/71 and Bureau airtel to LA, 9/17/71.

Enclosed is one copy of a letter dated 8/24/71, from County of Los Angeles Grand Jury to Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors, regarding findings of County Grand Jury concerning handling of evidence in the SIRHAN case by the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY GRAND JURY

The findings of the Los Angeles County Grand Jury regarding the alleged mishandling of evidence in the SIRHAN case by the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office as set forth in the enclosed letter states:

The Los Angeles County Grand Jury finds the existence of probable misfeasance and non-feasance with respect to the management and operation of the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office. It is the feeling of this grand jury that such management, if allowed to continue, can only weaken the integrity and structure of County Government in general and decrease the efficiency and effectiveness of other county agencies who rely on the services of the County Clerk's Office.

2 - Bureau
 2 - Los Angeles

AOR/lme
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OFFICE COPY

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

LA 56-156

The transcript of the Los Angeles County Grand Jury was made public and a copy of this transcript was obtained and is being made a part of the Los Angeles file in the SIRHAN matter.

LAW SUIT BY FERNANDO FAURA

The civil index of the Los Angeles Superior Court as checked on 9/21/71, shows that the law suit brought by FAURA for disclosure of information was filed on 9/1/71, and was assigned number C10885.

The civil register of the Los Angeles Superior Court as checked on 9/21/71 records this suit was filed as reflected in the index, but has not as yet been put on calendar.

APPEAL OF CONVICTION OF SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

Deputy Attorney General of the State of California WILLIAM JAMES advised 9/21/71 that the automatic appeal of the SIRHAN conviction to the California Supreme Court had not as yet been put on calendar for oral argument.

JAMES advised the California Supreme Court would probably not hear this case until such time as the U.S. Supreme Court would hear the case of AIKEN vs California, which concerns the matter of cruel and unusual punishment of capital offenses. This case was scheduled to be heard in early October by the U.S. Supreme Court, but may be delayed due to the retirement of Justice HUGO BLACK.

CIVIL ACTION BY BERNARD FENSTERWALD, JR.

The Bureau is aware that in approximately March 1971 (Bureau tel to Los Angeles 3/11/71), BERNARD FENSTERWALD, JR. initiated a civil action in U.S. District Court (USDC), for the District of Columbia, requesting under the Freedom of Information Act, production of FBI reports in the SIRHAN matter.

LA 56-156

Affadavits were submitted by Agents of the Los Angeles FBI Office in connection with this matter.

Los Angeles is not aware of the status of this matter.

The Bureau will be kept advised of developments regarding the law suit filed by FAURA and the status of the appeal of SIRHAN.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 9/24/71

FROM : SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 9/21/71, Deputy Attorney General WILLIAM JAMES of the State Attorney General's Office at Los Angeles, advised that he had a copy of the appeal brief filed by the defense attorneys in connection with the conviction of SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN.

JAMES stated that this brief consisted of almost 800 pages in four volumes, and he would make these volumes available to this office for copying so that this office could have a copy of this brief. It is noted that the Bureau has requested that two copies be made of this material so that the Bureau may retain one copy and one copy may be forwarded to the Department of Justice.

It is noted that previously, JAMES furnished this office with a copy of the plaintiff's and respondent's brief to the appeal filed by the SIRHAN defense. The copy of the respondent's answer has been made a part of the SIRHAN file, and two copies have been made, which will be forwarded to the Bureau for the Bureau and the Department.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156)

DATE: 9/24/71

FROM : SA AMEDEE O. RICHARDS, JR.

SUBJECT: KENSALT

Attached is a copy of letter dated 8/24/71, from County of Los Angeles Grand Jury to the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles County.

This letter concerns the findings of the Los Angeles County Grand Jury into their inquiry of the alleged mishandling of evidence in the SIRHAN case by the Office of the Los Angeles County Clerk.

This letter was received from Deputy District Attorney RICHARD HECHT of the Los Angeles District Attorney's Office on 9/21/71.

Deputy District Attorney HECHT also provided a copy of the transcript of the Los Angeles County Grand Jury inquiring into the mishandling of evidence by the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office.

This transcript consisted of three volumes which are being made a part of the Los Angeles file on SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN.

*Forwarded to Bu
9/22/71
J*

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5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

CHRISTIAN W. PLANJE
FOREMAN PRO TEM

LEO D. EPSTEIN
FOREMAN

MRS. SUE K. YOUNG
SECRETARY

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

1971 GRAND JURY

548 HALL OF JUSTICE
LOS ANGELES, CALIF. 90012
629-2451

August 24, 1971

EDWARD S. ADLER
MRS. DIANE A. BAERWALD
MRS. HELEN D. BARNES
LOUIS L. COLEN
JOSEPH D. DARDARIAN
JAMES S. DWIGHT
LEO D. EPSTEIN
LOUIS A. ESHMAN, M.D.
JOHN E. HARGROVE
MRS. LETTIE BELLE LANGE
MRS. ESTHER S. LEWIN
MRS. ANNE C. LINGLE

MRS. MARIAN B. LEYD
MRS. MARIAN LOES
MRS. LYDIA LOPEZ
ALBERT M. NIBLO
HOLLIS M. PEAVEY
CHRISTIAN W. PLANJE
MRS. ELIZABETH J. SAETA
MRS. ALYCE M. SISSON
MRS. DORIS Y. S. TOM
MRS. WALTA J. WATSON
MRS. SUE K. YOUNG

The Honorable Board of Supervisors
Los Angeles County
Hall of Administration
500 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, California 90012

Gentlemen:

On August 16, 1971, the Los Angeles County Grand Jury commenced an investigation relating to the handling of the exhibits which were introduced both during the Grand Jury presentation on June 7, 1968, which resulted in the indictment of Mr. Sirhan, and during the course of the subsequent Sirhan trial. This current Grand Jury investigation took five days and over thirty-five witnesses were examined under oath. The Grand Jury desires to communicate its findings in this matter:

1. A court order was promulgated by Judge Arthur Alarcon on June 7, 1968. This order continued in effect until May 20, 1969, at which time Judge Herbert V. Walker issued a court order which stated, in substance, that the original exhibits in the Sirhan case were not to be viewed except upon order of the court. This restriction did not apply to attorneys of record. Judge Walker's court order was preceded by a conference in his chambers on May 16, 1969, which was recorded by a court reporter. Three representatives of the Clerk's Office including Mr. Peter J. Talmachoff, Chief of the Criminal Division, were present during this conference in order that the views of the two Superior Court judges would be clearly communicated and understood.

August 24, 1971

- During this conference, and based upon the testimony relating thereto, it is demonstrably clear that both Judge Charles Loring and Judge Herbert V. Walker also expected that the critical ballistics evidence in the Sirhan case was to be specially packaged to preserve its integrity. This conference occurred well after all of the exhibits had been introduced into evidence and had thus come into the care, custody and control of the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office.
2. The strict terms of the court order issued by Judge Walker on May 20, 1969, governing the public review of the original Sirhan exhibits have not been consistently observed by the Office of the County Clerk.
 3. The court's recommendation relating to the packaging of the ballistics evidence was totally ignored by the Office of the County Clerk despite the emphasis placed upon the fragility of such evidence during the course of the in-chambers conference.
 4. The existence of Judge Walker's court order and the dissemination of its contents were disregarded to a substantial extent: some of the original Sirhan exhibits, including, but not limited to the bullets fired from Sirhan's gun, were handled by unauthorized persons on numerous occasions.
 5. The handling of the original exhibits by unauthorized persons was accompanied by a general lack of adequate security precautions by the Clerk's Office personnel.
 6. The County Clerk, William Sharp, by testifying that the court order of May 20, 1969, did not come to his personal attention until June of 1971, has exhibited a failure of effective communication between him and his subordinates in connection with the duties and responsibilities of his office in a unique case of historical importance. Mr. Sharp's concern with minor details of reform while overlooking major responsibilities is culpable. The department, blaming all its deficiencies on crowded conditions, has largely failed to heed the warnings and recommendations of the 1968 Grand Jury and its Audit Report. These conditions do prevail, but they cannot be an excuse for mismanagement.

7. Peter Talmachoff, Chief of the Criminal Division of the County Clerk's Office, has exhibited a failure to inform, train and supervise subordinate personnel as to the existence, specific content, effect and importance of the court order of May 20, 1969, governing the security and handling of the original Sirhan exhibits.
8. The County Clerk's management and supervisory personnel also exhibited indifference in connection with the training of new exhibit custodians, insofar as specifically advising them of the existence, content, effect and importance of the court order of May 20, 1969.
9. The official records of the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office relating to the viewing of the evidence in the cases of the People v. Sirhan B. Sirhan and People v. Jack Kirschke are incomplete, inadequate, confusing and, in some instances, simply missing.
10. Numerous pages from two photostatic copies of one of Mr. Sirhan's notebooks are missing while under the care, custody and control of the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office. The two missing copies referred to were not the copies made by the Clerk's Office for the purpose of public inspection, but rather were documents which were actually used during the course of the proceedings in Judge Walker's court. Although additional copies of these documents were, pursuant to Judge Walker's court order, reproduced by the County Clerk's Office for public inspection, these additional copies, in their entirety, cannot presently be accounted for by representatives of the Clerk's Office.
11. Due to the startling inadequacy of the official record of transactions in the County Clerk's Office hereinbefore referred to, and the lack of substantial and appropriate administrative controls, there exists a present inability on the part of the Grand Jury to fully and accurately reconstruct the events which such records should precisely reflect, thus precluding, at this time, any criminal action relating to the possible theft of those documents which are now missing and which had come into the care, custody and control of the Clerk's Office.

12. The Grand Jury wishes to express emphatically concern over the apparent ease with which documents and other items under the custody of the Office of the County Clerk can be unlawfully taken. The theft of any document from a public office should be, in itself, a matter of importance. When such thefts occur in connection with a case of historic importance, and where such documents have presumably been stored for safekeeping with an agency of local government, which is an integral part of the criminal justice system, such thefts become matters of major concern.
13. Because the exhibits under the custody of the County Clerks' Office were handled, examined and photographed by unauthorized persons and mishandled by County Clerk exhibit personnel, there exists a reservation on the part of the 1971 Los Angeles County Grand Jury relating to the present integrity of the ballistics exhibits which were introduced into evidence both during the Grand Jury presentation on June 7, 1968, and during the subsequent trial of the defendant Sirhan B. Sirhan. Since this evidence is presently out of the jurisdiction of Los Angeles County, we are unable to substantiate these reservations.
14. Responsible and effective middle and upper management controls have not been consistently exhibited, exercised or demonstrated in connection with the care and handling of the Sirhan case evidence after such evidence came into the custody of the Los Angeles County Clerk. Although this Grand Jury investigation was confined to the Criminal Division of the County Clerk's Office, the performance of upper management dictates that attention should be turned to other divisions of that office.

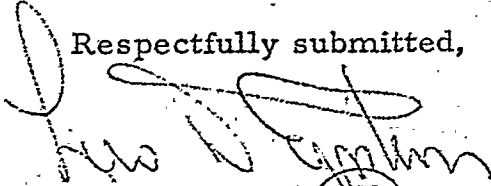
August 24, 1971

FINDINGS

THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY GRAND JURY FINDS THE EXISTENCE OF PROBABLE MISFEASANCE AND NON-FEASANCE WITH RESPECT TO THE MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE. IT IS THE FEELING OF THIS GRAND JURY THAT SUCH MANAGEMENT, IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE, CAN ONLY WEAKEN THE INTEGRITY AND STRUCTURE OF COUNTY GOVERNMENT IN GENERAL AND DECREASE THE EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS OF OTHER COUNTY AGENCIES WHO RELY ON THE SERVICES OF THE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.

In order to assist you in your evaluation of the problems we have referred to in this letter, we have requested the court to make the entire transcript of this hearing a matter of public record.

Respectfully submitted,


Leo D. Epstein, Foreman


Christian W. Planje,
Foreman Pro Tem

js

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-1560)

DATE: 10/13/71

FROM : SA PAUL F. TIERNEY

SUBJECT: KENSALT

On 10/12/71, Investigator MITCHELL, INS, Los Angeles, (688-2823) advised the writer as follows:

SAIDALLAH BISHARA SIRHAN, brother of SIRHAN SIRHAN, has requested of INS, Los Angeles, a certificate showing that he is an alien. SAIDALLAH advised INS, Los Angeles he needs the certificate in applying for a Jordanian Passport for travel to Jordan. However, he plans to return to the United States at some future time to apply for United States citizenship.

MITCHELL stated that at this time INS does not know when SAIDALLAH is departing, where he will reside or when he will return to the United States.

MITCHELL wanted to know if we interpose any objection to INS issuing the above certificate. After conferring with Supv. NOLAN, MITCHELL was advised we interpose no objection. He was requested to keep us advised of pertinent future developments in this matter coming to the attention of INS. He said he would do so.

It is recommended MITCHELL be contacted periodically for any additional information in this matter

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REPORT OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY

JOSEPH P. BUSCH

concerning allegations of improper procedures
by Los Angeles Police Department criminalist
DeWayne Wolfer in the Sirhan case

October 18, 1971

PREFACE

On April 17, 1969, Sirhan B. Sirhan was convicted of the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy. The conviction was the result of a six-month investigation which involved interviews of more than 1,000 persons and the efforts of more than seventy-five investigators. The trial itself lasted 17 weeks and fills 31 volumes with 9,063 pages of testimony.

BACKGROUND

Three years after the murder of Senator Kennedy on June 5, 1968, Los Angeles attorney Barbara Warner Blehr sent a letter to Muriel M. Morse, General Manager, Personnel Department, Los Angeles City Civil Service Commission. This letter, dated May 28, 1971, alleged that Los Angeles Police Department criminalist DeWayne Wolfer acted improperly in conducting ballistics tests and in testifying concerning evidence in the Sirhan case. Mrs. Blehr based her allegations on Mr. Wolfer's alleged violation of four basic criminalistic "precepts" in his conduct of

*Rec. 10/19/71
from J. P. Busch
LA DA's office
Re R. F. Kennedy
cong.*

ballistic examinations and in his testimony. The validity of these precepts -- not the validity of Mrs. Blehr's charges -- was attested to by three recognized criminalist experts.

On June 4, 1971, District Attorney Joseph P. Busch announced the initiation of an independent investigation into these charges. He stated, "Since this office was responsible for the prosecution of Sirhan B. Sirhan for the assassination of Senator Kennedy, it is incumbent upon us to conduct the investigation so that there will be no loss of confidence on the part of the public as to whether the facts presented in the courtroom were correct."

FINDINGS

The investigation by the District Attorney has concluded that the allegations of Barbara Warner Blehr concerning the procedures of DeWayne Wolfer in the Sirhan case are untrue. They appear to be the result of inadequate examination of the trial record and incomplete investigation of the actions of Mr. Wolfer during this case.

CONDUCT OF THE INVESTIGATION

To assure thorough examination of the charges leveled by Mrs. Blehr, the District Attorney's Office interviewed

DeWayne Wolfer, Mrs. Blehr, William Harper (whom she named as her chief criminalist source), the three criminalists cited in her letter to the Civil Service Commission, eye-witnesses to the shooting in the pantry of the Ambassador Hotel (who had been previously interviewed), and other persons who claimed special knowledge of the incident. Thousands of pages of trial transcript were reviewed. And, attention was directed to the exhibits -- namely, the bullets -- which were called into question by Mrs. Blehr's charges.

CONDITION OF THE EXHIBITS

When the District Attorney's Office turned its attention to the exhibits, it discovered that serious questions surrounded the handling of Sirhan trial exhibits by the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office.

These questions were sufficient to suspend further investigative activity pending a Grand Jury inquiry into the Clerk's handling of the exhibits. Among the most serious of these questions was the violation of a continuing Superior Court order setting forth the manner in which this evidence was to be handled.

In a letter to the Board of Supervisors dated August 24, 1971, the Grand Jury expressed serious concern about the operations of the County Clerk's Office and stated:

"Because the exhibits under the custody of the County Clerk's Office were handled, examined and photographed by unauthorized persons and mishandled by County Clerk exhibit personnel, there exists a reservation on the part of the 1971 Los Angeles County Grand Jury relating to the present integrity of the ballistics exhibits which were introduced into evidence both during the Grand Jury presentation on June 7, 1968, and during the subsequent trial of the defendant Sirhan B. Sirhan. Since this evidence is presently out of the jurisdiction of Los Angeles County, we are unable to substantiate these reservations."

Following the District Attorney's extensive investigation into the handling of the exhibits and the Grand Jury inquiry, the investigation into Mrs. Blehr's charges continued.

SUMMARY

The basic errors in the Blehr allegations stem from two related incidents:

(1) L.A.P.D. criminalist DeWayne Wolfer mislabeled the envelope which was received in court as People's Exhibit No. 55. The envelope contained three bullets test-fired by Mr. Wolfer from the gun taken from Sirhan B. Sirhan (Serial No. H53725). Mr. Wolfer mistakenly labeled the envelope with the serial number H18602. The latter is the serial number of an Iver-Johnson .22 calibre cadet model gun -- the same make and model as the weapon seized from Sirhan -- which Mr. Wolfer used for other Sirhan case tests on June 11, 1968, five days after he tested the Sirhan weapon.

On June 6, 1968, Mr. Wolfer recovered seven bullets which were test-fired into a water tank from the Sirhan gun (H53725). All seven bullets were compared with the bullet removed from the sixth cervical vertebra of Senator Kennedy. After making these comparisons, Mr. Wolfer positively identified the Sirhan gun as having fired the bullet removed from Senator Kennedy.

Four of the seven test bullets were introduced before the Grand Jury as Grand Jury Exhibit No. 5-B on June 7, 1968. Three of the remaining bullets remained under lock and key in the custody of Mr. Wolfer for comparison with bullets not yet recovered from other Sirhan victims. These were the three bullets which later made up Exhibit No. 55 at the trial in the mislabeled envelope.

(2) Mr. Wolfer conducted two series of ballistic tests. The first was conducted on June 6, 1968, with the gun seized from Sirhan B. Sirhan and the bullets from this test were used to identify the bullets removed from the victims of the crime. The second tests were conducted on June 11, 1968, and Mr. Wolfer used a weapon obtained from the Property Division of L.A.P.D. The use of this weapon (Serial No. H18602) was necessitated by the fact that Sirhan's weapon had been entered in evidence before the Grand Jury and a court order restricted its availability. The second tests were conducted to determine sound

characteristics and to verify muzzle distance by examining gun-powder patterns. This gun was destroyed in July 1969 in accordance with State law.

With the background of these two factors -- the mislabeling of the envelope and the instance of separate tests with separate guns for separate ballistic purposes -- Mrs. Blehr's charges may be examined.

(1) Mrs. Blehr alleges that Wolfer testified that Sirhan's gun (Serial No. H53725) fired bullets into three victims and the envelope of Court Exhibit No. 55 indicates that another gun (Serial No. H18602) fired the three bullets removed from the victims. She further alleges that he thus violated the fundamental firearm identification "precept" that "positive identification of an evidence bullet as having been fired from a particular gun and no other must be based on a comparison of the evidence bullet with a test bullet recovered from the same evidence gun and no other."

Our investigation reveals that the first allegation is the result of a mislabeled envelope and not the firing of another gun in the pantry of the Ambassador Hotel on June 5, 1968. Mr. Wolfer,

in fact, identified the bullets removed from three victims by comparing them with test bullets fired from Sirhan's gun.

(2) The second allegation concerned Mr. Wolfer's violation of firearm "precept" number two: "The most accurate and reliable determination of the approximate distance between the muzzle and victim (excluding contact) based on powder pattern distribution must be made with the actual evidence gun and no other. It is also important to use the same make and type of ammunition, preferably from the same batch or lot number. (When the evidence gun is not available, a similar gun may be used but the validity of the test is always more questionable.)"

In making muzzle distance tests -- because of the unavailability of the Sirhan gun -- Mr. Wolfer used a gun of the same make and model (Iver-Johnson .22 calibre cadet) with a relatively close serial number (indicating proximity in time of manufacture) and identical ammunition from the same batch, purchased at the same gun shop where Sirhan purchased his ammunition. In his testimony, Mr. Wolfer insisted on distance tolerances which take into account the fact that he did not have access to the Sirhan gun for the distance test.

Mr. Wolfer's testimony makes it clear that he did not violate "Precept 2" as alleged by Mrs. Blehr.

(3) The third "precept" which Mr. Wolfer allegedly violated states, "The land and groove dimensions (part of the rifling specifications) may be identical or nearly identical between different firearms manufacturers."

Mr. Wolfer's statement in court testimony that "different manufacturers have different rifling specifications" does not contradict the third "precept." He emphasized that his identification of the bullets was based on other more particular characteristics, namely that the imperfections in the barrel of any firearm "produces a series of thousands of scratch marks" on a bullet. And, he relied heavily on these particular characteristics in making his identification -- clearly, attentive to the third "precept" of firearms identification as cited by Mrs. Blehr and clearly refuting this charge.

(4) The final "precept" which Mr. Wolfer allegedly violated states: "Very similar copper coatings are used on many different makes of lead revolver bullets."

In his testimony, Mr. Wolfer did not rely solely on the characteristics of the alloy coating, but on other characteristics as well, to identify the bullets removed from the victims as Mini-Mag ammunition. However, laboratory tests of the alloy and its particular application to the bullets convinced him that it could only be Mini-Mag ammunition.

It should be noted that other evidence was introduced at the trial to prove that Sirhan B. Sirhan purchased such ammunition at the Lock, Stock & Barrel Gun Shop in San Gabriel on June 1, 1968, and that he was seen firing these bullets at the San Gabriel Valley Gun Club range on June 4, 1968.

(5) A subsequent charge by Mrs. Blehr that Mr. Wolfer falsely stated his academic qualifications concerning a course in anatomy have been disproved by an affidavit from the University of Southern California which indicates that the disputed anatomy course simply had a different number when Mr. Wolfer went to college than it does today in the catalogue referred to by Mrs. Blehr.

CONCLUSION

(1) The investigation of the allegations contained in the letter of Barbara Warner Blehr to the Los Angeles City Civil

Service Commission uncovered serious errors in the charges of Mrs. Blehr.

(2) Careful study of these errors and the facts in the situation refute the allegations brought by Mrs. Blehr against DeWayne Wolfer.

(3) The investigation uncovered a clerical error on the part of criminalist Wolfer.

(4) The investigation raised serious questions concerning the present integrity of the exhibits in the Sirhan case because of the handling of the evidence by unauthorized persons while it was in the custody of the Los Angeles County Clerk.

(5) No other relevant facts were uncovered by this investigation.

The evidence is now in the custody of the California Supreme Court in San Francisco. The case of The People of the State of California v. Sirhan Bishara Sirhan is now on appeal before the California Supreme Court with the California Attorney General representing the People and Luke McKissack and Godfrey Isaac for the defense.

Copies of this report will be sent to the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors, the Attorney General of California, Messrs. McKissack and Isaac, the Los Angeles Police Department.

A copy of the Grand Jury's letter concerning the present integrity of the exhibits will be forwarded to the Chief Justice of the California Supreme Court, which now has custody of the exhibits.

PERSONAL COMMENTS

During the past four months, I took the unusual action, as District Attorney, of completely reviewing the evidence of a murder which was committed three-and-a-half years ago before the eyes of many people. This step was taken because of the special nature of this event as a stifling public tragedy. A measure of its impact is the continuing and fruitless search by many citizens to find a more rational basis for this senseless act.

On April 17, 1969, twelve citizens sat in a jury box and found Sirhan Bishara Sirhan guilty of murder. At that time, I was personally convinced of the rightness of that verdict. Now, two-and-a-half years later, after having completely reviewed the evidence which has been amassed, I still am totally

convinced beyond any doubt that Sirhan Bishara Sirhan killed Senator Robert Kennedy.

The origins of that murder are somewhere in the head of the man whose case is now on appeal. I can only quote the words of Senator Robert Kennedy's brother, our slain president: "Life is unfair."

56-156-3093

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<i>Richard</i>	

STATEMENT
of

JOSEPH P. BUSCH
District Attorney, County of Los Angeles

CONCERNING ALLEGATIONS OF IMPROPER PROCEDURES
BY LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT CRIMINALIST
DE WAYNE WOLFER IN THE SIRHAN CASE

October 18, 1971

On May 28, 1971 -- almost three years after Senator Robert F. Kennedy was mortally wounded in the kitchen pantry at the Ambassador Hotel -- attorney Barbara Warner Blehr sent a letter to the City Civil Service Commission charging that Los Angeles Police Department criminalist DeWayne Wolfer improperly conducted ballistics tests in connection with the trial that led to the conviction of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan for the Senator's murder.

On June 4, 1971 -- after conferring with Police Chief Edward Davis -- I initiated an investigation into Mrs. Blehr's charges. I did so because I felt it incumbent on my office to conduct an independent investigation so there would be no loss of confidence on the part of the public as to whether the facts as presented in the courtroom were correct.

When I undertook this investigation, I felt we could complete our review of the charges against Mr. Wolfer in a few weeks. As you know, my time estimate was overly optimistic and twice we had to postpone making this report to the public.

Rec. 10/19/71
from Janet Ward
LA DA's office
by R. J. Jones
10/19

Basically, the additional time required to complete the investigation was necessitated by our discovery that the integrity of the trial exhibits had not been properly protected by the County Clerk's Office.

We presented evidence of the distressingly lax handling of the trial exhibits to the County Grand Jury, and on August 25, 1971, the Grand Jury sent a letter to the Board of Supervisors sharply criticizing the County Clerk's Office for allowing violations of a continuing Superior Court order which set forth the manner in which the exhibits were to be protected.

We then resumed our investigation into the allegations made in the Blehr letter, and we have reached the conclusion that the charges made against Mr. Wolfer are untrue. Our findings show he did not violate proper ballistics procedures in the Sirhan trial.

The investigation revealed only that Mr. Wolfer made a clerical error in labeling the trial exhibit envelope containing three bullets test-fired by him from the gun wrenched out of Sirhan's hand at the assassination scene.

The mislabeled envelope in no way detracts from the salient reality that the murder verdict returned was just and correct. It should be pointed out that the conviction

of Sirhan was the result of a massive six-month investigation which involved interviews of more than a thousand persons and the efforts of more than 75 investigators. The trial itself lasted 17 weeks and filled 31 volumes with 9,063 pages of testimony.

I would like to make some personal comments at this point. During the past four months, I took the unusual action of completely reviewing the evidence of a murder which was committed three-and-a-half years ago before the eyes of many people. I took this step as District Attorney because of the special nature of this event as a stifling public tragedy. A measure of its impact is the continuing and fruitless search by many persons to find a more rational basis for this senseless act.

On April 17, 1969, twelve citizens sat in a jury box and found Sirhan Bishara Sirhan guilty of murder. At that time I was personally convinced of the rightness of that verdict. Now, two-and-a-half years later, I still am totally convinced beyond any doubt that Sirhan Bishara Sirhan killed Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

-oOo-

F B I

Date: 10/19/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via A I R T E L _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-587)
FROM: *WJS* SAC, LOS ANGELES (56-156) (P)
SUBJECT: KENSALT

RE ALLEGATIONS REGARDING ERROR IN
BALLISTIC TESTS IN SIRHAN CASE

Re LA airtel to Bureau 7/29/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau is a statement of JOSEPH P. BUSCH, District Attorney, County Los Angeles, concerning allegations of improper procedures by Los Angeles PD (LAPD) Criminalist DEWAYNE WOLFER in the SIRHAN case, dated 10/18/71.

Also enclosed for the Bureau is a report of District Attorney BUSCH concerning allegations of improper procedures by LAPD Criminalist DEWAYNE WOLFER in the SIRHAN case, dated 10/18/71.

Above information appeared in Los Angeles press 10/18/71. This concludes this aspect of investigation by the District Attorney's Office in the SIRHAN case.

2 - Bureau — (P)
② - Los Angeles

AOR/lme
(4) *[Signature]*

[Signature]
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56-156-3094

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

October 26, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

SIRHAN BISHARA SIRHAN

On October 12, 1971, information was received from the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) at Los Angeles, that Saidallah Bishara Sirhan, brother of Sirhan Bishara Sirhan, had requested INS at Los Angeles, to issue a certificate showing that he is an alien.

Saidallah Sirhan advised INS that he needs the certificates in applying for a Jordanian passport for travel to Jordan, however, he plans to return to the United States at some future time to apply for United States citizenship.

INS did not have information as to when Saidallah Sirhan is departing from the United States, where he will reside in Jordan or when he will return to the United States.

INS indicated that they were planning to issue the above certificate.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

File Stripped
Initials
Date 9-6-92

per ER

56-156-3095

7 - Bureau
2 - Los Angeles

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